

# The Indiana Commission to Combat Drug Abuse



*Behavioral Health Division*

## Comprehensive Community Plan

County: County: Jasper

LCC Name: Partners for a Drug Free Jasper County

LCC Contact: Kimberly Schuh

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County Commissioners: Rein Bontreger, Jeffrey DeYoung, James Walstra

Address: 115 W. Washington St.

City: Rensselaer

Zip Code: 47978

## **Vision Statement**

What is your Local Coordinating Council's vision statement?

It is the vision of the Jasper County citizens to life in a community that is free of the stigma associated with addiction and mental health, therefor encouraging recovery, and abstinence.

## **Mission Statement**

What is your Local Coordinating Council's mission statement?

Partners for a Drug Free Jasper County is a volunteer organization created to educate, prevent, and reduce the illicit use of alcohol and other drugs in Jasper County.

<b>Membership List</b>					
<b>#</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Organization</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>Gender</b>	<b>Category</b>
1	<b>Andy Sargent</b>	<b>KV School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Education</b>
2	<b>Dave Hickman</b>	<b>KV School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Education/SRO</b>
3	<b>Craig Schiessser</b>	<b>KV School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Education/SRO</b>
4	<b>Andrew Jones</b>	<b>Rens. School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Education</b>
5	<b>Greg Michael</b>	<b>Rens. School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Education</b>
6	<b>Stephanie Dobson</b>	<b>Rens. School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Education</b>
7	<b>Shawn McCracken</b>	<b>Tri-Co School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Education</b>
8	<b>Stephanie Rodruquez</b>	<b>Demotte Christian School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>Education</b>
9	<b>Tom Jarrette</b>	<b>Chief, DeMotte PD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
10	<b>Steve Musch</b>	<b>Ast. Chief DeMotte PD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
11	<b>Jesse Wallace</b>	<b>DeMotte PD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
12	<b>Matthew Anderson</b>	<b>Chief, Rensselaer PD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
13	<b>Patrick Williamson</b>	<b>Sheriff Jasper Co</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
14	<b>Jason Wallace</b>	<b>Chief Deputy Jasper Co</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
15	<b>Rich Trail</b>	<b>Jasper Co Shf</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
16	<b>Adam Suarez</b>	<b>Jasper Co Shf</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
17	<b>Frederick Trammel</b>	<b>State Police</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
18	<b>Susan Wakeland</b>	<b>Jasper Co Community Corrections</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
19	<b>Andrew Boersma</b>	<b>Jasper Co. Deputy Corner</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Medical</b>
20	<b>Diana Boersma</b>	<b>Jasper Co. Coroner</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Medical</b>
21	<b>Jake Taulman</b>	<b>Jasper Co Prosecutor</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Justice</b>
22	<b>Joe Morrison</b>	<b>Jasper Co Deputy Prosecutor</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Justice</b>

23	<b>Darci Bacewic</b>	<b>Jasper County Probation</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Justice</b>
24	<b>Beth Ryan</b>	<b>Retired Addiction Counselor</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Intervention</b>
25	<b>Cheryl Querry</b>	<b>Center of Hope Rens. Sexual Assault Task Force</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Intervention/Medical</b>
26	<b>Kristen Louck</b>	<b>Jasper County Health Dept.</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Intervention/Medical</b>
27	<b>Misty Herrera</b>	<b>North Central Rural Indiana Crisis Center</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Intervention Medical</b>
28	<b>Rebecca Goddard</b>	<b>North Central Rural Indiana Crisis Center</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Intervention/Medical</b>
29	<b>Sarah Jerzyk</b>	<b>Nurse</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Intervention/Medical</b>
30	<b>Vick Noe</b>	<b>House of Grace</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention/Intervention</b>
31	<b>Carol Santos</b>	<b>Sycamore Springs</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Intervention/Medical</b>

### **LCC Meeting Schedule:**

Please provide the months the LCC meets throughout the year:  
February, April, June, August, October, & December

## **II. Community Needs Assessment**

*The first step in developing an effective substance use and misuse reduction plan is to assess your community. A community assessment tells you about your community's readiness to implement prevention, treatment, and justice-related programs to address substance use and*

*misuse. An assessment also provides an overview of the risk and protective factors present in the community, helping your coalition plan more effectively.*

