

SPRINGS VALLEY LAKE
Orange County
2009 Fish Management Report

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- Springs Valley Lake (also referred to as Tucker Lake) is a 127-acre impoundment located about 6 mi south of the Town of French Lick in Orange County.
- A general survey was conducted on May 4 and June 1 to 2, 2009. Submersed aquatic vegetation was sampled on July 13, 2009.
- Submersed vegetation was found to a maximum depth of 11.0 ft. Six native species, American pondweed, brittle naiad, coontail, American elodea, small pondweed, and southern naiad were collected. Brittle naiad was the most frequently occurring, followed by American elodea, small pondweed, and coontail.
- A total of 551 fish, representing ten species, was collected that weighed an estimated 182 lbs. Largemouth bass ranked first by number, followed by redear sunfish, and longear sunfish. Largemouth bass ranked first by weight, followed by redear sunfish, and channel catfish.
- A total of 163 largemouth bass was sampled that weighed 70 lbs. They ranged in length from 3.9 to 14.6 in. Largemouth bass growth was normal when compared to the district average with age-3 fish averaging 10.5 and age-4 fish averaging 12.1 in.
- Springs Valley Lake provides excellent fishing for redear sunfish and bluegill. Seventy-four percent of the redear and 12% of the bluegill were 8.0 in or longer. The redear electrofishing catch rate increased by 242% and the trap net catch rate increased by 938% since 2006. The bluegill electrofishing catch rate increased by 27%.
- The largemouth bass electrofishing catch rate has substantially increased from 2006. However, the number of harvestable fish has decreased. Only one bass over 14.0 in was collected versus 9 in 2006. This may be due to increased harvest.
- The channel catfish catch rates were low indicating that these fish are being utilized and stockings should continue. Also, the proximity of camping and the abundant shoreline access makes this lake ideal for catfish anglers.

INTRODUCTION

Springs Valley Lake (also referred to as Tucker Lake) is a 127-acre impoundment located about 6 mi south of the Town of French Lick in Orange County. The U. S. Forest Service (USFS) owns the lake and the surrounding property. However, the Indiana Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), Division of Fish and Wildlife manages the lake's fishery. Angler access includes a concrete boat ramp and shoreline fishing along USFS trails. There are no access fees and only electric motors are allowed.

The 2006 general survey revealed low numbers of largemouth bass and a decreased bluegill population. Growth was good for both species. It was recommended that channel catfish stockings continue.

METHODS

A general survey was conducted on May 4 (electrofishing) and June 1 and 2 (netting), 2009. Some physical and chemical characteristics of the water were measured according to standard guidelines (Shipman 2001). Submersed aquatic vegetation was sampled on July 13, 2009, using guidelines written by the IDNR (2006).

Fish collection effort consisted of pulsed DC night electrofishing with two dippers for 0.75 h, two trap net lifts, and four experimental-mesh gill net lifts. All fish collected were measured to the nearest 0.1 in TL. Average weights for fish by half-inch groups for Fish Management District 7 were used to estimate weights. Fish scale samples were taken from sport fish for age and growth analysis. Proportional stock density (PSD) and relative stock density (RSD) were calculated for bluegill, largemouth bass, and redear sunfish (Anderson and Neumann 1996). The Bluegill Fishing Potential (BGFP) index was used to assess bluegill fishing quality (Ball and Tousignant 1996).

RESULTS

Springs Valley Lake has a maximum depth of 31.0 ft. The Secchi disk depth was 8.0 ft and the conductivity was 125 μ S. Dissolved oxygen concentrations were marginal for fish survival below 16.0 ft.

Submersed vegetation was found at 85% of the littoral sites to a maximum depth of 11.0 ft. Six native species, American pondweed, brittle naiad, coontail, American elodea, small

pondweed, and southern naiad were collected. Brittle naiad was the most frequently occurring (48%), followed by American elodea (26%), small pondweed (20%), and coontail (16%). No emergent plants were observed. Blue-green algae (*Oscillatoria spp.*) was collected.

A total of 551 fish, representing ten species, was collected that weighed an estimated 182 lbs. Largemouth bass ranked first by number (30%), followed by redear sunfish (23%), longear sunfish (19%), and bluegill (16%). Largemouth bass ranked first by weight (39%), followed by redear sunfish (31%), and channel catfish (7%). Other species collected were warmouth, black crappie, a notropis spp., white sucker, and brown bullhead. Species collected in past surveys include black bullhead, yellow bullhead, grass pickerel, green sunfish, common carp, golden shiner, and blackstripe topminnow.

