

Commission on Improving the Status of Children

JUNE 22, 2022

- 1. Welcome and Introductions
- 2. Consent Agenda
 - a. Minutes from April 2022 meeting
 - b. Appointment of new co-chairs

3. Executive Director Update a. Julie Whitman

- 4. Commission Evaluation
 - b. Amanda Lopez, Transform Consulting



Update on the Evaluation Commission on Improving the Status of Children in Indiana

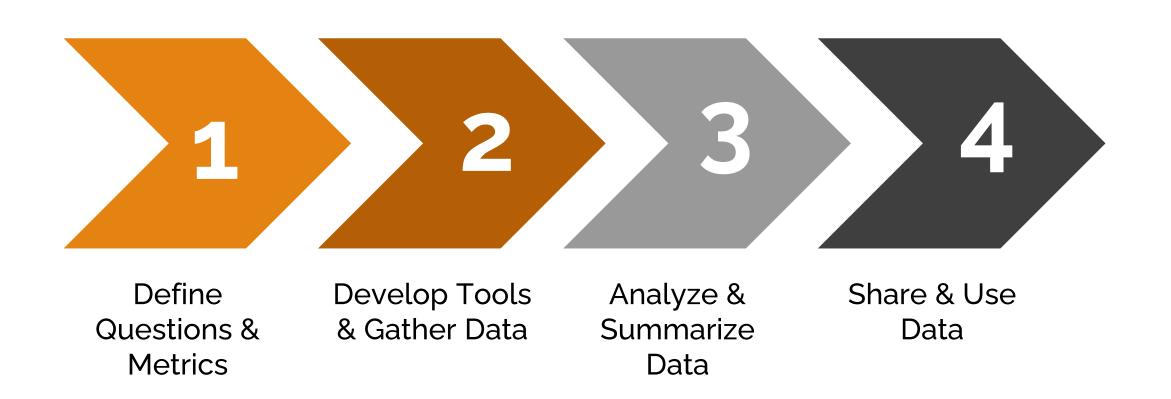


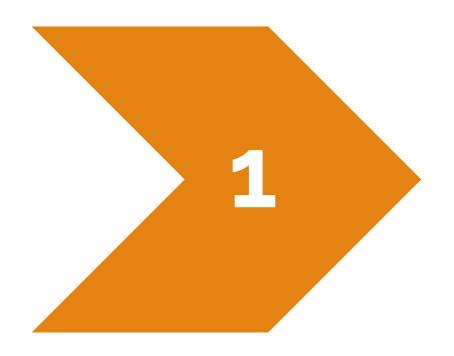
AGENDA

- 1. Progress on Evaluation
- 2. Proposed Theory of Change
- 3. Stakeholder Feedback Update
- 4. Next Steps









Define
Questions &
Metrics

- Theory of Change
- Data Management Plan

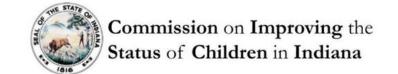


A theory of change is a method that explains how a given intervention, or set of interventions, are expected to lead to a specific change.



Process Completed

- → Reviewed CISC state statute guiding documents
- → Reviewed CISC strategic plan and other materials
- → Received feedback from Evaluation workgroup members
- → Received feedback from Annie E. Casey Foundation / Casey Family Programs



DRAFT Theory of Change

Mission: To improve the status of children in Indiana through systemic collaboration

Vision: Every child in Indiana will have a safe and nurturing environment and be afforded opportunities to reach their full potential and live a healthy and productive life.

Resources		Strategies	Short Term Impact for Indiana's Vulnerable Children	Long Term Impact for Indiana's Vulnerable Children*			
What we invest - People, staff, funding, etc	Staff	Task Forces / Committees / Subcommittees	Commission Members	1-3 years	*Vulnerable youth are defined as youth (0-23) served by: (A) the department of child services; (B) the office of the secretary of family and social services; (C) the department of correction; or (D) a juvenile probation department.		
Executive Director Administrative support from the Office of Judicial Administration	Build cross-agency relationships Provide tools and templates with equity	Build cross-agency relationships Collaborate	Build cross-agency relationships Collaborate with fellow Commission Members	Follow through on recommendations occur Funding directed toward evidence-based practices	Child Health and Well Being	Vulnerable youth have access to consistent and reliable health and well-being resources	
Commission Members Agency Authority Youth Voice	framework embedded Recruit diverse committee and task force members	Active participation Study and evaluate issues related to	Active participation Use presented	New collaborations and relationships with stakeholders that produce outcomes Alignment of existing state efforts Closed data gaps through new data collection efforts Policy/ Legislation is informed by research and best practice	Mental Health	Vulnerable youth and their families have access to quality mental health and addiction services	
Workgroups (Task Forces, Committees, Subcommittees) Relationships with subject matter experts	Collaborate and align with existing groups and initiatives	vulnerable youth • Use Data to inform work • Collect • Monitor	information to better inform the policies and programs they oversee • File legislation		Child Safety	Vulnerable youth are safe and secure in their homes and the community	
Access to data and research through key agencies Access to policymakers	Raise awareness about Commission's vision and work Set and follow	Disaggregate Identify gaps Identify gaps related to supports for vulnerable	Develop and make recommendations Implement change		Youth Justice	Youth who come into contact with the juvenile justice system have improved safety and equitable system contact and outcomes	
Access to state government resources (space and technology)	infrastructure • Identify and share relevant information with volunteers and Commission	children Provide information and recommendations to the	within their own agencies • Raise awareness about Commission's vision and work		Educational Outcomes	Vulnerable youth are engaged in school, graduate from high school, and pursue a postsecondary pathway that matches their interests and goals	
External funding support	members • Monitor the progress on strategic goals and objectives	Raise awareness about Commission's vision and work	WOIN	increased access to quality services	Equity	All vulnerable youth's voices are hear and included through data collection, policies, and programs	
	objectives				Family Stability and Wellness	Family stability is strengthened when family members are safe, healthy, and have chances for educational opportunities and economic stability	

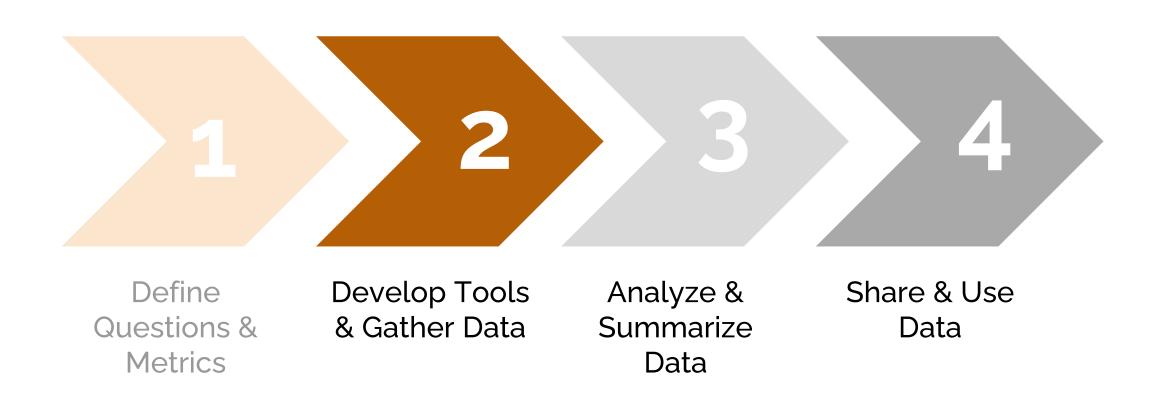


Request for the Commission TRANSFORM - CONSULTING GROUP -

Approve the Theory of Change



Next Steps





Develop Tools & Gather Data



Solicit stakeholder feedback

- Current Members
- Past Members
- Committee Members
- Task Force Members
- Legislative Members
- Contractors/ Service Providers

Gather public data

- Vulnerable youth as defined by statute
- Child Health and Well Being
- Mental Health
- Child Safety
- Youth Justice
- Educational Outcomes
- Equity
- Family Stability and Wellness



Request for the Commission TRANSFORM - CONSULTING GROUP -

Support distribution of the survey to Legislative members



Project Timeline

	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
Define Questions & Metrics		-								
Develop Tools & Gather Data										
Analyze & Summarize Data					•					
Share & Use Data										





Key Contacts

Amanda Lopez

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www.transformconsultinggroup.com

- 5. Strategic Priority: Child Health and Safety
 - a. Kate Schedel, IDOH

Youth Risk Behavior Survey Data



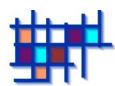
THE CURRENT STATE OF HOOSIER YOUTH

KATE SCHEDEL
JUNE 22, 2022

IDOH- Adolescent Health Programming

- State Adolescent Health Administrator position sits within the Maternal and Child Heath Division
 - Other divisions also serve adolescents and young adults (AYA)
- Programming Overview
 - Title V Block Grant
 - Currently has four major objectives and goals related to adolescent health
 - Work alongside a network across 59 states and jurisdictions serving the AYA population
 - Teen Pregnancy Prevention Grant Program
 - Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Grant Program
 - Youth Risk Behavior Survey and School Health Profiles Survey
 - Youth Advisory Board

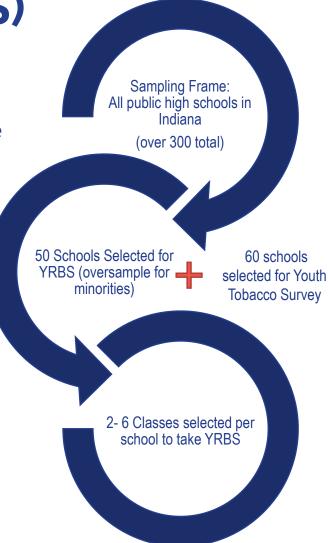




Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS)

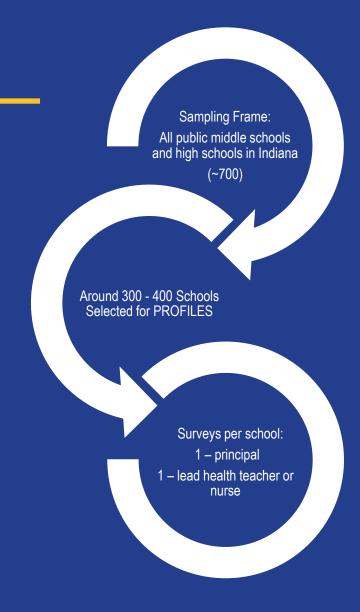
- A CDC-sponsored survey, around since 1990
 - o Conducted every other year (odd-numbered years) from January April
 - Sample consists of a representative group of high school students around the state
 - o Indiana uses 2/3 of base questions each year, and adds additional questions
 - Total: 99 questions, completed in one class period
 - In 2021: Added 8 ACE-related questions
- YRBS monitors students' health risks and behaviors in six categories:
 - o unintentional injury and violence
 - sexual behaviors related to unintended pregnancy
 - o alcohol and other drug use
 - tobacco use
 - unhealthy dietary behaviors
 - inadequate physical activity
- Schools receive \$500 for their participation





School Health Profiles

- A CDC-sponsored survey
 - Conducted every other year (even-numbered years)
 - Sample a representative group of high school staff around the state
- Assesses school health policies and practices such as:
 - School health education requirements and content;
 - Education and physical activity;
 - Practices related to bullying and sexual harassment;
 - School health policies related to tobacco-use prevention and nutrition;
 - School-based health services;
 - Family engagement and community involvement; and
 - School health coordination.
- Principals and teachers are rewarded with a \$25 gift card for their participation





Data Notes & Caveats

- Indiana celebrates the hard-earned success of achieving YRBS weighted data in 2021! This means that enough schools and students participated in the YRBS to allow for the survey results to be representative of Indiana public high school students.
- Throughout this presentation, note the years of missing data in some of the graphs and data visuals: Indiana did not achieve weighted data for YRBS for 2013, 2017, or 2019 and did not achieve weighted data for SHP for 2018; therefore, data for these years are missing throughout this presentation.
- YRBS was conducted in January April 2021, keep in mind this is when most students returned to inperson learning after approximately seven months of remote learning.
- Based on CDC guidance, statistics based on subgroup counts less than 30 have been suppressed.
- Please note small counts for some of the data slides and keep in mind that graph axes shift to allow for legible data visuals.
- The intent of this slide deck is to be a comprehensive overview of valuable information from which users can pull data and statistics for their work for additional data requests or a deeper dive into a specific content area please reach out to MCH (ISDHMCH@isdh.in.gov).



