

	INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF CHILD SERVICES CHILD WELFARE POLICY	
	Tool Name: 6.B - Tool: Statutory Definition of CHINS	Effective Date: July 1, 2017
	Reference : Chapter 6	Version: 5

The State of Indiana defines a child in need of services (CHINS) as a child prior to his or her 18th birthday who is experiencing one or more of the conditions outlined below **AND** the situation is unlikely to be remedied without the coercive intervention of the court.

CHINS 1: Neglect

The child's physical or mental condition is seriously impaired or seriously endangered as a result of the parent/guardian/custodian being unable, refusing, or neglecting to supply the child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, medical care, education, or supervision.

CHINS 2: Abuse

- a. The child's physical or mental condition is seriously impaired or seriously endangered due to an injury as a result of the parent/guardian/custodian's act or omission, or
- b. Evidence that illegal manufacture of a drug or controlled substance is occurring on property where a child resides creates a rebuttable presumption that the child's physical or mental health is seriously endangered.

Note: According to [IC 31-34-12.4](#), a rebuttable presumption is raised that the child is a CHINS because of an act or omission of the child's parent/guardian/custodian if the state introduces competent evidence of probative value that:

- (1) the child has been injured,
- (2) at the time the child was injured, the parent/guardian/custodian:
 - (A) had the care, custody or control of the child; or
 - (B) the legal responsibility for the care, custody or control of the child;
- (3) the injury would not ordinarily be sustained except for the act or omission of the parent/guardian/custodian; and
- (4) there is a reasonable probability that the injury was not accidental.

Note: Evidence that the illegal manufacture of a drug or controlled substance is occurring on property where a child resides creates a rebuttable presumption that the child's physical or mental health is seriously endangered.

[Revised] CHINS 3: Sexual Abuse
The child is a victim of an offense listed in [IC 31-34-1-3](#) or is living in a household with an adult who has been charged with an offense listed in [IC 31-34-1-3](#) or [IC 35-42-3.5-1](#) and is awaiting trial or resulted in a conviction or judgement under [IC 31-34-11-2](#) or [IC 35-42-3.5-1](#).

[NEW] CHINS 3.5: The child is a victim of a human or sexual trafficking offense as in [IC 31-9-2-133.1](#). A child is considered a victim of human or sexual trafficking regardless of whether the child consented to the conduct as defined.

CHINS 4: The child's parent/guardian/custodian allows the child to participate in an obscene performance.

CHINS 5: The child's parent/guardian/custodian allows the child to commit a prohibited sex offense.

CHINS 6: The child substantially endangers his/her own health or the health of another individual.

CHINS 7: The child's parent/guardian/custodian fails to participate in a school disciplinary proceeding.

CHINS 8: The child is a "missing child".

Note: This is a child who is the subject of a missing persons report and has been found in Indiana.

CHINS 9: The child is disabled and deprived of necessary nutrition or medical intervention.

Note: According to [IC 31-34-1-9](#), a child in need of services under CHINS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 of this tool includes a child with a disability who:

- 1) Is deprived of nutrition that is necessary to sustain life; or
- 2) Is deprived of medical or surgical intervention that is necessary to remedy or ameliorate a life threatening medical condition; if the nutrition or medical or surgical intervention is generally provided to similarly situated children with or without disabilities.

CHINS 10: The child is born with fetal alcohol syndrome, neonatal abstinence syndrome or with any amount of controlled substance, a legend drug¹ or a metabolite of a controlled substance or legend drug in the child's body, including the child's blood, urine, umbilical cord tissue, meconium.

CHINS 11: The child has an injury, abnormal physical or psychological development, symptoms of neonatal intoxication or withdrawal or experiences risks or injuries from the mother's use of alcohol, controlled substance or legend drug during pregnancy.

¹ **Note:** As provided in [IC 31-34-1-12](#) (legend drug) and [IC 31-34-1-13](#) (controlled substance) where the mother possessed a valid prescription for the drug and made a good faith attempt to use the drug according to the DCS CW Manual/Chapter 6 6.B - Tool: Statutory Definition of CHINS

prescription instructions.

ARCHIVED Legislation 6/30/18

Code References

1. [IC 10-13-5-4: Missing Child](#)
2. [IC 20-33-8-26: Rules requiring participation in disciplinary action by person caring for dependent student](#)
3. [IC 31-9-2-14: Child Abuse or Neglect](#)
4. [IC 31-34-1: Chapter 1. Circumstances Under Which a Child Is a Child in Need of Services](#)
5. [IC 31-34-11-2 Judgment; order of predisposition report; scheduling of dispositional hearing; dual status assessment team report and recommendations](#)
6. [IC 35-42-3-3: Criminal Confinement](#)
7. [IC 35-42-3-4: Interference with Custody](#)
8. [IC 35-42-3.5-1 Promotion of human trafficking; sexual trafficking of a minor; human trafficking](#)
9. [IC 35-42-4: Chapter 4. Sex Crimes](#)
10. [IC 35-45-4: Chapter 4. Indecent Acts and Prostitution](#)
9. [IC 35-46-1-3: Incest](#)
10. [IC 35-49-3-2: Obscene Performance](#)
11. [IC 35-49-2-2: Matter of Performance Harmful to Minors](#)

FORMS AND TOOLS

1. [Chapter 3, Intake: Tool 3.B – Sexual Offense CAN Matrix](#)
2. [Tool 6.A: Legal Process Overview](#)
3. [6.2 Filing a CHINS Petition](#)

RELATED INFORMATION

Coercive Intervention

The inability or unwillingness of the parent/guardian/custodian to provide needed supervision and or services for a child without a court order.

Rebuttable Presumption

An assumption made by a court, one that is taken to be true unless someone comes forward to contest it and prove otherwise.