A total of 163 largemouth bass was sampled that weighed 70 lbs. They ranged in length from 3.9 to 14.6 in. The electrofishing catch rate was 217.3/h and none were collected in trap or gill nets. The electrofishing catch rate in 2006 was 113.0/h. Largemouth reached 14.0 in during their fifth year of growth. Largemouth bass growth was normal when compared to the district average with age-3 fish averaging 10.5 in and an age-4 fish averaging 12.1 in. In 2006, bass averaged 10.9 in at age-3 and 13.6 in at age-4.

The largemouth bass PSD decreased from 27 (2006) to 14. The suggested PSD range indicating a balanced largemouth bass fishery is 40 to 70 (Anderson and Neumann 1996). The RSD-14 and RSD-15 were 1 and 0 versus 14 and 6 in 2006.

One hundred twenty-five redear sunfish were sampled that weighed 57 lbs. They ranged in length from 3.8 to 10.9 in. The catch rates were 54.7/electrofishing h, 41.5/trap net lift, and 0.3/gill net lift. The electrofishing catch rate in 2006 was 16.0/h. Redear sunfish grew fast. Redear averaged 8.8 at age 4 and 9.8 in at age 5 compared to the district average of 8.0 at age 4 and 8.9 in at age 5.

The redear PSD was 69 and the RSD-9 was 12. These indices were not calculated in 2006 due to the small sample size.

A total of 90 bluegill was sampled that weighed 13 lbs. They ranged in length from 1.4 to 8.5 in. The catch rates were 105.3/electrofishing h, 1.5/trap net lift, and 2.0/gill net lift. The 2006 electrofishing catch rate was 83.0/h. Bluegill grew fast averaging 6.9 in at age 3 and 8.0 in at age 4 compared to 6.0 in at age 3 and 7.4 in at age 4 in 2006. The district averages are 5.4 in at age 3 and 6.5 in at age 4. No bluegill age 5 or older were collected.

The bluegill PSD was 59. These indices were not calculated in 2006 due to the small sample size. The suggested PSD range indicating a balanced bluegill fishery is 20 to 60 (Anderson and Neumann 1996). The RSD-7 was 47 and RSD-8 was 18. The BGFP index was 29 classifying the bluegill fishery as “excellent”.

Sixteen channel catfish were sampled that weighed 17 lbs. They ranged in length from 10.2 to 23.2 in. The catch rates were 2.6/electrofishing h, 0/trap net lift, and 3.5/gill net lift.

Six black crappie were collected that weighed 2 lbs. They ranged in length from 7.6 to 11.6 in. The catch rates were 5.3/electrofishing h, 0/trap net lift, and 0.5/gill net lift.

DISCUSSION

Springs Valley Lake provides excellent fishing for redear sunfish and bluegill. Seventy-four percent of the redear and 12% of the bluegill were 8.0 in or longer. The redear electrofishing catch rate increased by 242% and the trap net catch rate increased by 938% since 2006. The bluegill electrofishing catch rate increased by 27%.

The largemouth bass electrofishing catch rate has substantially increased from 2006. However, the number of harvestable bass has decreased. Only one bass over 14.0 in was collected versus 9 in 2006. This may be due to increased harvest.

The channel catfish catch rates were low indicating that these fish are being utilized and stockings should continue. Also, the proximity of camping and the abundant shoreline access makes this lake ideal for catfish anglers.

This is the first time that *Oscillatoria spp.* (blue-green algae) has been identified in Springs Valley Lake. *Oscillatoria* and many other species of blue-green algae have the potential to produce toxins that are harmful to humans, fish, and other animals (Dr. L. P. Tedesco, personal communication, November 19, 2009). Blue-green algae is common in nutrient rich environments. It is recommended that the USFS investigate methods to reduce nutrient loading in the lake’s watershed.

RECOMMENDATIONS

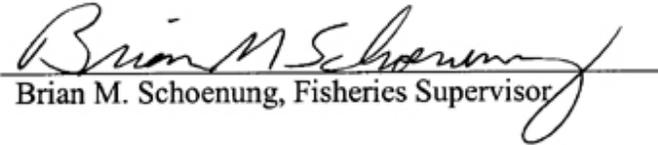
- Channel catfish stockings should continue.
- The USFS should investigate methods to reduce nutrient loading into the lake’s watershed.