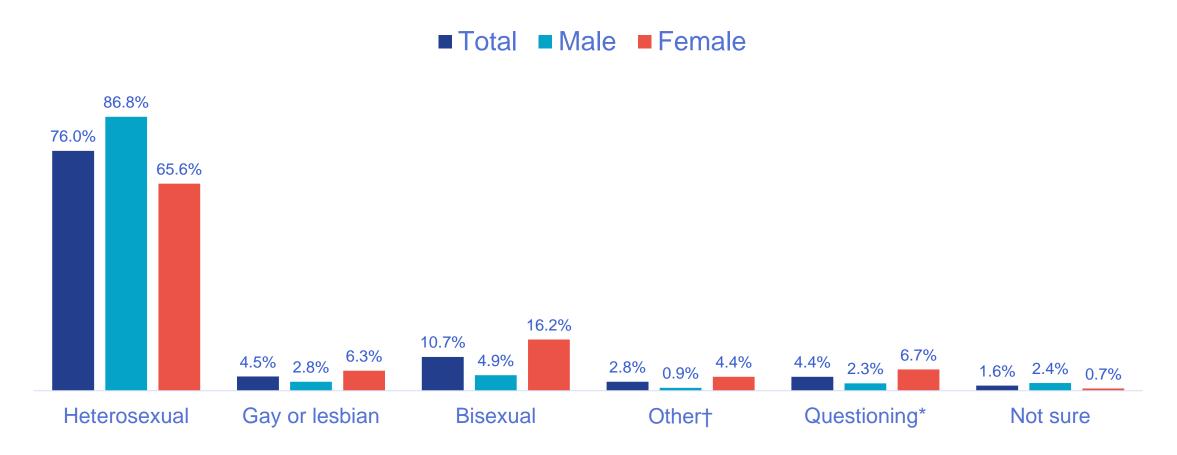
2021 Sample Characteristics

- The 2021 Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) was completed by 1,029 students in 43 public high schools in Indiana during the spring of 2021.
- The school response rate was 88%, the student response rate was 81%, and the overall response rate was 71%.
- The results are representative of all students in grades 9-12.
- The weighted demographic characteristics of the sample are as follows:

Gender	Grade	Age	Race/Ethnicity
Female: 49.0%	9th: 25.9%	15 or younger: 32.7%	Black*: 10.8%
Male: 51%	10th: 25.8%	16 or 17: 51.1%	Hispanic/Latino: 11.7%
	11th: 24.5%	18 or older: 16.2	White*: 70.3%
	12th: 23.8%		All Other Races*: 4.1%
			Multiple Races*: 3.2%



Sexual Orientation - All Students







General Health & Healthcare

Health Ratings - 2021 Results



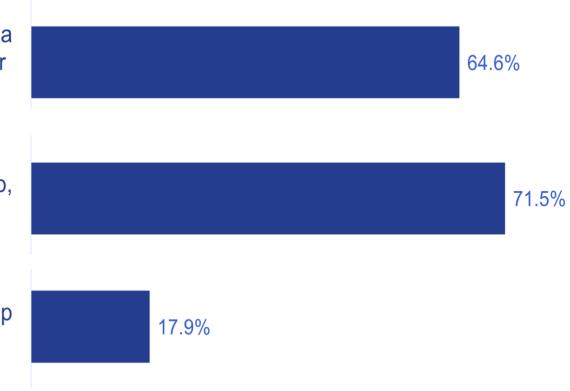


Healthcare Providers & Sleep - 2021 Results

Percentage of students who saw a doctor or nurse for a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured*

Percentage of students who saw a dentist for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work*

Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)



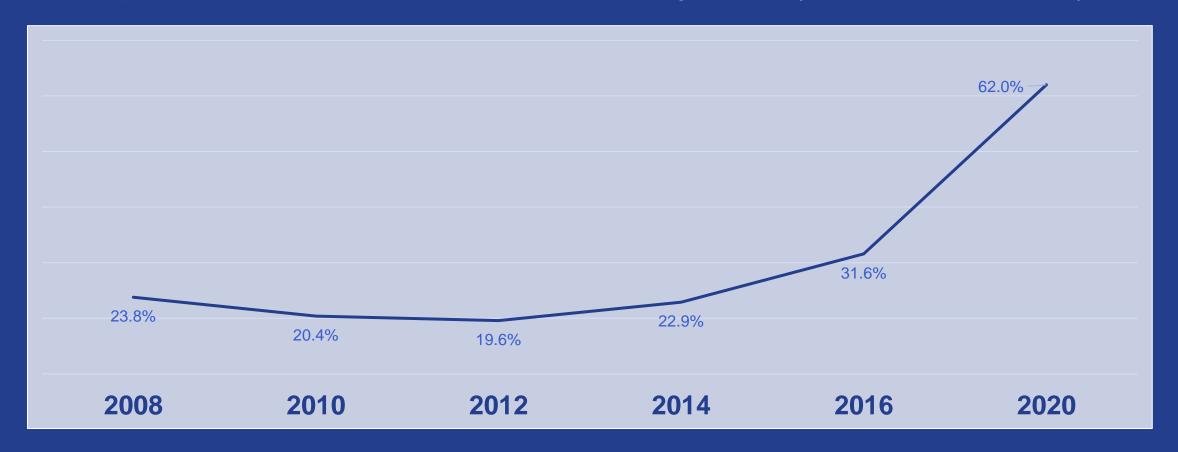


Mental Health



School Health Profiles – Teacher Survey

Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher received professional development on emotional and mental health during the two years before the survey:





School Health Profiles – Teacher Survey

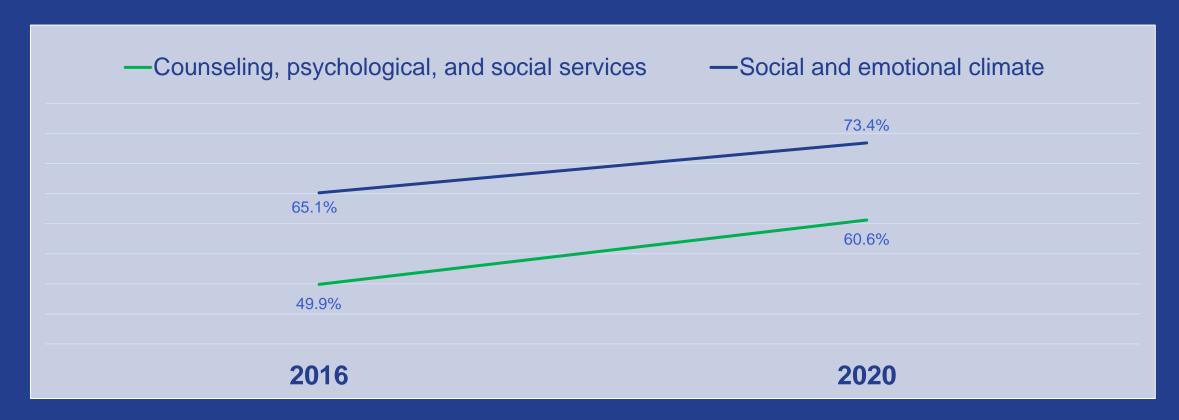
Percentage of schools in which teachers tried to increase student knowledge on suicide prevention in a required course in any of grades 6 through 12 during the current school year:





School Health Profiles - Principal Survey

Percentage of schools with a School Improvement Plan that includes health-related objectives on...



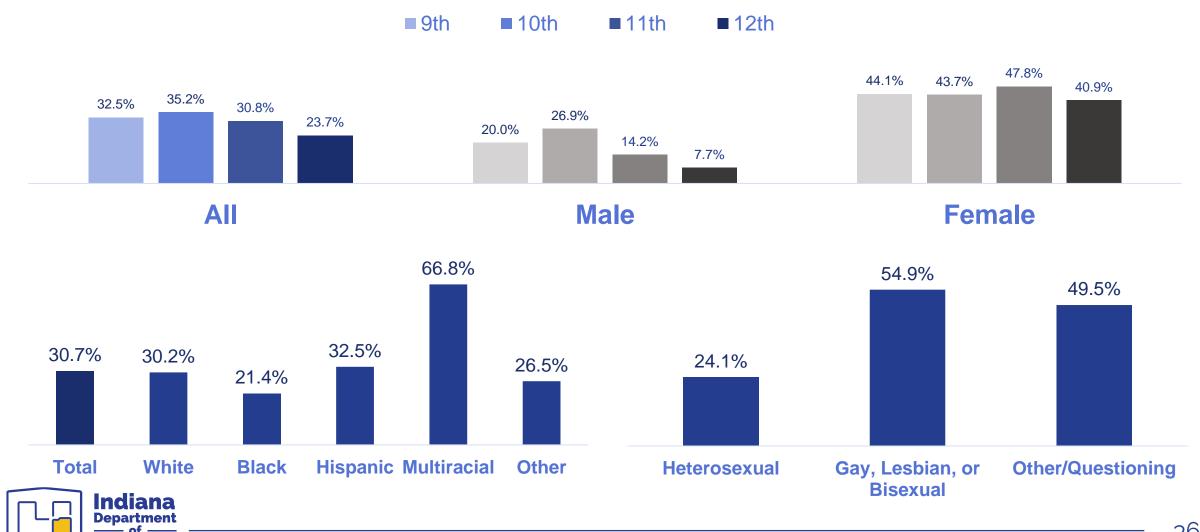


Stress, Anxiety, Depression & Suicide - 2021 Results

Percentage of students who reported that their mental health was most of the time or always not good (including stress, anxiety, and 30.7% depression)* Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual 46.9% activities).** Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting 27.7% suicide.** Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would 22.2% attempt suicide.** Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide.** 11.8%

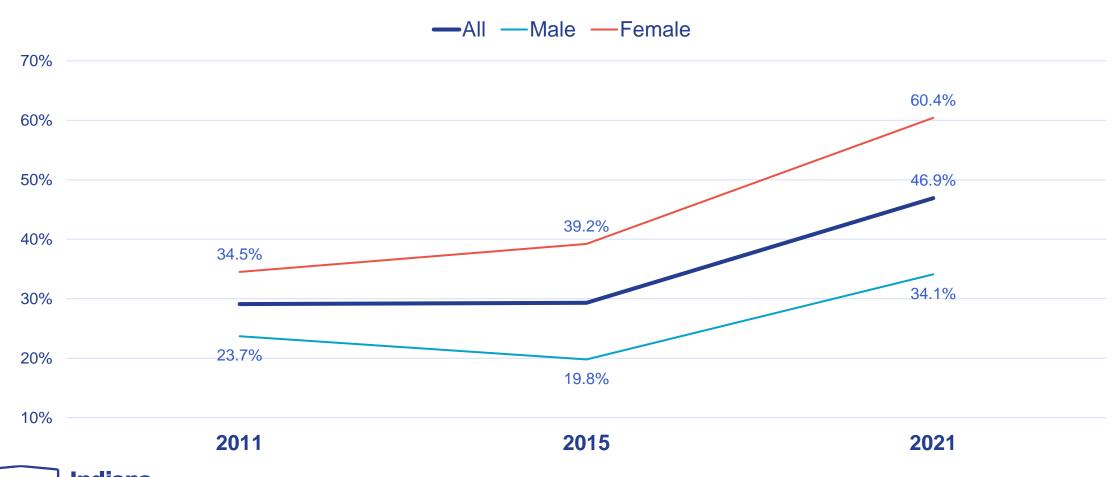


Percentage of students that their mental health was most of the time or always not good (Including stress, anxiety, and depression)*



Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless

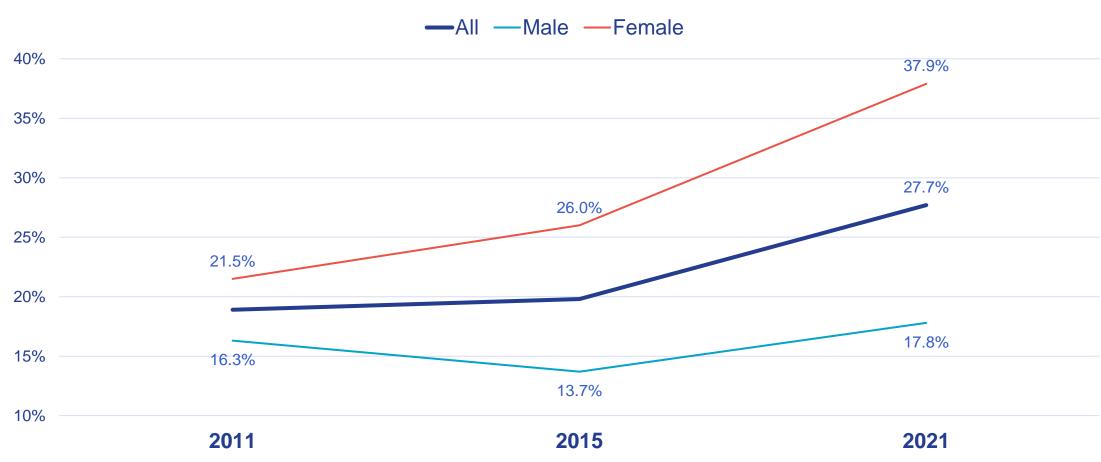
(almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row* during the 12 months before the survey)





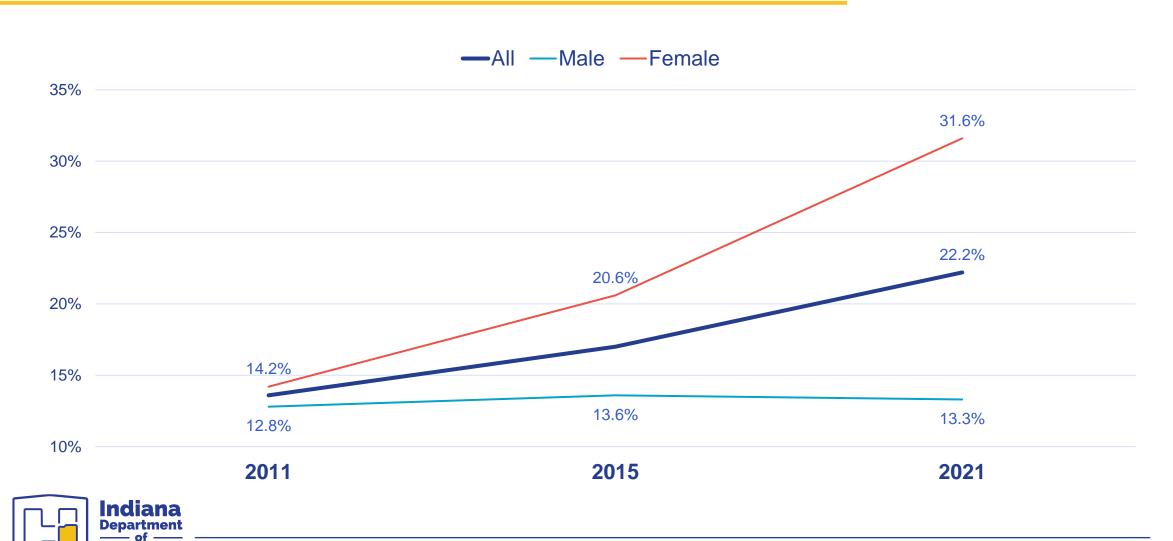
Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide

