Indiana Prosecuting Attorneys Council Adult Protective Services

Interim Study Committee on Courts and the Judiciary Sen. Rodric Bray, Chairperson September 21, 2017

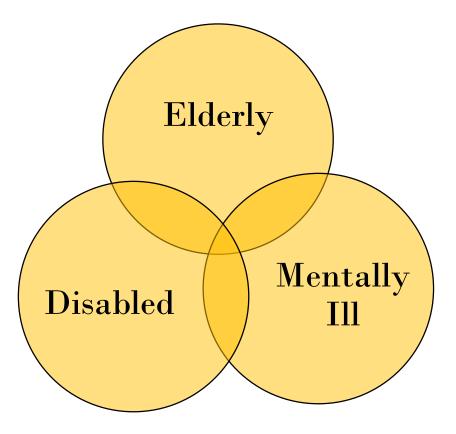
What is Adult Protective Services?

- APS investigates reports of "endangered adults"
- Endangered Adult IC 12-10-3-2:
 - At least 18 years of age,
 - <u>Incapable</u> of managing their property, or providing/directing the provision of their self-care, **AND**
 - Harmed or threatened with harm as a result of neglect, battery, or exploitation.
- Neglect includes self-neglect
- Exploitation includes personal services or property

- "Incapable" due to:
 - A mental illness
 - Developmental disability
 - Dementia
 - Habitual drunkenness
 - Excessive use of drugs
 - Other physical or mental incapacity

IC 12-10-3-2

APS Clients



APS in Indiana

Partnership with Prosecutors

- Federal government required states to create Adult Protective Services
- Indiana model is a partnership with local prosecutors to provide APS services (1985)
 - Avoid creating new state bureaucracy
 - Experience with conducting investigations and making legal determinations
 - Access to local resources law enforcement, legal, social service providers
 - Cost-effective
- Funding agreement through FSSA, Division of Aging
- Divided the state into regional APS Units serving a multiple county area (except Lake)
- Each APS Unit is based in a "hub" prosecutor office

17 APS Hub Units

1 Lake Bernard Carter

1A LaPorte John Espar

2 St. Joseph Kenneth Cotter

3 Allen Karen Richards

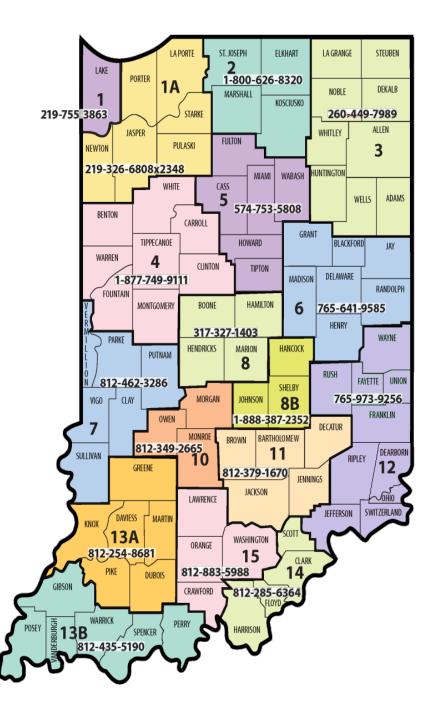
4 Tippecanoe Patrick Harrington

5 Cass Lisa Swaim

6 Madison Rodney Cummings

7 Vigo Terry Modesitt

8 Marion Terry Curry



8B Shelby Brad Landwerlen

10 Monroe Christopher Gaal

11 Bartholomew William Nash

9, 12 Dearborn Lynn Deddens

13A Daviess Daniel Murrie

13B Vanderburgh Nicholas Hermann

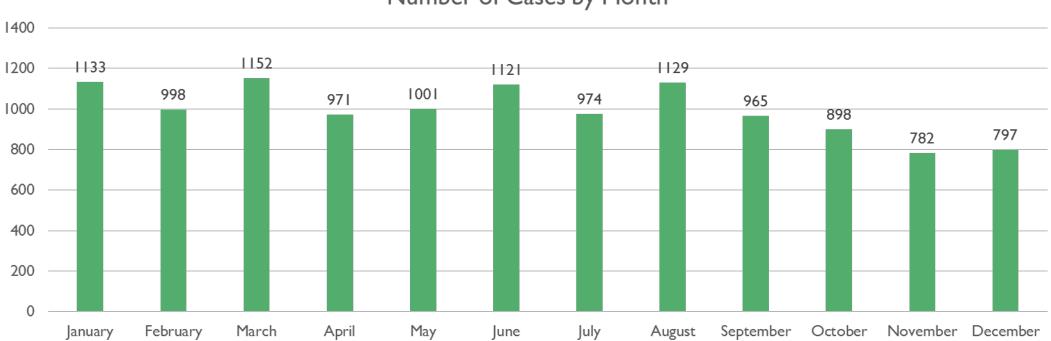
14 Clark Jeremy Mull

15 Washington Dustin Houchin

What does APS do?