LITERATURE CITED

- Anderson, R. O. and R. M. Neumann. 1996. Length, weight, and associated structural indices. Pages 447-481 in B. R. Murphy and D. W. Willis, editors. Fisheries techniques, 2nd edition. American Fisheries Society, Bethesda, Maryland.
- Ball, R. L. and J. N. Tousignant. 1996. The development of an objective rating system to assess bluegill fishing in lakes and ponds. Research report. Indiana Department of Natural Resources. Indianapolis, Indiana. 18 pp.
- Indiana Department of Natural Resources. 2006. Tier II aquatic vegetation survey protocol. 9 pp.
- Shipman, S. T. 2001. Manual of fisheries survey methods. Fisheries Section. Indiana Division of Fish and Wildlife. Indianapolis, Indiana. 58 pp.

Submitted by: Michelle L. Cain, Assistant Fisheries Biologist
Date: November 9, 2009

Approved by: Daniel P. Carnahan, Fisheries Biologist

Approved by: 
Brian M. Schoenung, Fisheries Supervisor

Date: January 20, 2010

Appendix

Fish survey data

LAKE SURVEY REPORT

Type of Survey	
<input type="checkbox"/> Initial Survey	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Re-Survey

Lake Name Springs Valley Lake	County Orange	Date of survey (Month, day, year) May 4 and June 1-2, 2009
Biologist's name Michelle Cain		Date of approval (Month, day, year) January 20, 2010

LOCATION		
Quadrangle Name Greenbrier	Range 1W	Section 29, 30, 31, 32
Township Name 1N	Nearest Town French Lick	

ACCESSIBILITY					
State owned public access site		Privately owned public access site		Other access site USFS concrete boat ramp	
Surface acres 127.5	Maximum depth 31.0	Average depth 10.0	Acre feet 1,275.0	Water level 579.0	Extreme fluctuations None
Location of benchmark Unknown					

INLETS		
Name Unnamed stream	Location Section 29	Origin Runoff
Unnamed stream	Section 31	Runoff
Unnamed stream	Section 32	Runoff

OUTLETS	
Name French Lick Creek	Location Below dam

WATER LEVEL CONTROL		
POOL	ELEVATION (Feet MSL)	ACRES
TOP OF DAM	602	
TOP OF FLOOD CONTROL POOL	585	
TOP OF CONSERVATION POOL	579	135
TOP OF MINIMUM POOL		
STREAMBED	548	

Bottom type

Boulder

Gravel

Sand

Muck

Clay

Marl

Watershed use
Agriculture, Forest. Lake on 1,445 acres of National Forest Service land.

Development of shoreline
One concrete boat ramp, primitive campground near boat ramp.

Previous surveys and investigations
Fisheries surveys: 1965, 1967, 1968, 1973, 1977, 1981, 1985, 1993, 2000, and 2006.

Results of fertilization: 1970, 1971.

SAMPLING EFFORT					
ELECTROFISHING	Day hours		Night hours		Total hours
	0		0.75		0.75
TRAP NETS	Number of traps		Number of Lifts		Total effort
	2		1		2 overnight sets
GILL NETS	Number of nets		Number of Lifts		Total effort
	4		1		4 overnight sets
ROTENONE	Gallons	ppm	Acre Feet Treated	SHORELINE SEINING	Number of 100 Foot Seine Hauls

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Color		Turbidity	
Clear		8 Feet 0 Inches (SECCHI DISK)	
Alkalinity (ppm)*		pH	
Surface: 51.3 Bottom: 85.5		Surface: 7.66 Bottom: 7.42	
Conductivity:		Air temperature:	
125 (5/4); 128 (6/1) micromhos		75 °F	
Water chemistry GPS coordinates:			
N 38.481993		W -86.567687	