(during the 12 months before the survey)



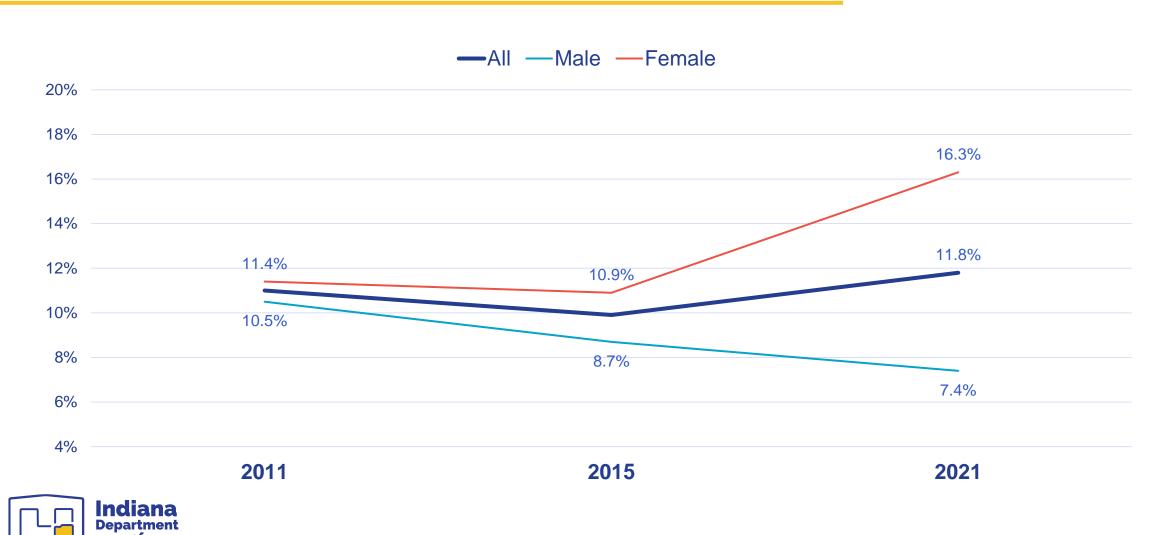


Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)



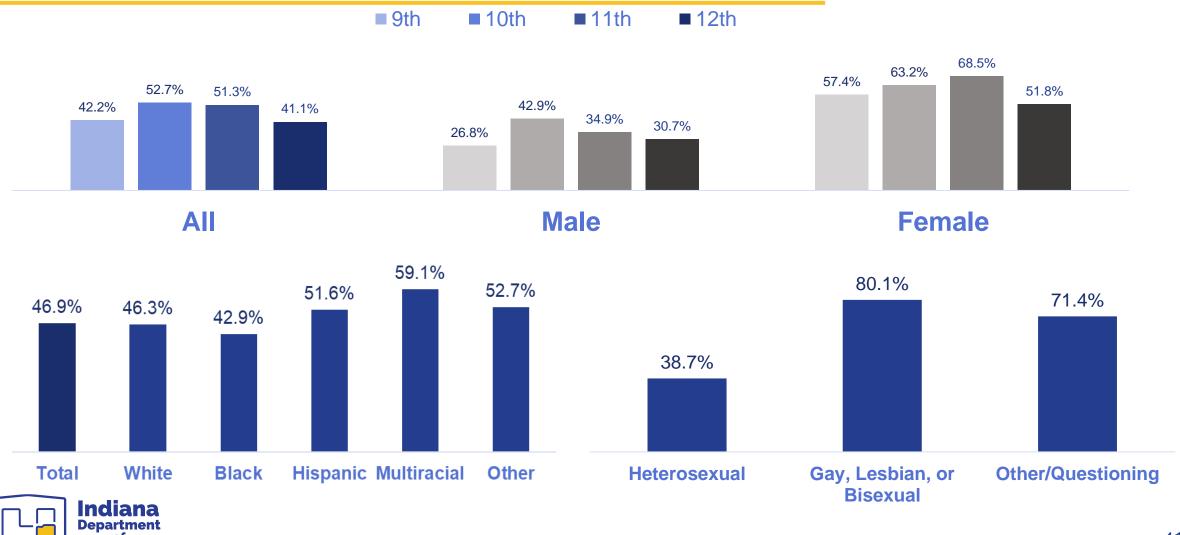
Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide

(one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)



Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless*

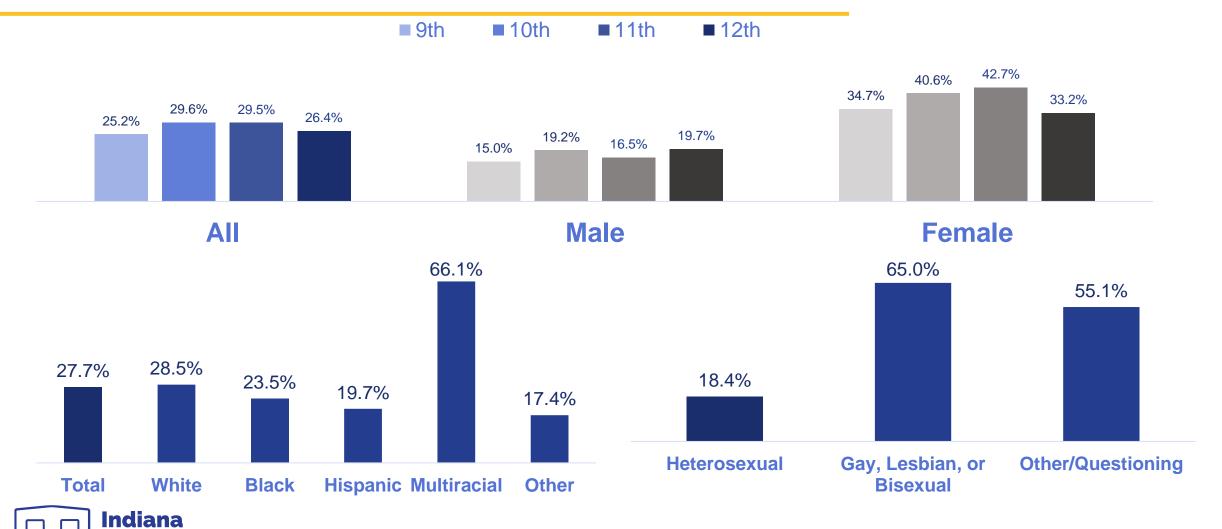
(almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row* during the 12 months before the survey)



Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide

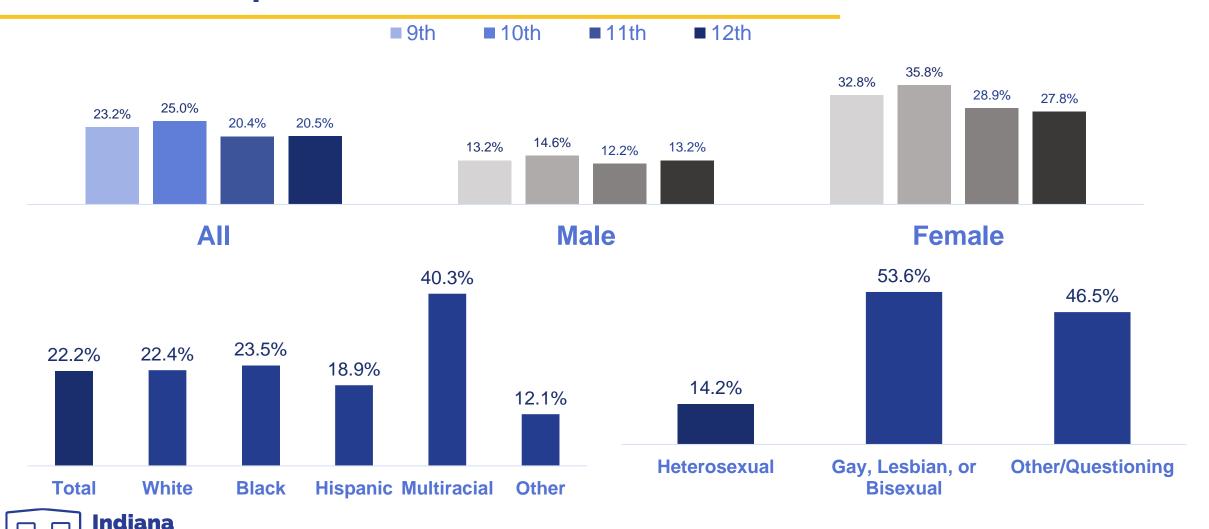
(during the 12 months before the survey)

Department



Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)

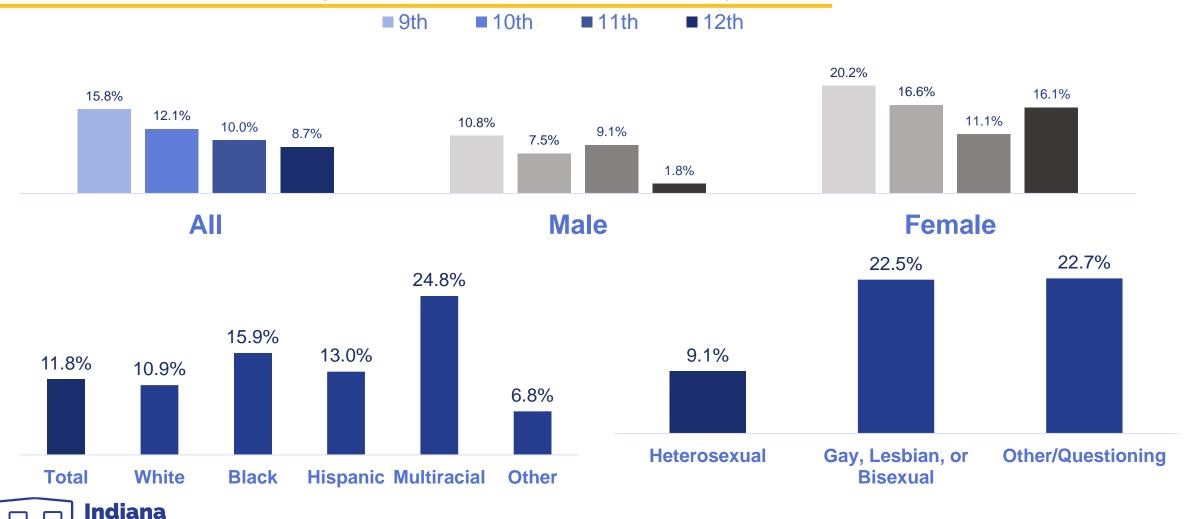
Department



Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide

(one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

Department







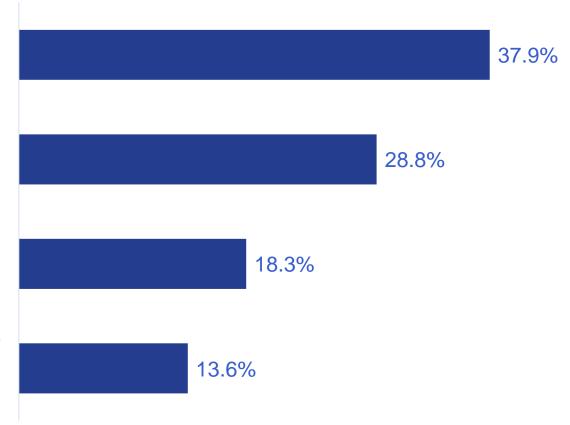
Adverse Life Experiences (ACE's)

Percentage of students who ever lived with someone who was depressed, mentally ill, or suicidal

Percentage of students who ever lived with someone who was having a problem with alcohol or drug use