## Community Profile

<p>County Name</p> <p>Jasper County</p>
<p>County Population (2021)</p> <p>33,091</p>
<p>Schools in the community</p> <p>DeMotte Elementary, Covenant Christian High School, Kankakee Valley School Corporation, Rensselaer Central Corporation, Tri-County School Corporation, St. Augustine-Rensselaer</p> <p><b>Demotte</b></p> <p>Demotte Health Care Specialist, CVS Minute Clinic, Porter DeMotte Medical Center, The Women’s Center of Northwest Indiana, Franciscan Health-DeMotte, Leestma Medical Clinic, Darla McKim</p> <p><b>Rensselaer</b></p> <p>Clinic on McKinley, Dr. Sheets, Clinic of Family Medicine, Louck Family Medicine, Christian Clinic, Franciscan Health-Rensselaer, Miracles Rehabilitation</p> <p><b>Wheatfield</b></p> <p>Franciscan Health-Wheatfield, Franciscan Outpatient Therapy, Krol Family Medicine, Northwest Medical Group-Primary Care</p> <p><b>Remington</b></p> <p>Miracles Rehabilitation-PT</p>
<p>Mental health care providers in the community (hospitals with psychiatric/behavioral health units, mental health clinics, private/public providers, etc.)</p>
<p>Service agencies/organizations</p> <p>Rose Wierzba Counseling Valley Oaks, Ryan &amp; Ryan Counseling, Dr. Chad Pulver, James A. Kenny, Franciscan Mental Health New Leaf Resources Integrated Behavioral Health Phoenix Recovery Solutions House of Grace(woman only), Recovery House (men only)</p>
<p>Local media outlets that reach the community</p> <p>Times of Northwest Indiana Rensselaer Republican WLQI/WRIN</p>
<p>What are the substances that are most problematic in your community?</p>

Vaping, Alcohol, Methamphetamine, opioids, heroin and cocaine

List all substance use/misuse services/activities/programs presently taking place in the community

Narcotics Anonymous, Ryan & Ryan, Recover House (Men), House of Grace (women), Valley Oaks

## Community Risk and Protective Factors

*Use the list of risk and protective factors to identify those present in your community. Identify the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that exist in your community related to each. The lists are not all-inclusive and others may apply.*

**Risk Factors Examples:** trauma and toxic stressors; poverty violence; neighborhood characteristics; low neighborhood attachment; community disorganization; community norms and laws favorable toward drug use, firearms, and crime; availability of alcohol and other drugs; weak family relationships; family substance use; peer substance use; mental health problems; families moving frequently from home to home; limited prevention and recovery resources.

**Protective Factors Examples:** strong family relationships; neighborhood economic viability; low childhood stress; access to health care; access to mental health care; community-based interventions; restricted access to alcohol and other drugs including restrictive laws and excise taxes; safe, supportive, and connected neighborhoods; meaningful youth engagement opportunities; local policies and practices that support healthy norms and child-youth programs; positive connection to adults.<sup>1</sup>

Risk Factors	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
1. Juveniles have easy access to drugs, alcohol, vaping products.	1. SROs in schools 2. Counselors at schools 3. After school programs, library activities, AWANS	1. Lack of parental supervision, no consequences. 2. Alcohol & vaping materials are easily concealed 3. False belief it's a safe option
2. Alcohol Use/Abuse	1. Access to local meetings 2. Faith based programs 3. Crisis Center Outreach	1. Limited funds for counselors/recovery, limit insurance coverage 2/ Lack of family support.

		3.Limited available public transportation
3. Drug Addiction	1.Interdiction Officers 2.Counseling offered at Jasper County Sheriff Department & Jasper County Community Corrections 3. Jasper County Recovery House (men) & House of Grace (women)	1. Cannot force recovery 2.Stigma around seeking help 3. Limited access to public transportation
<b>Protective Factors</b>	<b>Resources/Assets</b>	<b>Limitations/Gaps</b>
1.Family Values	1.Strong faith-based programs 2.4H/FFA 3.School/Community Activities	1.Limited access to public transportation 2.Both parents working to survive 3.Circle of friends
2.Access to health care, & mental health	1.School nurses 2.Mental health care, physicians & hospital with the county 3.Crisis Center	1.Treatment is expensive 2.Lack of insurance 3.Lack of Transportation
3.Proactive Law Enforcement	1.SRO's /Counselor 2.Drug Task Force-DEA 3.OWI Patrols	1.Lack of funding 2. Too many students per SRO/Counselor 3. Not enough LEO to handle extra patrols due to a shortage of officers

### III. Making A Community Action Plan

*Now that you have completed a community assessment and have identified the risk and protective factors that exist, you can develop a plan of action. The Comprehensive Community Plan (CCP) is a systematic and community-driven gathering, analysis, and reporting of community-level indicators for the purpose of identifying and addressing local substance use problems.*

Step 1: Create problem statements, and ensure problems statements are in line with statutory requirements

Step 2: Ensure your problem statements are evidence-informed, then prioritize

Step 3: Brainstorm what can be done about each

Step 4: Prioritize your list, and develop SMART goal statements for each

Step 5: List the steps to achieve each goal

### Step 1: Create + Categorize Problem Statements

*Create problem statements as they relate to each of the identified risk factors.*