TEMPERATURE AND DISSOLVED OXYGEN (D.O.)								
DEPTH (FEET)	Degrees (°F)	D.O. (ppm)	DEPTH (FEET)	DEGREES (°F)	D.O. (ppm)	DEPTH (FEET)	DEGREES (°F)	D.O. (ppm)
SURFACE	74.8	6.03	36			72		
2	74.8	5.98	38			74		
4	74.8	6.09	40			76		
6	74.8	6.08	42			78		
8	71.2	6.70	44			80		
10	66.9	5.84	46			82		
12	64.9	5.41	48			84		
14	61.9	5.28	50			86		
16	58.3	4.45	52			88		
18	55.4	3.23	54			90		
20	53.9	2.64	56			92		
22	52.9	2.49	58			94		
24	51.6	2.42	60			96		
26	50.0	2.30	62			98		
Bottom	48.9	2.18	64			100		
30			66					
32			68					
34			70					

COMMENTS

*ppm-parts per million

Occurrence and Abundance of Submersed Aquatic Plants

Lake: Springs Valley	Secchi (ft): 15	SE Mean Species / Site: 0.16
Date: 7/13/2009	Littoral Sites w/Plants: 40	Mean Natives / Site: 1.22
Littoral Depth (ft): 11.0	Number of Species: 8	SE Mean Natives / Site: 0.13
Littoral Sites: 47	Max. Species / Site: 4	Species Diversity: 0.81
Total Sites: 50	Mean Species / Site: 1.50	Native Diversity: 0.75

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency of Occurrence</u>	<u>Score Frequency</u>				<u>Dominance</u>
		<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>	
Brittle naiad	48	52	32	12	4	17.6
American elodea	26	74	16	2	8	12.4
Coontail	16	84	10	2	4	7.2
Small pondweed	20	80	18	2	0	4.8
American pondweed	10	90	8	2	0	2.8
Southern naiad	2	98	2	0	0	0.4

NUMBER, PERCENTAGE, WEIGHT, AND AGE OF LARGEMOUTH BASS

TOTAL LENGTH (inches)	NUMBER COLLECTED	PERCENT OF FISH COLLECTED	AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)	AGE OF FISH	TOTAL LENGTH (inches)	NUMBER COLLECTED	PERCENT OF FISH COLLECTED	AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)	AGE OF FISH
1.0					19.0				
1.5					19.5				
2.0					20.0				
2.5					20.5				
3.0					21.0				
3.5	2	1.2	0.03	1	21.5				
4.0	2	1.2	0.03	1	22.0				
4.5	2	1.2	0.04	1	22.5				
5.0	3	1.8	0.06	1	23.0				
5.5					23.5				
6.0					24.0				
6.5					24.5				
7.0	9	5.5	0.16	2	25.0				
7.5	24	14.7	0.20	2, 3	25.5				
8.0	20	12.3	0.24	2	26.0				
8.5	16	9.8	0.28	2, 3	TOTAL	163			
9.0	5	3.1	0.33	2, 3					
9.5	7	4.3	0.39	2, 3					
10.0	7	4.3	0.46	2, 3					
10.5	10	6.1	0.53	3					
11.0	25	15.3	0.62	3, 4					
11.5	12	7.4	0.71	3, 4					
12.0	9	5.5	0.80	4					
12.5	5	3.1	0.91	4					
13.0	3	1.8	1.02	4, 5					
13.5	1	0.6	1.15	5					
14.0									
14.5	1	0.6	1.47	5					
15.0									
15.5									
16.0									
16.5									
17.0									
17.5									
18.0									
18.5									

ELECTROFISHING CATCH	217.3/h	GILL NET CATCH	0/lift	TRAP NET CATCH	0/lift
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NUMBER, PERCENTAGE, WEIGHT, AND AGE OF REDEAR SUNFISH

TOTAL LENGTH (inches)	NUMBER COLLECTED	PERCENT OF FISH COLLECTED	AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)	AGE OF FISH	TOTAL LENGTH (inches)	NUMBER COLLECTED	PERCENT OF FISH COLLECTED	AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)	AGE OF FISH
1.0					19.0				
1.5					19.5				
2.0					20.0				
2.5					20.5				
3.0					21.0				
3.5	2	1.6	0.03	1	21.5				
4.0					22.0				
4.5					22.5				
5.0	2	1.6	0.09	2	23.0				
5.5	6	4.8	0.13	2	23.5				
6.0	3	2.4	0.17	2	24.0				
6.5	2	1.6	0.22	2	24.5				
7.0	9	7.2	0.27	2, 3	25.0				
7.5	9	7.2	0.33	3, 4	25.5				
8.0	26	20.8	0.40	3, 4	26.0				
8.5	28	22.4	0.48	3, 4	TOTAL	125			
9.0	17	13.6	0.57	4, 5					
9.5	10	8.0	0.66	4, 5					
10.0	5	4.0	0.76	5					
10.5	6	4.8	0.87	5, 6					
11.0									
11.5									
12.0									
12.5									
13.0									
13.5									
14.0									
14.5									
15.0									
15.5									
16.0									
16.5									
17.0									
17.5									
18.0									
18.5									