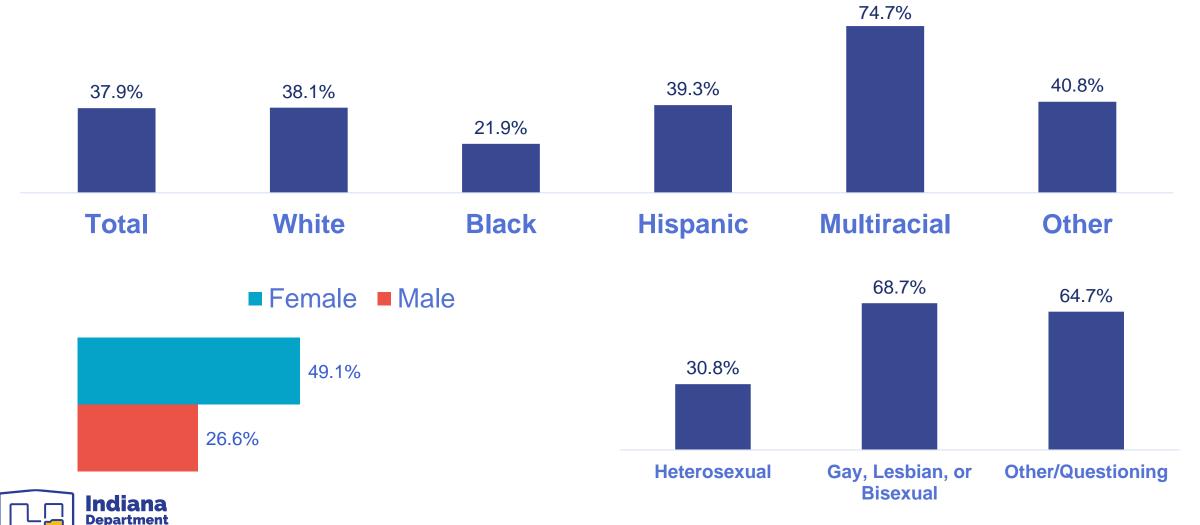
Percentage of students who ever been separated from a parent or guardian because they went to jail, prison, or a detention center

Percentage of students who reported that a parent or other adult in their life most of the time or always swore at them, insulted them, or put them down (during their life)

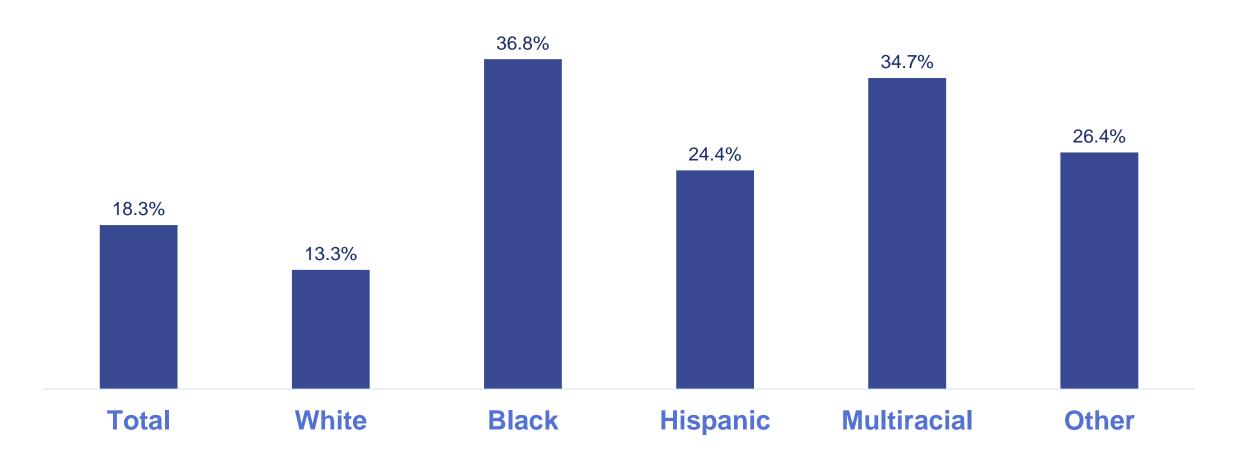




Percentage of students who ever lived with someone who was depressed, mentally ill, or suicidal



Percentage of students who ever been separated from a parent or guardian because they went to jail, prison, or a detention center





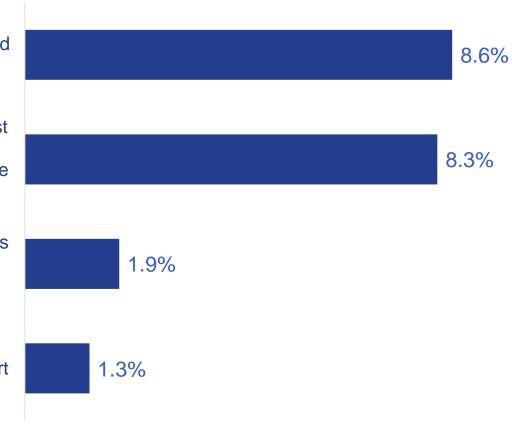
Adverse Life Experiences (ACE's)

Percentage of students who reported that an adult in their household rarely or never tried to make sure their basic needs were met*

Percentage of students who reported that an adult or person at least 5 years older than them made them do sexual things they did not want to do (counting such things as kissing, touching, or being made to have sexual intercourse; during their life)

Percentage of students who reported that their parents or other adults in their home most of the time or always slapped, hit, kicked, punched, or beat each other up (during their life)

Percentage of students who reported that a parent or other adult in their life most of the time or always hit, beat, kicked or physically hurt them in any way (during their life)





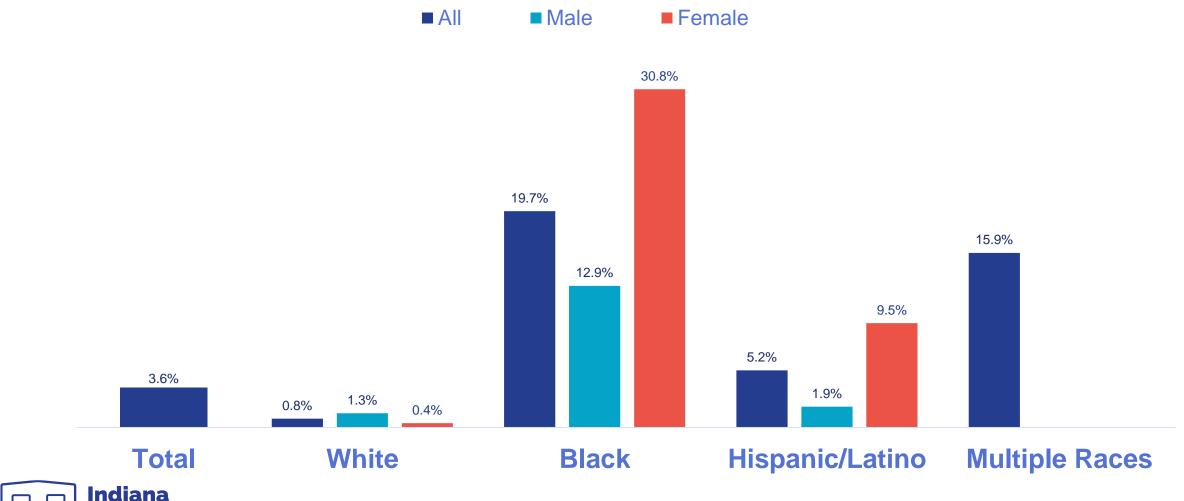
Percentage of students who reported that an adult or person at least 5 years older than them made them do sexual things they did not want to do.





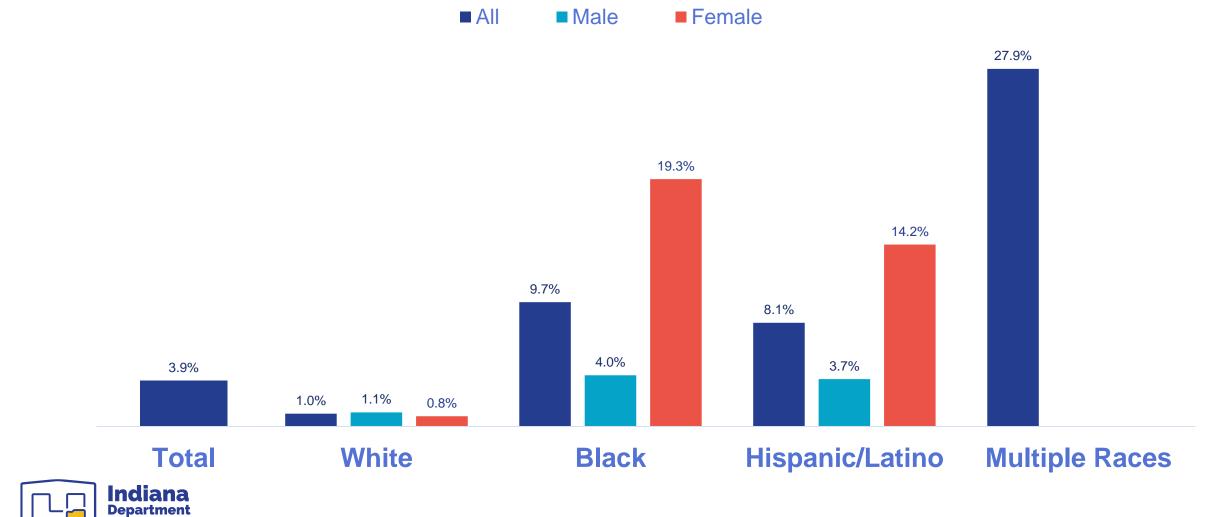
Racism & Unfair Treatment - 2021 Results

Percentage of students who most of the time or always felt that they were treated badly or unfairly because of their race or ethnicity*



51

Percentage of students who reported they most of the time or always saw their parents or other family members treated badly or unfairly because of color of their skin, language, accent, or because they are from a different country or culture*