Risk Factors	Problem Statement(s)
1. Juveniles have easy access to drugs, alcohol, vaping products.	1. Juveniles have easy access to alcohol & Vaping products  2. Lack of understanding health effects  3. There are a lack of consequences
2. Alcohol use by adults	1. Increased alcohol use leads to higher domestic violence/sexual assaults  2. Lack of public transportation leads to driving while intoxicated  3. Lack of education material leads to high number of people abusing alcohol
3. Illegal Drug / Prescription Drugs	1. Illegal Drugs/ Prescription Drugs are easily assessed by users  2. Lack of Consequences of possession of Illegal Drugs / Prescription drugs  3. Limited resources to attend rehabilitation centers

### Step 2: Evidence-Informed Problem Statements



Identify your top three problem statements using local or state data. Ensure that there is a problem statement for each co-equal funding category (e.g., prevention/education; intervention/treatment; and criminal justice services and activities).

Problem Statements	Data That Establishes Problem	Data Source
<p>1. Juvenile use of alcohol/vaping/illegal drugs</p>	<p>School Year 2021-2022</p> <p>K-9 Searches Middle School - 1 High School - 2</p> <p>Poss. of Controlled Substance Middle School - High School - 5</p> <p>Poss. of Tobacco/Vapes Middle School - High School - 11</p> <p>Public Intoxication Middle School -0 High School - 2</p> <p>Minor Consumption Middle School - High School –</p> <p>Drug Testing Middle School – High School – 26</p> <p>Results from Drug Testing: Positive THC -4 Positive Alcohol – 2 Positive Nicotine -1</p> <p>Results from Halos Detections: THC – 2 Nicotine -0</p>	<p>Kankakee Valley School Corp., This School Corp. only one who was issued a grant and only reported for one quarter. Was unable to obtain further information after multiple attempts with school administrators and school resource officer. They did purchase and install 6 Halos</p> <p>Most information came from Rensselaer Central High School, at our meetings.</p>
<p>2. Alcohol abuse among adults</p>	<p>2021 compared to 2022</p> <p>OWI Arrest 2021 – 131 arrests</p>	<p>DeMotte Police Dept. Rensselaer Police Dept. Jasper County Sheriff Remington Police Dept.</p>

	<p>2022 – 144 arrests</p> <p>Public Intoxication 2021 – 12 arrests 2022 – 21 arrests</p> <p>Minor Consumption 2021 – 15 arrests 2022 – 32 arrests</p> <p>Contributing to Minor 2021- 0 arrests 2022 – 9 arrests</p>	<p>Wheatfield Police Dept</p>
<p>3. Illegal Drugs &amp; Illegal possession of Prescription Meds among adults</p>	<p>Charges include, sell, possession &amp; manufacturing</p> <p>2021 compared to 2022</p> <p>Marijuana Charges 2021 – 65 arrests 2022 – 58 arrests</p> <p>Meth Charges 2021 – 94 arrests 2022 – 104 arrests</p> <p>Controlled Substance Charges 2021 – 18 arrests 2022 - 25 arrest</p> <p>Cocaine/Heroin Charges 2021 – 28 arrests 2022 - 6 arrest</p> <p>Synthetic Drug Charges 2021 – 5 arrest 2022 – 0 arrests</p> <p>Legend Drug Charges 2021 – 0 arrests 2022 - 3 arrest</p> <p>Paraphernalia Charges 2021 - 49 arrests 2022 - 48 arrest</p>	<p>DeMotte Police Dept. Rensselaer Police Dept. Jasper County Sheriff Remington Police Dept. Wheatfield Police Dept.</p>

	Syringe Charges 2021 – 37 arrests 2022 – 24 arrests	
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### Step 3: Brainstorm

Consider the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that were identified for each risk factor, and list what actions can be taken for each identified problem statement.

Problem Statements	What can be done (action)?
1. Juvenile use of alcohol/vaping	1. Provide testing equipment for schools 2. Stricter consequences for students in possession of alcohol & vaping equipment 3. In school assemblies & guest speakers
2. Alcohol abuse among adults	1. Law Enforcement increases OWI Patrols 2. Programs in Jasper County Jail, Community Corrections, Recovery House, House of Grace 3. Education community of alcoholism at JC Fair and other festivals
3. Illegal Drugs & Illegal possession of Prescription Meds among adults	1. Increase interdiction patrols in Jasper County 2. Programs along with sentencing to assist in recovery and returning to productive society 3. Undercover operations by the DEA

### Step 4: Develop SMART Goal Statements

For each problem statement, prioritize your list of what can be done. Choose your top two actions for each. Then, develop goal statements that demonstrate what change you hope to achieve and by when you hope to achieve it.