ELECTROFISHING CATCH	54.7/h	GILL NET CATCH	0.3/lift	TRAP NET CATCH	41.5/lift
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NUMBER, PERCENTAGE, WEIGHT, AND AGE OF BLUEGILL									
TOTAL LENGTH (inches)	NUMBER COLLECTED	PERCENT OF FISH COLLECTED	AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)	AGE OF FISH	TOTAL LENGTH (inches)	NUMBER COLLECTED	PERCENT OF FISH COLLECTED	AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)	AGE OF FISH
1.0	3	3.3	0.01	not aged	19.0				
1.5	7	7.8	0.01	0, 1	19.5				
2.0	10	11.1	0.01	0, 1	20.0				
2.5	15	16.7	0.01	1	20.5				
3.0	2	2.2	0.02	1	21.0				
3.5	5	5.6	0.03	2	21.5				
4.0	3	3.3	0.05	2	22.0				
4.5	3	3.3	0.07	2, 3	22.5				
5.0	4	4.4	0.09	2, 3	23.0				
5.5	1	1.1	0.13	2	23.5				
6.0	3	3.3	0.17	2, 3	24.0				
6.5	10	11.1	0.22	3, 4	24.5				
7.0	5	5.6	0.28	3, 4	25.0				
7.5	8	8.9	0.34	3, 4	25.5				
8.0	10	11.1	0.41	3, 4	26.0				
8.5	1	1.1	0.49	4	TOTAL	90			
9.0									
9.5									
10.0									
10.5									
11.0									
11.5									
12.0									
12.5									
13.0									
13.5									
14.0									
14.5									
15.0									
15.5									
16.0									
16.5									
17.0									
17.5									
18.0									
18.5									

ELECTROFISHING CATCH	105.3/h	GILL NET CATCH	2.0/lift	TRAP NET CATCH	1.5/lift
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NUMBER, PERCENTAGE, WEIGHT, AND AGE OF BLACK CRAPPIE

TOTAL LENGTH (inches)	NUMBER COLLECTED	PERCENT OF FISH COLLECTED	AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)	AGE OF FISH	TOTAL LENGTH (inches)	NUMBER COLLECTED	PERCENT OF FISH COLLECTED	AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)	AGE OF FISH
1.0					19.0				
1.5					19.5				
2.0					20.0				
2.5					20.5				
3.0					21.0				
3.5					21.5				
4.0					22.0				
4.5					22.5				
5.0					23.0				
5.5					23.5				
6.0					24.0				
6.5					24.5				
7.0					25.0				
7.5	3	50.0	0.22	2, 3	25.5				
8.0	2	33.3	0.28	3	26.0				
8.5					TOTAL	6			
9.0									
9.5									
10.0									
10.5									
11.0									
11.5	1	16.7	0.94	5					
12.0									
12.5									
13.0									
13.5									
14.0									
14.5									
15.0									
15.5									
16.0									
16.5									
17.0									
17.5									
18.0									
18.5									

ELECTROFISHING CATCH	5.3/h	GILL NET CATCH	0.5/lift	TRAP NET CATCH	0/lift
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LARGEMOUTH BASS AGE-LENGTH KEY

Length group (in)	Total number	Sub-sample	AGE					
			1	2	3	4	5	
3.5	2	1	2					
4.0	2	2	2					
4.5	2	2	2					
5.0	3	3	3					
5.5								
6.0								
6.5								
7.0	9	5		9				
7.5	24	7		21	3			
8.0	20	6		20				
8.5	16	5		13	3			
9.0	5	5		4	1			
9.5	7	5		3	4			
10.0	7	4		2	5			
10.5	10	5			10			
11.0	25	5			20	5		
11.5	12	6			4	8		
12.0	9	5				9		
12.5	5	5				5		
13.0	3	3				1		2
13.5	1	1						1
14.0								
14.5	1	1						1
Totals	163	45	9	71	51	28		4