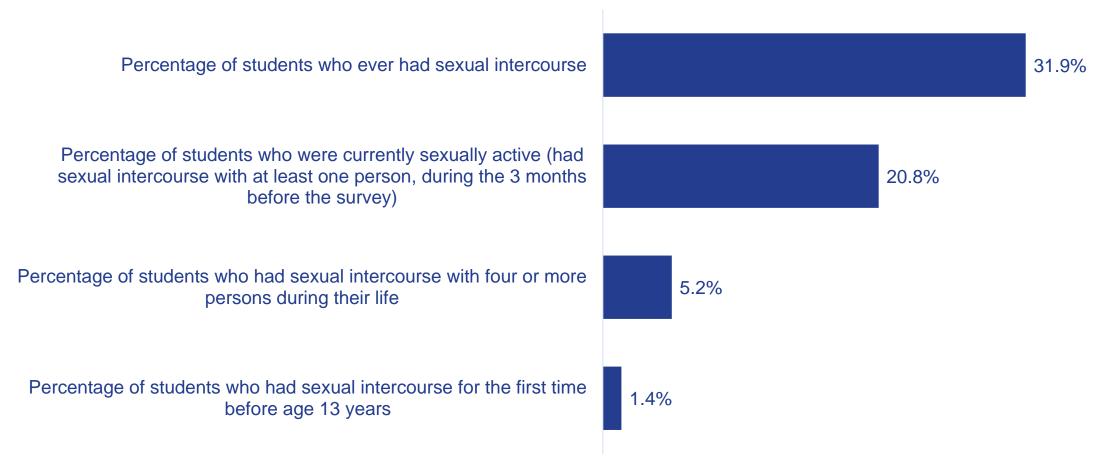


Health

Sexual Behavior

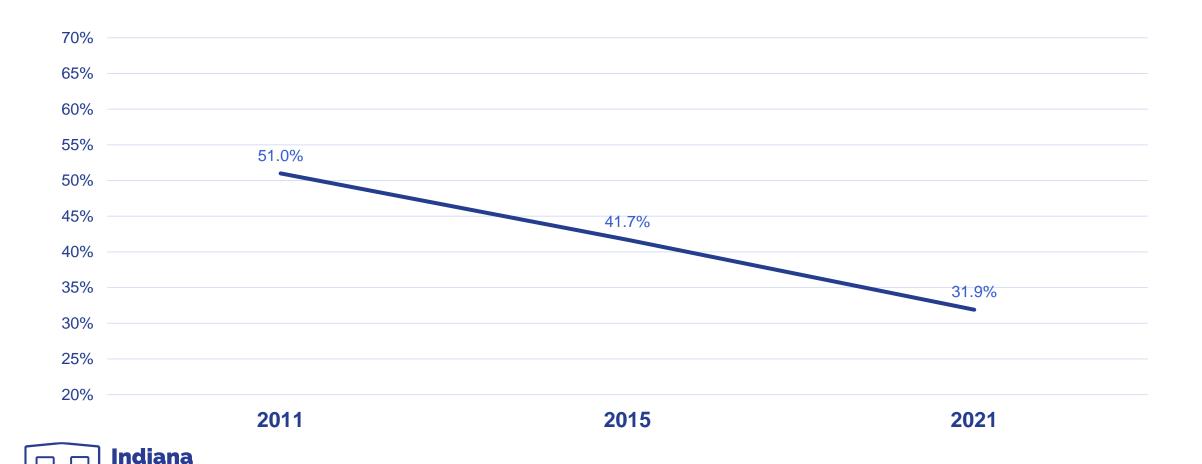


Sexual Activity - 2021 Results

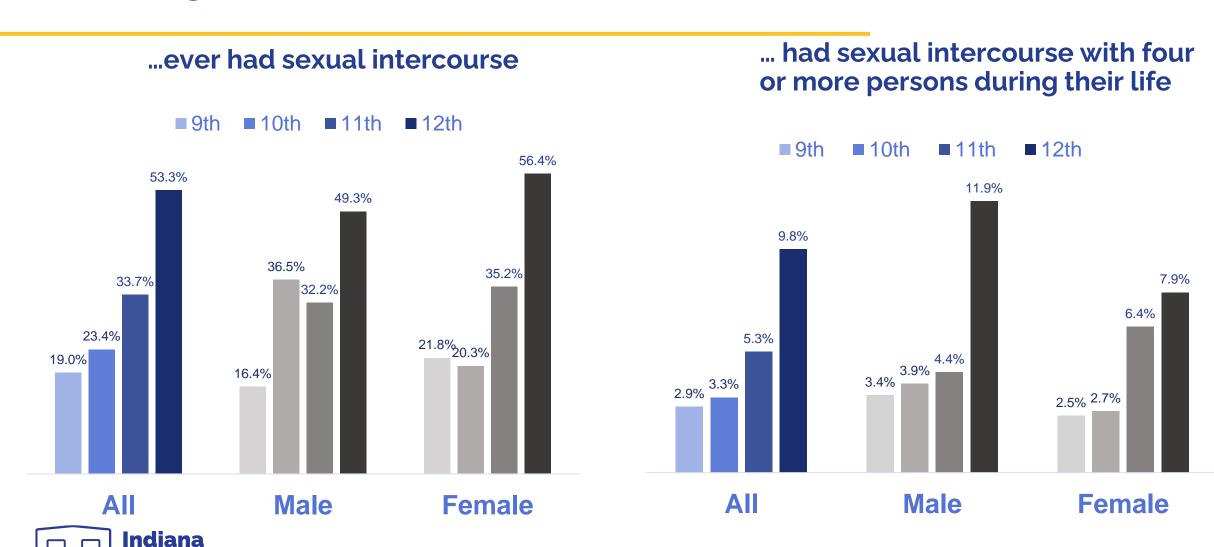




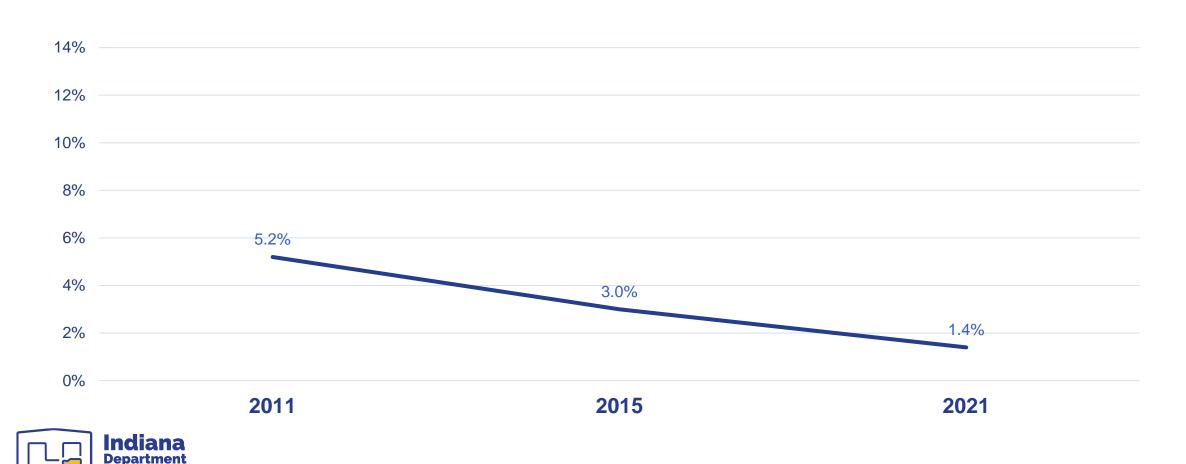
Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse



Percentage of students who...



Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years



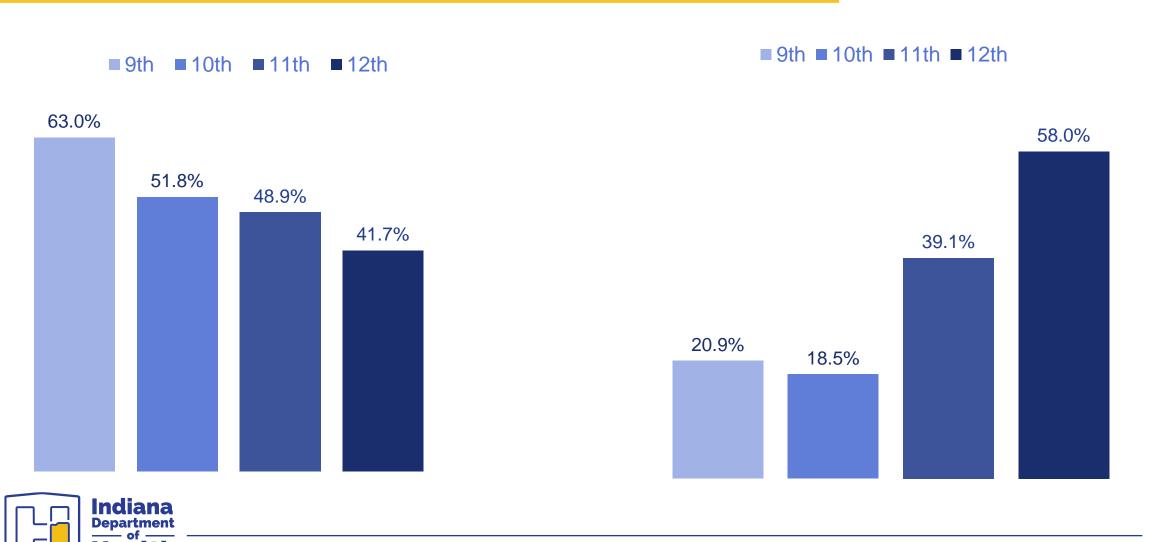
Contraception Use – 2021 Results

Percentage of students who used a condom during last 48.9% sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy* Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring before last 42.4% sexual intercourse with an opposite-sex partner to prevent pregnancy* Percentage of students who used both a condom during last sexual intercourse and birth control pills; an IUD, or implant, or a shot, or patch, or birth control ring 10.8% before last sexual intercourse with an opposite-sex partner to prevent pregnancy* Percentage of students who did not use any method to prevent pregnancy during 9.5% last sexual intercourse with an opposite-sex partner to prevent pregnancy*



Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse

Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or ring before last sexual intercourse with an opposite-sex partner*



HIV and STD Testing - 2021 Results

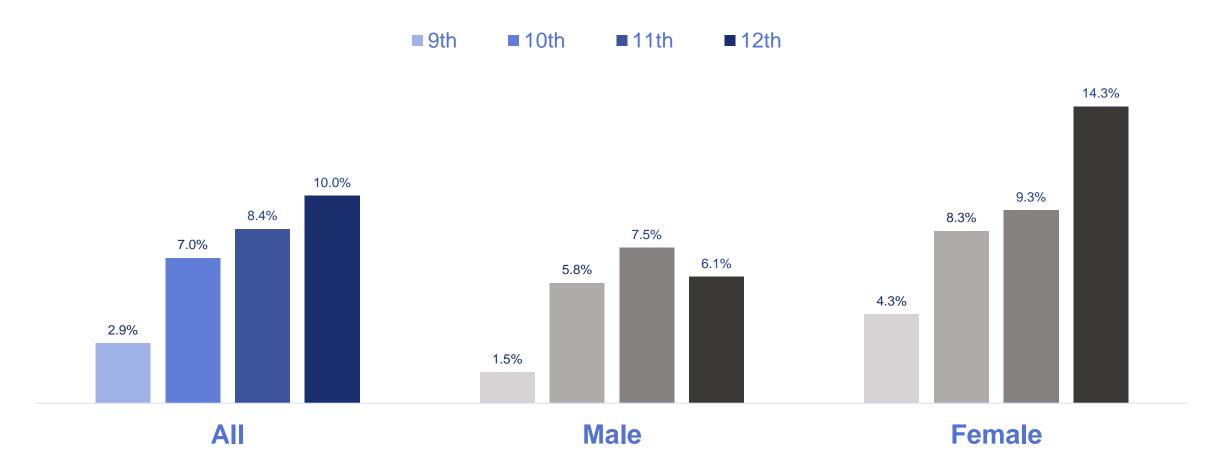
Percentage of students who were tested for a sexually transmitted disease (STD) other than HIV, such as chlamydia or gonorrhea]

Percentage of students who were ever tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (not counting tests done if they donated blood)



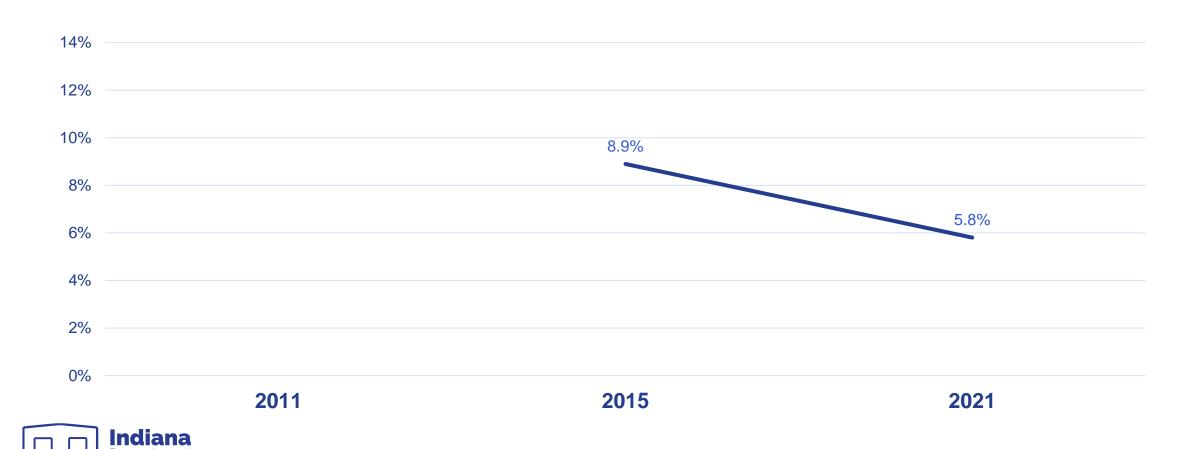


Percentage of students who were tested for a sexually transmitted disease (STD) other than HIV, such as chlamydia or gonorrhea*





Percentage of students who were ever tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (not counting tests done if they donated blood)



Dating & Sexual Violence - 2021 Results

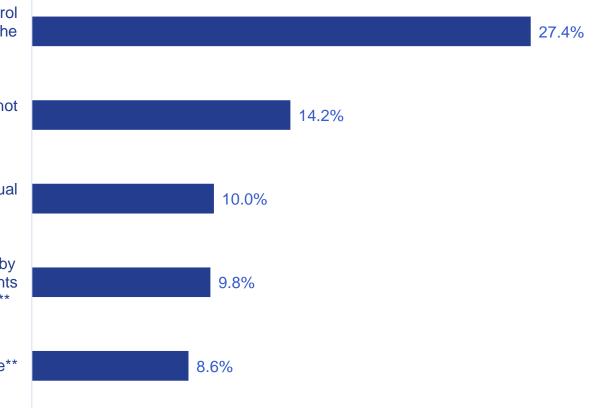
Percentage of students who reported someone they were dating tried to control them or emotionally hurt them (among students who dated someone during the 12 months before the survey)**

Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence that they did not want to do**

Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse when they did not want to**

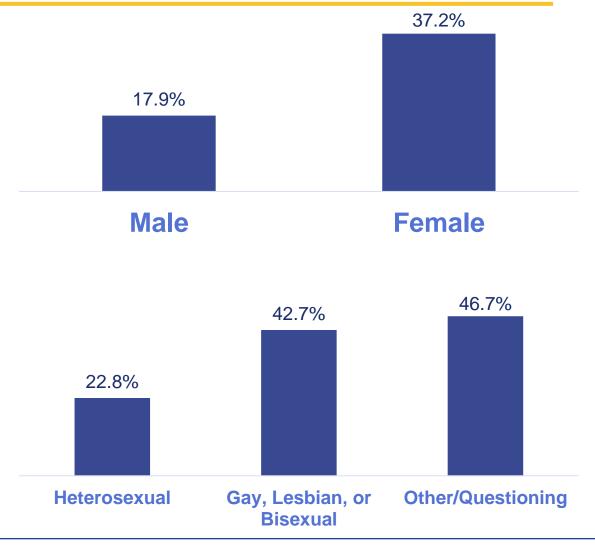
Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things), among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey **

Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence**



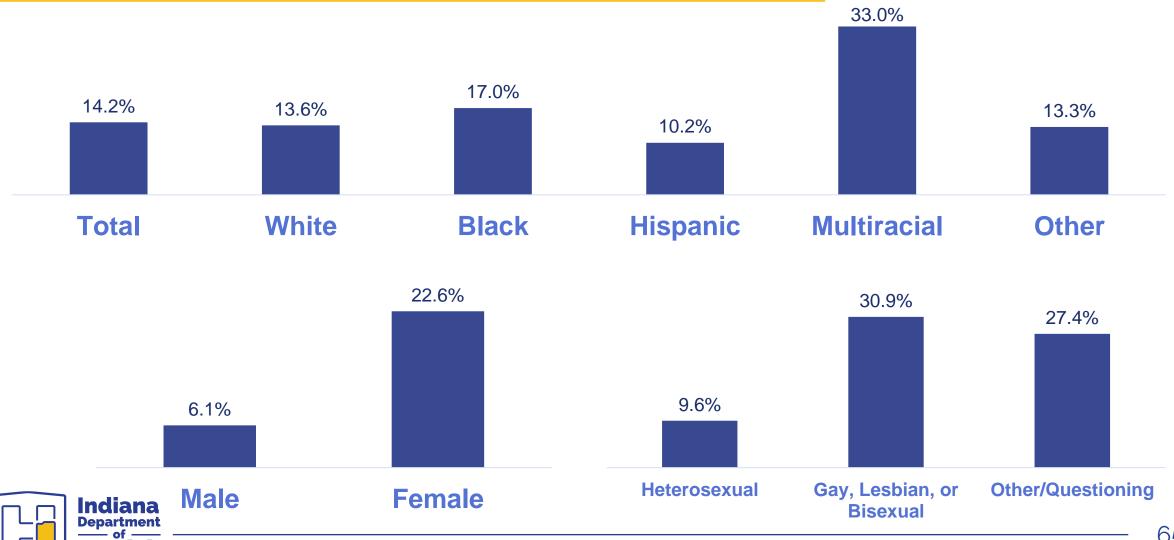


Percentage of students who reported someone they were dating or going out with purposely tried to control them or emotionally hurt them one or more times*





