



The Indiana Fair Housing Act (22-9.5 et. seq.) and Indiana Civil Rights Law (IC 22-9) makes it illegal to discriminate in housing related transactions based on:

Race | Color | Sex | Disability | Religion | Ancestry | National Origin Familial Status (having children under 18) | Veteran Status

Unlawful discrimination includes any act, policy, practice, or other procedure that unfairly affects someone because of their protected class.

Examples of housing discrimination include (but are not limited to):

- Denial or delay of changes to policy or practice or changes to the physical premises for persons with a disability
- Harassment, including sexual harassment
- Denial, delay, or unreasonable conditioning of the rental or purchase of real estate, including but not limited to housing
- Denial, delay, or unreasonable conditioning of loans for purchase or improvement of housing
- Preferential and discriminatory advertisement and marketing of housing

 Retaliation for filing a complaint or asserting your rights

Visit: IN.gov/ICRC Dial: (800) 628-2909 @INCivilRights







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