<b>Problem Statement #1</b>
Goal 1 Reduce the number of positive alcohol/drug tests by 2% by the end of the school year of 2023.
Goal 2 Have a guest speaker in schools by the end of school year 2023
<b>Problem Statement #2</b>
Goal 1 Increase the number of OWI Patrols by 2% in 2023
Goal 2

Increase inmates to participate in JCCC programs by 5% in 2023
<b>Problem Statement #3</b>
Goal 1 Decrease overdoses by 2% in 2023
Goal 2 Increase the number of individuals going to treatment by 1% in 2023

### Step 5: Plans to Achieve Goals

*For each goal, list the steps required to achieve each*

Problem Statement #1	Steps
Goal 1 Reduce the number of positive alcohol/drug tests by 2% by the end of the school year of 2023.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Identify signs of drug use in students. Educate school administration to notice signs of impaired students.</li> <li>2. Educate parents and juveniles of the dangers of drug and alcohol abuse.</li> <li>3. Grants for School Corporations for test materials.</li> </ol>
Goal 2 Have a guest speaker in schools by the end of school year 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Grant issued to Rensselaer Schools for guest speaker, he will also go to Tri-County Schools later in the day.</li> <li>2. Stricter consequences for students and parents.</li> <li>3. Council at risk students</li> </ol>
Problem Statement #2	Steps
Goal 1 Increase the number of OWI Patrols by 2% in 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Provide funding to police agencies for OWI Patrols</li> <li>2. Educate the public on the dangers of Driving while Intoxicated</li> <li>3. Police set up more check points</li> </ol>
Goal 2 Increase inmates to participate in JC Dention programs by 5% in 2023	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Have jail staff inform inmates of the programs offered while incarcerated</li> </ol>

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Speak to inmates of the benefits of attending the programs</li> <li>3. Have former inmates talk to current inmates about the programs and how they benefited them once they were released from incarceration.</li> </ol>
<b>Problem Statement #3</b>	<b>Steps</b>
<p>Goal 1 Decrease overdoses by 2% in 2023</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.. Education the public on the dangers of drugs at the JC Fair and other festivals</li> <li>2. LEO have access &amp; trained to carry Narcan. JC Drug Units obtain the NARCAN from the JC Health Dept.</li> <li>3. All EMS Personnel in Jasper County have access to NARCAN</li> </ol>
<p>Goal 2 Increase the number of individuals going to treatment by 1% in 2023</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Provide treatment options, while incarcerated at the JC Detention Centers</li> <li>2. Provide education material for recovery programs.</li> <li>3. Provide treatment options, while on work release or home detention</li> </ol>

#### IV. Fund Document

*The fund document allows the LCC to provide finances available to the coalition at the beginning of the year. The fund document gauges an LCC's fiscal wellness to empower their implementation of growth within their community. The fund document also ensures LCCs meet the statutory requirement of funding programs within the three categories of (1) Prevention/Education, (2) Treatment/Intervention, and (3) Criminal Justice Services and Activities (IC 5-2-11-5).*

Funding Profile		
<b>1</b>	Amount deposited into the County DFC Fund from fees collected last year:	\$31,176.48
<b>2</b>	Amount of unused funds from last year that will roll over into this year:	\$6,803.28
<b>3</b>	Total funds available for programs and administrative costs for this year (Line 1 + Line 2):	\$37,979.76
<b>4</b>	Amount of funds granted last year:	\$22,887.48
Additional Funding Sources (if no money is received, please enter \$0.00)		
<b>A</b>	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA):	\$0.00
<b>B</b>	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):	\$0.00
<b>C</b>	Bureau of Justice Administration (BJA):	\$0.00

<b>D</b>	Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP):		\$0.00
<b>E</b>	Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH):		\$0.00
<b>F</b>	Indiana Department of Education (DOE):		\$0.00
<b>G</b>	Indiana Division of Mental Health and Addiction (DMHA):		\$0.00
<b>H</b>	Indiana Family and Social Services Administration (FSSA):		\$0.00
<b>I</b>	Local entities:		\$0.00
<b>J</b>	Other:		\$0.00
<b>Categorical Funding Allocations</b>			
Prevention/Education: \$9,621.44		Intervention/Treatment: \$9,621.44	Justice Services: \$9,621.44
<b>Funding allotted to Administrative costs:</b>			
<i>Itemized list of what is being funded</i>			<i>Amount (\$100.00)</i>
Coordinator compensation			\$9,115.44
Office supplies			\$0.00
<b>Funding Allocations by Goal per Problem Statement:</b>			
<b>Problem Statement #1</b>	<b>Problem Statement #2</b>	<b>Problem Statement #3</b>	
Goal 1: \$1,500.00	Goal 1: \$9,100.00	Goal 1: \$0	
Goal 2: \$2,000.00	Goal 2: \$0	Goal 2: \$5,202.00	