Percentage of students who experienced sexual violence* that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey



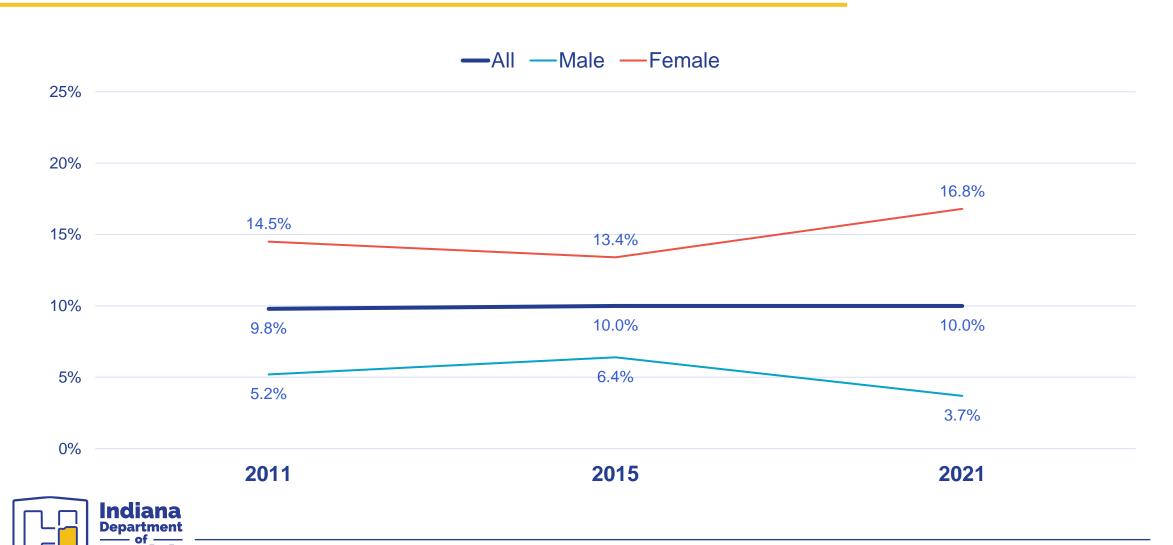
Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence* that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey





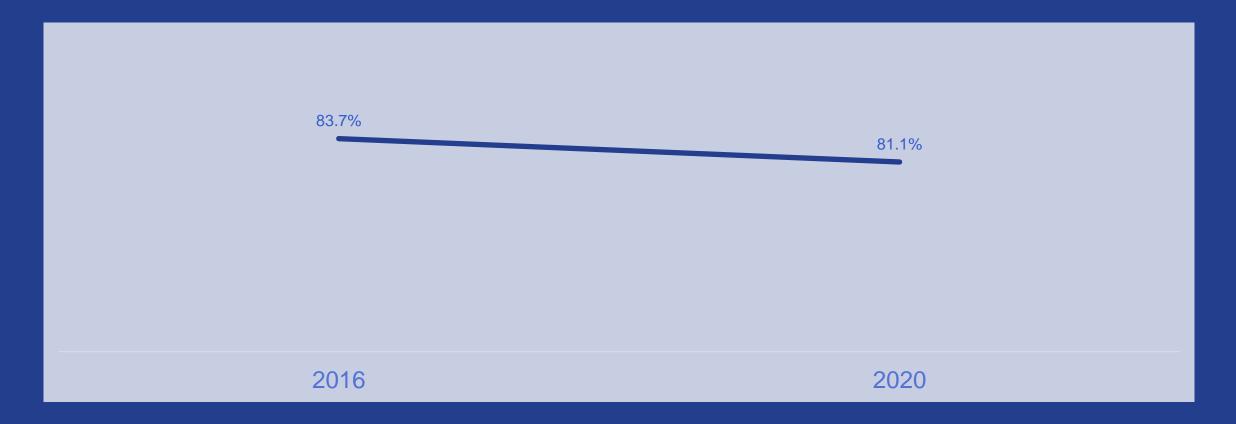
^{*}being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse]; students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)



School Health Profiles - Principal Survey

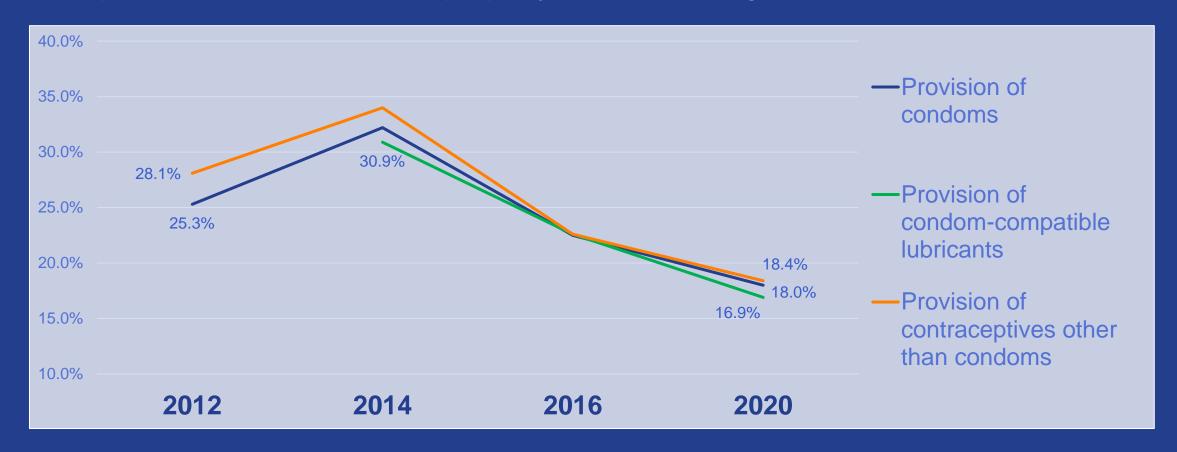
School does not provide any sexual or reproductive health services





School Health Profiles - Principal Survey

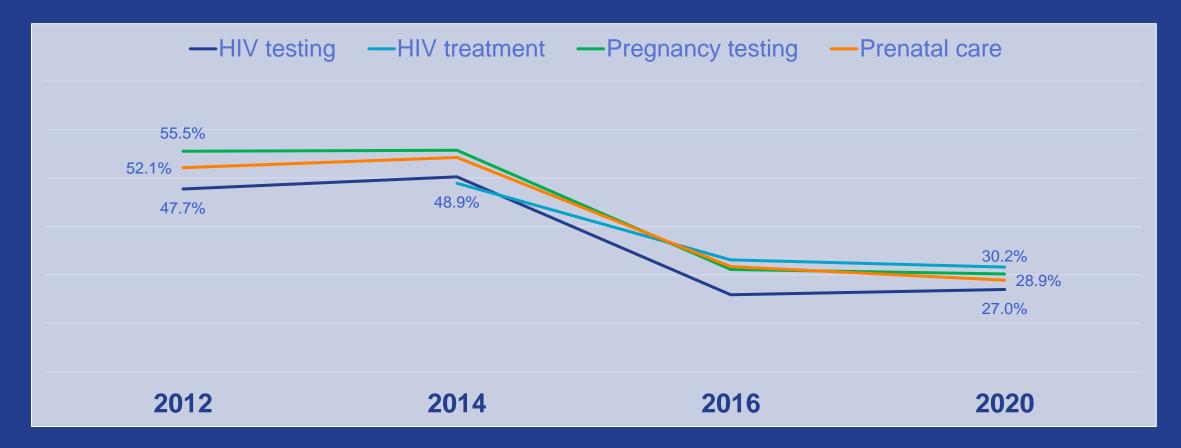
Percentage of schools that provide students with referrals to any organizations or health care professionals not on school property for the following services:





School Health Profiles - Principal Survey

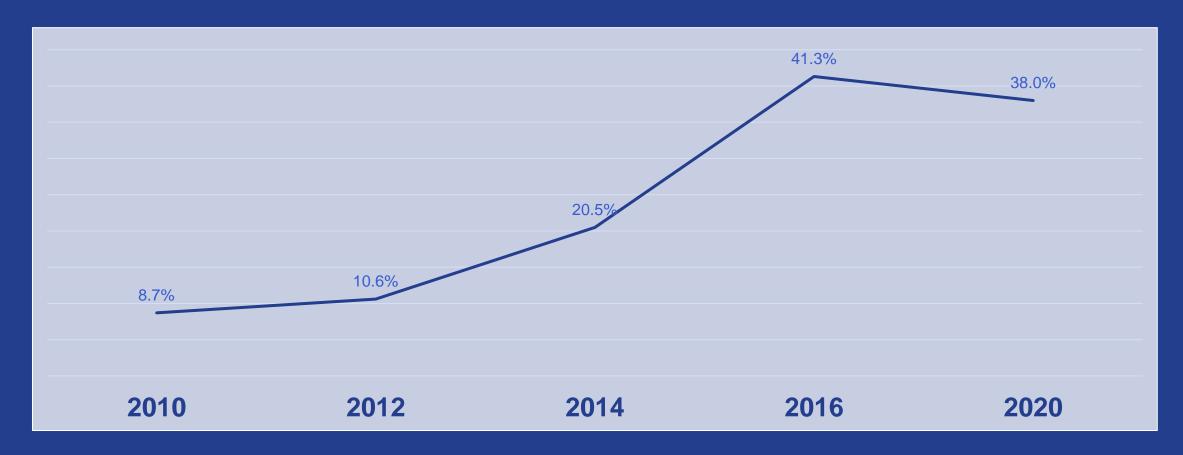
Percentage of schools that provide students with referrals to any organizations or health care professionals not on school property for the following services:





School Health Profiles – Teacher Survey

Percentage of schools that provide curricula or supplementary materials that include HIV, STD, or pregnancy prevention information that is relevant to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and questioning youth





Percentage of students who reported their parents or other adults in their family talked with them about what they expect them to do or not to do when it comes to sex





Parent & Social Support

Parental Support - 2021 Results

Percentage of students who reported that an adult in their household most of the time or always tried to make sure their basic needs were met

Percentage of students who reported that their parents or other adults in their family most of the time or always know where they are going or with whom they will be

Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that their parents or other adults in their family have clear rules and consequences for their behavior

76.7%



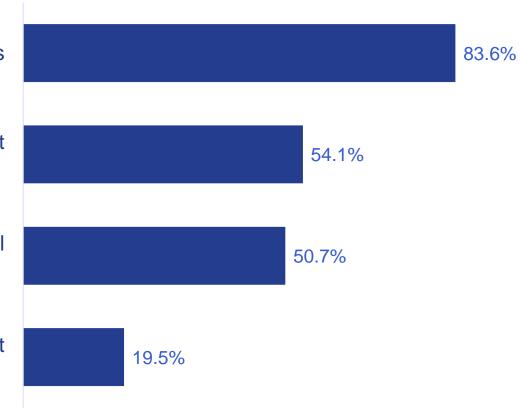
Social Support - 2021 Results

Percentage of students who would feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults besides their parents if they had an important question affecting their life

Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that they feel close to people at their school

Percentage of students who most of the time or always feel that they are able to talk to a friend about their feelings

Percentage of students who most of the time or always get the kind of help they need*





Youth Advisory Board – Coming Soon!

- Partnering with Indiana Division of Mental Health and Addiction Youth Services Team
- Opened applications during March 2021
 - Selected final 45 youth last week
- Focus on suicide, mental health, and teen pregnancy prevention, but will work with youth on other relevant topics
- Youth will meet monthly and paid for their time and work.







Call to Action

- Participation in these surveys is not mandatory, but we still need your help and influence!
 - This is some of the only data we get directly from youth
 - Please participate if given the opportunity!
- Help us put this data to action
 - Let us know how you want this shared and how you want this to look
 - Let us know what questions are important to you!





Kate Schedel, MPH, Director of MCH Programs
CISC Child Health & Safety Task Force Co-Chair
kschedel@isdh.in.gov



Agenda

- 6. Strategic Priority: Mental Health and Substance Abuse
 - a. Jay Chaudhary, Tanya Merritt-Mulamba, Cindy Booth
 - DMHA Initiatives for Children's Mental Health

PECOLIFIC MORES MONOTO AND THE PROPERTY OF THE MORKFORCE FEDERALLAM TRAUMA PO ERT 0 FORCED TREATMENT INFORMATIONSHARING Faith-Based Courts LaW Organizations Psychiatrists Enforcement IDD CMHCS Providers SUD Treatment Schools Psychiatric Providers Therapists Hospitals Hospitals Psychologists SOCIAL MEDIA Private STIGMA DOC Clinics Community Non-profits Corrections COMMERCIAL INSURANCE SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH DCS **Primary** County Care Jails PARENTAL RIGHTS QUOLICS RELIA MEDICAID SIPIRIPA 80 CHNOLOGY 9

American Rescue Plan Act

Can be spent through Sept. 2025

\$26M for SAPT \$25Mfor the MHBG

Indiana HEA 1001

Subject to Legislative/SBA Oversight

\$50M 2021-22 Appropriation Montal Health Grant

\$50M 2022-23 Appropriation Montal Health Grant

Federal Consolidated Omnibus Appropriations Act

Must be spent by March 2023

<u>Generally</u> must follow block grant guidelines \$15M for MHBG

Funding sources

Almost \$30M in additional funding for SAPT

> Division of Mental Health and Addiction

TBD

Opioid Litigation Settlement

Details TBD

1

DMHA Strategic Priorities

Informed by FSSA's guiding principles, DMHA is targeting its investment of federal coronavirus relief funds in four strategic priority areas.