AGE-LENGTH KEY SUMMARY						
Age	Number	Mean			Lower 95%CI	Upper 95%CI
		TL	Var	SE		
1	9	4.6	0.38	0.20	4.2	5.0
2	71	8.2	0.50	0.08	8.1	8.4
3	51	10.5	1.16	0.15	10.2	10.8
4	28	12.1	0.30	0.10	11.8	12.3
5	4	13.8	0.50	0.35	13.0	14.5

REDEAR SUNFISH AGE-LENGTH KEY

Length group (in)	Total number	Sub-sample	AGE						
			1	2	3	4	5	6	
3.5	2	2	2						
4.0									
4.5									
5.0	2	2		2					
5.5	6	6		6					
6.0	3	3		3					
6.5	2	2		2					
7.0	9	6		5	5				
7.5	9	6			8	2			
8.0	26	5			16	10			
8.5	28	4			7	21			
9.0	17	8				9	9		
9.5	10	6				7	3		
10.0	5	5					5		
10.5	6	6						2	4
Totals	125	61	2	18	35	48	19		4

AGE-LENGTH KEY SUMMARY						
Age	Number	Mean			Lower 95%CI	Upper 95%CI
		TL	Var	SE		
1	2	3.8	0	0	3.8	3.8
2	18	6.3	0.51	0.17	5.9	6.6
3	35	8.1	0.22	0.08	8.0	8.3
4	48	8.8	0.27	0.07	8.7	9.0
5	19	9.8	0.30	0.13	9.5	10.0
6	4	10.8	0	0	10.8	10.8

BLUEGILL AGE-LENGTH KEY

Length group (in)	Total number	Sub-sample	AGE			
			1	2	3	4
1.0	3					
1.5	7	2	7			
2.0	10	4	10			
2.5	15	8	15			
3.0	2	2	2			
3.5	5	5		5		
4.0	3	3		3		
4.5	3	3		2	1	
5.0	4	4		3	1	
5.5	1	1		1		
6.0	3	3		1	2	
6.5	10	7			9	1
7.0	5	5			4	1
7.5	8	4			4	4
8.0	10	8			1	9
8.5	1	1				1
Totals	90	60	34	15	22	16

AGE-LENGTH KEY SUMMARY						
Age	Number	Mean			Lower 95%CI	Upper 95%CI
		TL	Var	SE		
1	34	2.4	0.20	0.08	2.3	2.6
2	15	4.6	0.67	0.21	4.2	5.0
3	22	6.9	0.67	0.18	6.6	7.3
4	16	8.0	0.27	0.13	7.7	8.2

GPS LOCATION OF SAMPLING EQUIPMENT

GILL NETS			TRAP NETS			ELECTROFISHING		
1	N 38.486260	W -86.558853	1	N 38.479652	W -86.563919	1	N 38.479063	W -86.563653
	N	W	2	N 38.481197	W -86.557604		N 38.479037	W -86.562516
2	N 38.483488	W -86.558671	3	N	W	2	N 38.479724	W -86.564254
	N	W	4	N	W		N 38.480618	W -86.568067
3	N 38.479014	W -86.562659	5	N	W	3	N 38.481912	W -86.568107
	N	W	6	N	W		N 38.483397	W -86.563505
4	N 38.481426	W -86.568009	7	N	W	4	N	W
	N	W	8	N	W		N	W
5	N	W	9	N	W	5	N	W
	N	W	10	N	W		N	W
6	N	W	11	N	W	6	N	W
	N	W	12	N	W		N	W
7	N	W	13	N	W	7	N	W
	N	W	14	N	W		N	W
8	N	W	15	N	W	8	N	W
	N	W	16	N	W		N	W
9	N	W	17	N	W	9	N	W
	N	W	18	N	W		N	W
10	N	W	19	N	W	10	N	W
	N	W	20	N	W		N	W
11	N	W				11	N	W
	N	W					N	W
12	N	W				12	N	W
	N	W					N	W
13	N	W				13	N	W
	N	W					N	W
14	N	W				14	N	W
	N	W					N	W
15	N	W				15	N	W
	N	W					N	W
16	N	W				16	N	W
	N	W					N	W
17	N	W				17	N	W
	N	W					N	W
18	N	W				18	N	W
	N	W					N	W
19	N	W				19	N	W
	N	W					N	W
20	N	W				20	N	W
	N	W					N	W