SUSTAINABILE STRUCTURES

Build out sustainable programs and partnerships to address existing gaps in the continuum of care



ACCESS TO SERVICES

Invest in communities and providers to grow capacity and equitably increase the availability of care



QUALITY OF SYSTEMS & SERVICES

Improve data systems and enhance the use of evidence-based practices to improve the quality of services



WORKFORCE

Advance recruitment, retention, and training efforts targeting the behavioral health workforce



Sustainable Structures – Key Initiatives



988 Crisis System

Establish a centralized, 24/7 access line and robust crisis response system to connect individuals experiencing mental health, substance use, and/or suicide related crises with trauma-informed care and resources to best meet their needs



Certified Community
Behavioral Health
Clinic Model

Strategically transition to the CCBHC model to provide sustainably-funded, comprehensive, integrated, and person-centered care to individuals experiencing mental health and substance use disorder needs



Criminal Justice

Enhance criminal justice connections and partnerships to provide early intervention supports and improve mental health and substance use disorder outcomes for individuals involved in the criminal justice system



Peers and Recovery Hubs

Expand and develop Regional Recovery Hub programs and specialized peer support programs to support individuals experiencing mental health or substance use disorder issues and their loved ones



Access to Services – Key Initiatives



Community Catalyst Grant Program

Develop and implement a large, open grant opportunity for organizations and communities to propose new or expanded programming addressing the needs within their communities, with a preference for demonstrated local match and community collaboration. Funding announcements expected in Early June



Accelerator Grant Program

Offer a grant and technical assistance program to foster and enhance the capabilities of grassroots organizations



Prevention, Intervention, & Treatment Programming Invest in existing and new mental health and substance use disorder prevention, intervention, and treatment providers and programming to build out the continuum of care



Quality of Systems & Services – Key Initiatives



Assessments of Best Practices & Delivery of Services

Assess business practices, clinical practices, and the delivery of services to identify opportunities to systemically improve collaboration, the use of best practices, and the efficacy of care



Regulatory Structure Assessment Assess the existing IT and data systems in use by DMHA and behavioral health providers to identify opportunities for future efficiencies and analysis of outcomes data



Workforce – Key Initiatives



Fund residency, fellowship, and internship opportunities and new partnerships to expand the behavioral health workforce



Develop grant opportunities for providers and offer new training, licensing, and certification opportunities to invest in the existing behavioral health workforce





ACCESS TO SERVICES

Invest in communities and providers to grow capacity and equitably increase the availability of care

Child Mental Health Wraparound Statewide Access Site

Collaboration between DMHA & Child Advocates



CMHW at a Glance 2014 - current



Eligibility Criteria

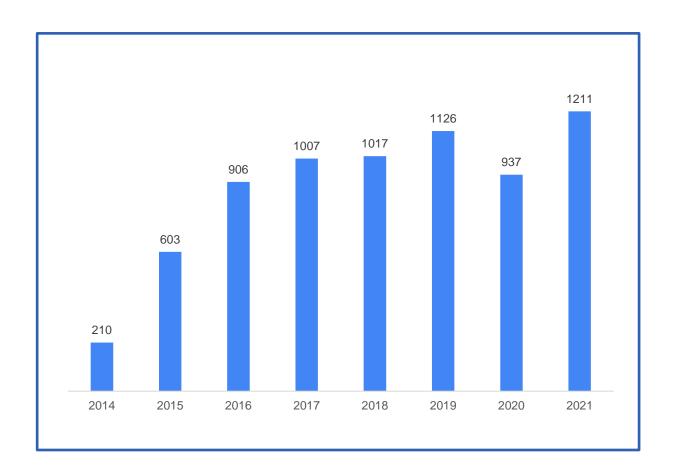
- Provides services to youth diagnosed with serious emotional disturbance (SED)
- Age 6 17
- · Youth lives in the community
- Medicaid eligible
- Level of Need (LON) assessment
- Does not have IDD or Autism dx

Services Available

- Wraparound facilitation
- Habilitation
- Respite
- Family Support for the Unpaid Caregiver



CMHW Enrollment



- 30+ counties with zero or ≥5 youth enrolled
- Historically Lake county has some of the lowest enrollment numbers in the state
- Lake county is also home to large communities of African American & Hispanic families
- Administrative data indicates that CMHW is serving approximately only 28.3% of presumed eligible youth
- Most (81.5%) youth with presumed eligibility had Medicaid

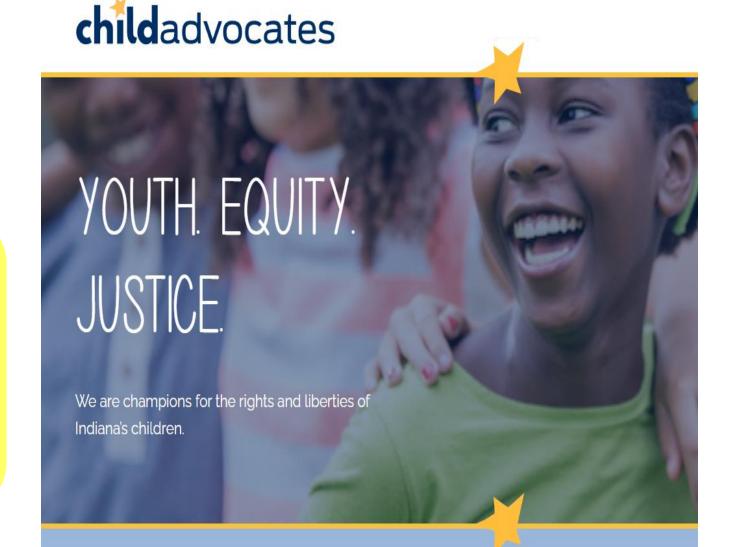




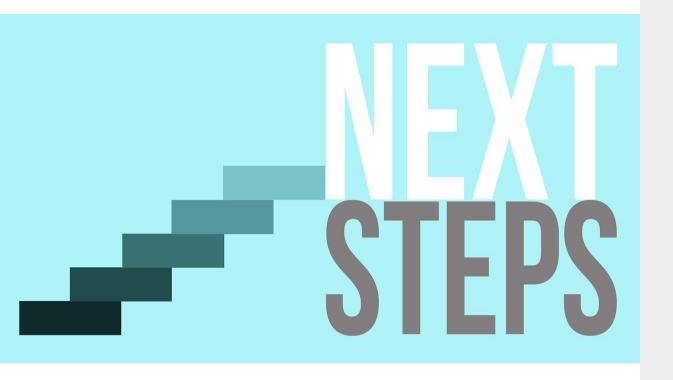


Partnership & Collaboration

- **2**11
- Enhancements to the CMHW database
- Web-based referral portal







- Complete the rollout
- Increase marketing,
 education & outreach efforts
- Track enrollment and other key indicators
- Ensure sustainability plan is in place

Agenda

6. Strategic Priority: Mental Health and Substance Abuse

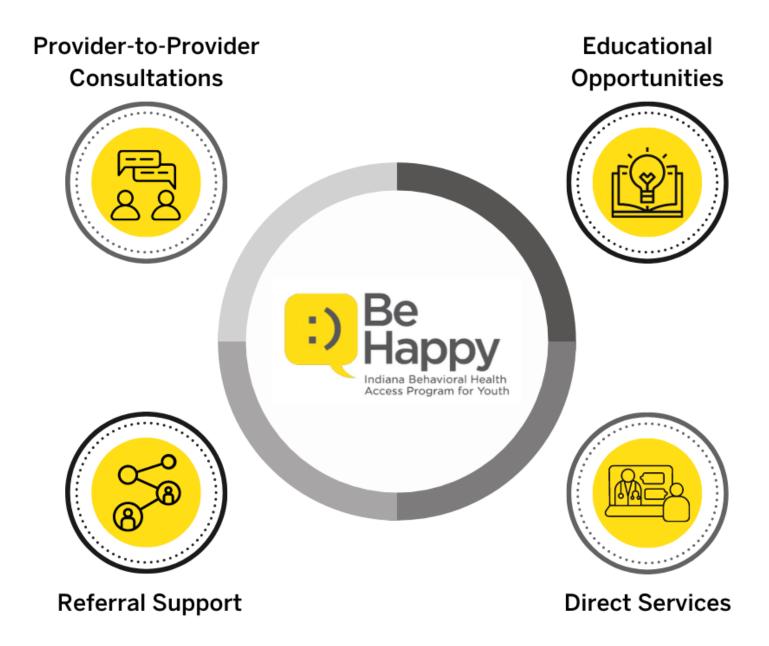
b. Dr. Zachary Adams & Dr. Rachel Yoder

Indiana Behavioral Health Access Program for Youth (Be Happy)



Need for Provider Training & Support

• 9 in 10 children see a primary care provider, but only 1 in 3 pediatricians report sufficient training to diagnose and treat children with mental health disorders.





(317) 278-7700

M-F, 9am - 5pm EST

behappy@iu.edu

https://medicine.iu.edu/psychiatry/ clinical-care/behavioral-health

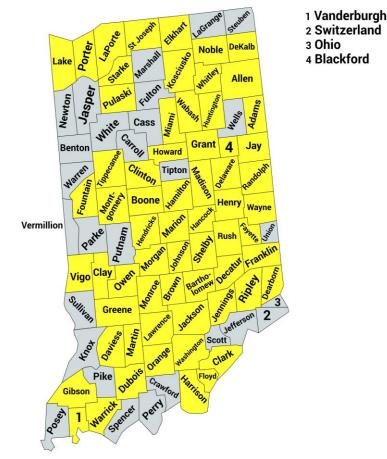
NOT intended for use by families

Mission: To partner with providers across the state of Indiana to continue delivering high-quality, best practice care for pediatric patients concerning mental health care & substance use concerns.

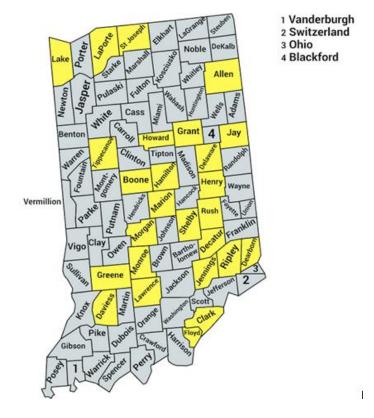
- Provider-to-provider **phone consultation line** with board certified psychiatrists
- Community referral support with up to date psychiatric & community resources
- Educational opportunities related to pediatric mental health

Be Happy by the numbers:

- 1431 Consultation Calls
- 658 Total Enrolled Providers
- Enrolled Providers located in 65 out of 92 counties

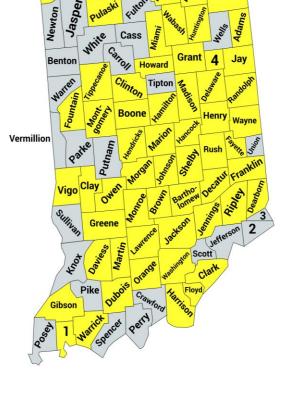


- 2 Switzerland 3 Ohio
- 4 Blackford



- 1 Vanderburgh 2 Switzerland 3 Ohio 4 Blackford

- - 1 Vanderburgh 2 Switzerland
 - 3 Ohio 4 Blackford

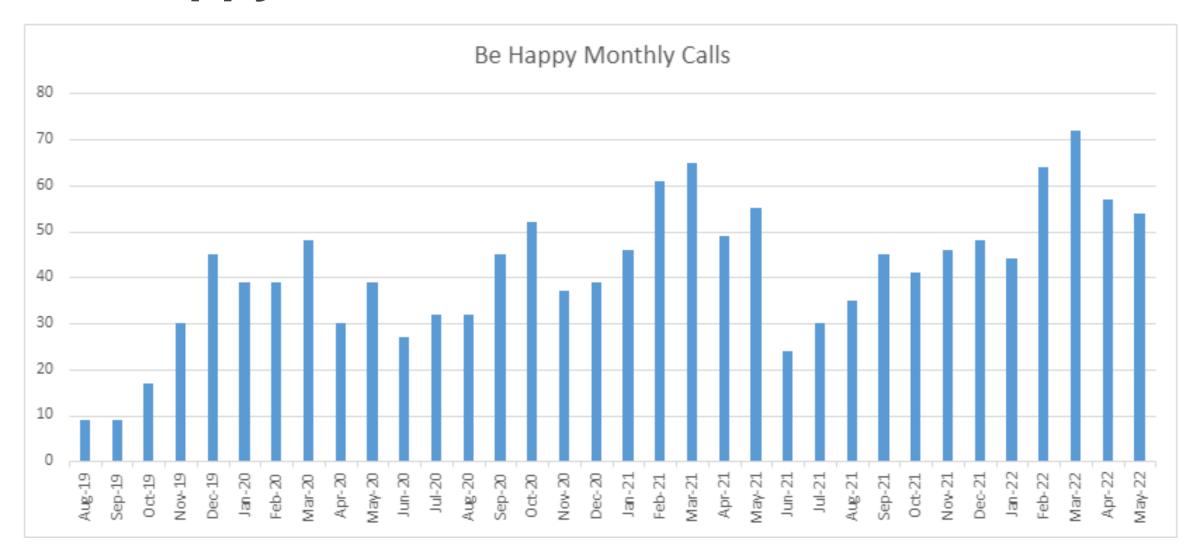


24 counties

40 counties

65 counties

Be Happy Consultation Calls



- We primary care pediatricians out here in the field are seeing a TON of mental health issues, with a mega long wait to get into mental health professional. Be Happy is a true lifeline!! THANK YOU!
- Be Happy always provides me helpful timely information regarding a specific patient that I can then apply broadly to other patients with similar diagnoses/symptoms
- Outstanding service every time I have called. So valuable to have this
 resource available as a primary care pediatrician in a rural community
 with limited mental health access
- Thanks for all you do! The amount of complicated psych issues that end up in my lap as a PCP have become overwhelming.

HRSA grant (\$2.6M) provides 5 years of support for operations and expansion

- Increase availability and accessibility of statewide pediatric healthcare
- Conduct web-based training and provide technical assistance (Project ECHO)
- Improve health equity related to racial, ethnic, and geographic disparities in access to care, with a focus on rural and other underserved areas (DEI consultation, Advisory Committee)





https://echo.iu.edu/

ECHO: Extension for Community Healthcare Outcomes

- Project ECHO connects PCPs and other healthcare professionals with specialists for training and mentorship on management of complex conditions to increase access to care.
- № No-cost CME/CE credits
- Opportunities for professional networking
- Increased access to best practice care



CAMH ECHO: Topics and Presenters

January 21 st	Medication Management for Depression	Dr. Yoder & Dr. Adams
February 18 th	Managing Anxiety Disorders (GAD)/ Medication management for anxiety	Dr. Yoder & Dr. Adams
March 18 th	Managing ADHD	Dr. Braitman
April 15 th	Suicide Prevention	Dr. Casey Pederson
May 20 th	Behavior Management Principles for PCPs	Lindsey Noble, LSCW
June 17 th	Disruptive Behavior Disorders	Dr. Reddy
July 15 th	Panic Attacks/Emotional Dysregulation	Dr. Melissa Hord
August 19 th	Mental health/neurotropic effects of COVID	Dr. Dunn
September 16 th	Best Practices for Trauma-informed care	Dr. Broderick
October 21 st	Treating Autism Spectrum Disorders	Dr. Minshawi
November 18 th	Med Management for Autism	Dr. Plawecki
December 16 th	Sleep Hygiene	Dr. Honaker



CAMH ECHO: Number and Types of Providers

Primary Care Provider: 76

Advanced Nurse Practitioner: 30

Asst Clinical Professor, also PMHNP-BC: 1

CCMA: 2

Clinical Psychologist:1

Coach: 1

Community Health Worker: 6

Mental Health Worker: 1

LPN: 1

Government Entity: 1

Occupational Therapy: 2

Physical Therapist: 1

Physician, Specialist Pediatric Palliative Care: 1

Program Coordinator: 2

Registered Nurse: 3

Social Worker: 24

Child Neurology Resident: 1

Juvenile Probation Officer: 1

Medical Assistant: 4

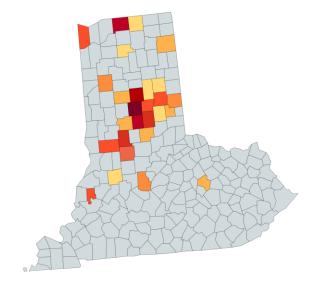
Resident: 1

Physician Assistant: 2

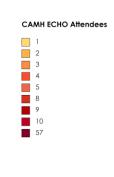
Not Listed: 25



CAMH ECHO: Heat Map of Attendees









Created with mapchart.net

More confident in my ability to address similar pediatric mental health issues.

Gained additional knowledge about addressing pediatric mental health issues.

Better able to guide my patient in obtaining therapy resources.

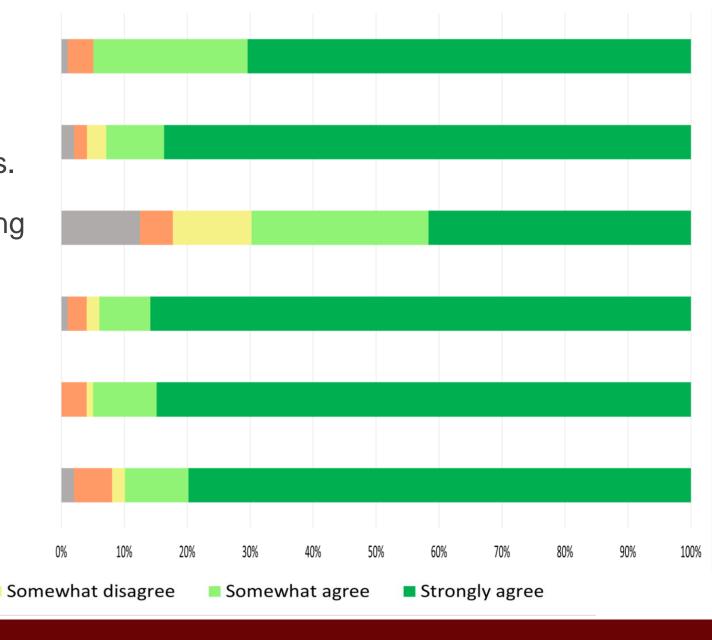
Better able to provide medication management.

More comfortable addressing pediatric mental health issues in my practice.

My patient received mental health assistance more quickly.

■ Not applicable

Strongly disagree





Irsay / Colts and Simon / Pacers Foundation Support!

- 4 Telehealth Psychologist positions, working on filling these now!







Home > News

Herbert Simon Family Foundation and the Pacers Foundation Support Behavioral Health

Indianapolis - The Herbert Simon Family
Foundation and the Pacers Foundation today
announced they are building on the Simon
family's longstanding support of Riley
Children's Health with a gift to increase the
comprehensive care available for Indiana's
children with mental and behavioral health
needs.



The joint donation of \$650,000 to Riley Children's Foundation will support the Indiana Behavioral Health Access Program for Youth, or "Be Happy," which aims to improve access to mental health services for Indiana's children and adolescents.

"The statistics are clear, our state and country are facing a growing mental health crisis, with significant impact on our young people," said Steve Simon, director, Herbert Simon Family Foundation and owner, Pacers Sports & Entertainment. "Expanded access to the Be Happy program is critical to help the next generation of Hoosiers to become mentally healthy, regardless of their location throughout the state."

Future Directions!

- Adult Psychiatric Care
- Perinatal Psychiatric Care

Agenda

7. Strategic Priority: Educational Outcomes

b. Joan Smith, Melaina Gant, Maggie Stevens & Aly Leonard Foster Youth Educational Outcomes



Aly Leonard
Jim Casey Young Fellow
Indiana Youth Advisory Board Leader

Melaina Gant, M.Ed., CYC-P Department of Child Services Joan Smith, LMSW Indiana Department of Education

Maggie Stevens, Ed.D. Foster Success

What is the Foster Care Education Outcomes Report?

What is the Foster Care Education Outcomes Report?

Required by Indiana Code: 021 Indiana Code Title 20. Education Article 19. State Administration of Elementary and Secondary Education Chapter 3. Department of Education 20-19-3-17. Report on Foster Care Youth Educational Outcomes.

17.(d) The state board shall, in collaboration with the department and the department of child services, annually prepare a report on foster care youth educational outcomes that includes the following:

- 1. The annual graduation rate of foster care youth, including the following information:
 - a. The graduation rate for each of the following:
 - Foster care youth who received a graduation waiver under IC 20-32-4-4.
 - ii. Foster care youth who did not receive a graduation waiver under IC 20-32-4-4.
 - b. The number and percentage of foster care youth who received each type of diploma.
- 2. The adjusted cohort graduation rate for foster care youth, including the adjusted cohort graduation rate for each of the following:
 - a. Foster care youth who received a graduation waiver under IC 20-32-4-4.
 - b. Foster care youth who did not receive a graduation waiver under IC 20-32-4-4.

- 3. The number and percentage for each of the following:
 - a. Foster care youth who were promoted to the next grade level at the end of the school year.
 - b. Foster care youth who were retained in the same grade level for the next school year.
 - c. Foster care youth who were suspended during the school year.
 - d. Foster care youth who were expelled during the school year.
 - e. Foster care youth who met academic standards on statewide assessment program tests (as defined in IC 20-32-2-2.3) administered during the school year.

- 4. The information reported under this subdivision must also be disaggregated by race, grade, gender, free or reduced price lunch status, and eligibility for special education.
 - a. The number and percentage of eligible foster care youth who are enrolled in the prekindergarten pilot program under IC 12-17.2-7.2.
 - b. The number and percentage of foster care youth who passed the reading skills evaluation administered under IC 20-32-8.5-2.
 - c. The number and percentage of foster care youth enrolled in schools, disaggregated by the category or designation of the school under IC 20-31-8-3.
 - d. The number and percentage of foster care youth enrolled in schools, disaggregated by the type of school, including public schools, charter schools, and secure private facilities (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115).

2020 – 2021 Key Findings

Foster Students were:

- More likely to be enrolled in traditional public school (90%)
- Less likely to graduate on time (55%)
- . 3X less likely to earn a rigorous diploma
- 3X more likely to be retained in grade
- 2X more likely to be suspended and 4X more likely to be expelled

Action Plan Goals

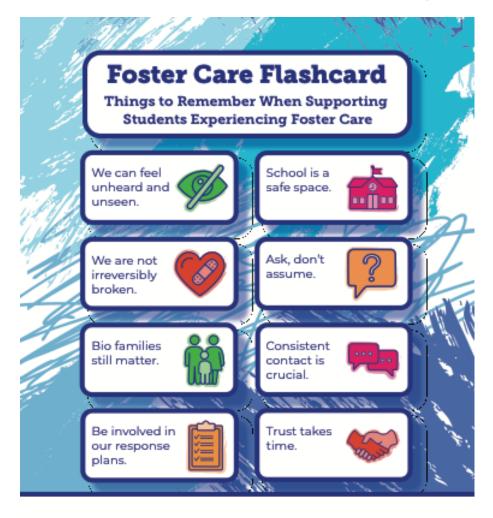
- 1. Encourage districts to enact positive discipline practices and deliver resources to districts that will reduce the suspension and expulsion of students in foster care.
- 2. Broaden and intensify services and supports offered to students in foster care in order to increase graduation rates.
- 3. Create and share a variety of targeted professional development resources specific to the role of Foster Care Point of Contact (POC) clarifying the expectations and responsibilities of the POC and the specific needs of foster youth.
- 4. Create a blueprint of communication and processes to help and support increased collaboration among foster youth, foster families, DCS education services, LEAs, and community-based service providers. Successful models of collaboration will then have the opportunity to be replicated across the state.

Since January 2022

- + Standard Operating Procedures
- + Winter Webinars for Foster Care Points of Contact
- + Transportation Training
- + E-Blast with Education Resources for Foster Care Points of Contact
- + Foster Care Flashcard



Foster Care Flashcard



This card was created by Aly Leonard with input from her peers based on their experiences in foster care.





TIP: Ask about their interests and goals. It could reassure them that they matter. Foster youth have faced a lot of rejection in their lives, which can result in disengagement, or acting out for attention.



TIP: Engage them in the learning environment no matter how long they have been in your classroom. Despite transferring schools more than their non-foster peers, school provides structure and stability.



TIP: Establishing an authentic relationship helps to accommodate their trauma history. A common assumption is that because of the trauma foster youth have gone through, they are irreversibly broken and their actions cannot be mitigated by traditional discipline.



TIP: Meet the child where they are at and ask if you do not know. Ask if you have to, but do not assume. Not every school's curriculum is the same, just like every child's learning style is different.



TIP: Be aware of anything you say regarding their family status. Not every child taken from their home wanted to leave, and while some biological families are not involved, others are working towards reunification.



TIP: Become a consistent person in their life by role modeling healthy communication and boundaries. Foster youth have a huge disadvantage in gaining social capital. Making consistent contact with adults crucial.



TIP: Get involved in their response plans. Be an adult advocate on their team. Youth spend more time at school than at home, so it's beneficial to be involved by advocating for what is and isn't appropriate in their response plan.



TIP: Show up by engaging continually, knowing it will take time. Trust is built over time by being there and collaborating with the child and their supports to establish a stable environment.



In the Works

- + Distribution of the Foster Care Flash Card
- + Training for Indiana judges on ESSA laws
- + Foster Care Conference for Educators



Aly Leonard
Jim Casey Young Fellow
Indiana Youth Advisory Board Leader

Melaina Gant, M.Ed., CYC-P Department of Child Services Joan Smith, LMSW Indiana Department of Education

Maggie Stevens, Ed.D. Foster Success

Agenda

8. Discussion: Future Meeting Topics or Other Items
All Commission Members

Agenda

9. Next Meeting

Wednesday, August 24, 2022,10 a.m. – noon Indiana State Library, History Reference Room