- Receive reports of potentially endangered adults
- Conduct investigation, make determination of "endangered adult"
- Assess immediate safety needs address emergency needs
- Develop protective services plan in coordination with appropriate agencies
 - (AAA, BDDS, Division of Mental Health, guardianship program, medical providers, nursing home, long-term care facility, group home, etc.)
- Refer to services; monitor provision of services
- In criminal case work with law enforcement, prosecutor

12,236 cases investigated in 2016



Number of Cases by Month

Source: FSSA internal APS Database accessed 9.20.2017

Number of Calls for Service and Cases - 2016

Calls for service – 17,031

Cases opened and investigated - 12,236

- 3697 for self-neglect
- 2697 for neglect
- 2273 for battery
- 2235 for exploitation
- 1334 for *other*

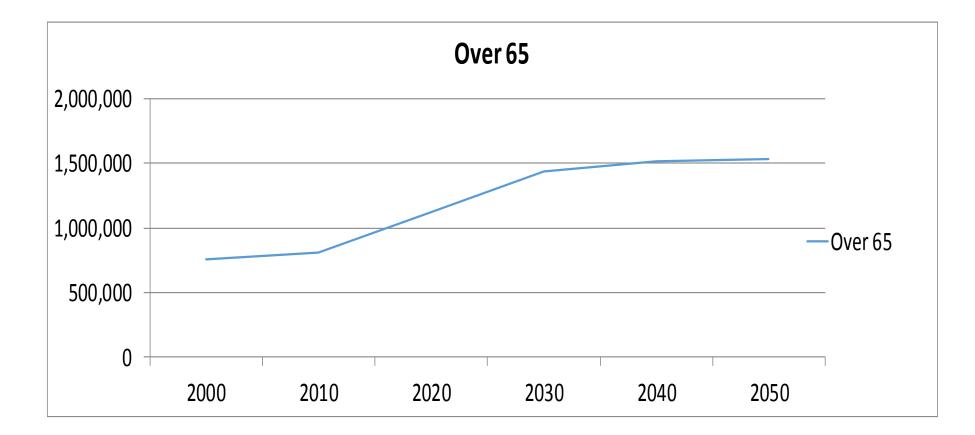
Source: FSSA internal APS Database accessed 9.20.2017

Breakdown of Cases for 2016

	Self-neglect	Neglect	Battery	Exploitation	Other
Substantiated	1368	631	532	458	504
Unsubstantiated	2140	1930	1586	1616	807
Pending	189	136	135	161	23
Totals	3697	2697	2273	2235	1334

Source: FSSA internal APS Database accessed 9.20.2017

Indiana's Projected Elder Population Growth



Source: https://www.stats.indiana.edu accessed 9.20.2017

Short Term Critical Issues:

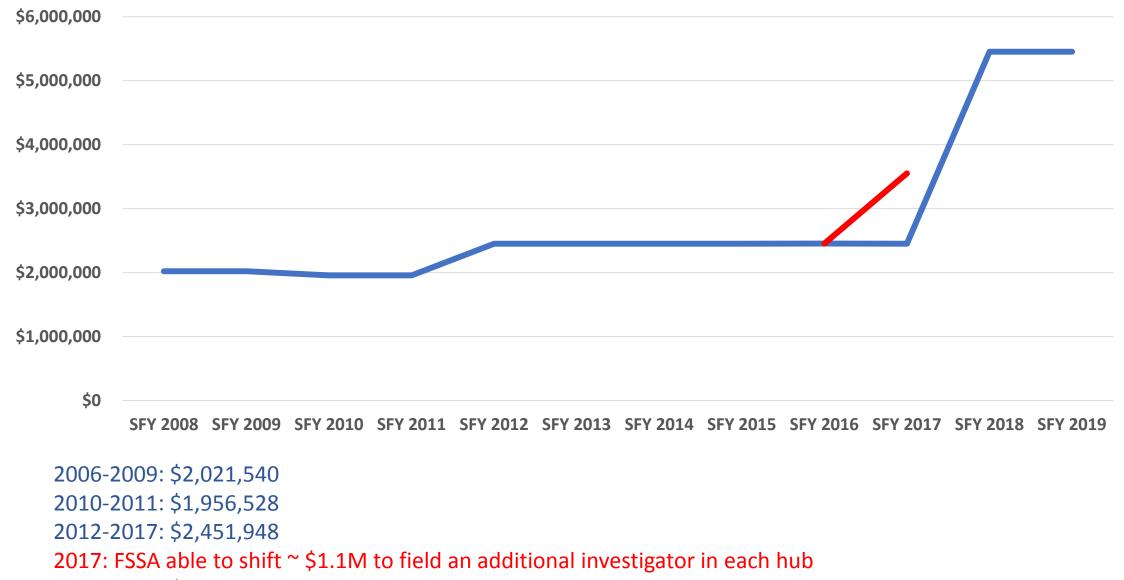
Immediate Problems:

- Too many cases
- Not enough investigators
- Inadequate resources/services
 - Emergency Placement
 - Financial Fraud and Exploitation specialized resources

Emergency Solutions:

- Additional investigators one in each hub
- New "Case Monitor" position identify gaps in services/resources

APS Appropriation (General Fund/Tobacco Settlement)



2018-2019: \$5,451,948

Current APS Budget Breakdown

- \$5.4M annual budget (SFY 18)
 - 17 FTE unit directors
 - 52 FTE investigators (includes 17 new from SFY 2017)
 - 11.5 FTE intake personnel
 - Entire state APS personnel paid through APS budget
 - Director, Assistant Director, and Administrative Assistant
 - 24/7 Hotline
 - 15 Case Monitor positions

*red denotes NEW for SFY 2018

Long Term Solutions – SEA 192

SEA 192 called for Joint Report by FSSA & IPAC to be provided to the State Budget Agency (SBA) by December 2016:

- Appropriate staffing levels
- Emergency Placement and Services– appropriate circumstances, availability of resources, strategies for improving resources
- Costs and benefits of a centralized intake system (hotline)
- Consistent standards of care
- Appropriate levels of training for staff
- Cooperative Agreement

Next Steps: Training

- Develop training for APS staff to promote consistent standards of care and encourage best practices
- Training has never been funded
- No current funding in budget for training current and new employees
- Training is a primary function of IPAC
- IPAC and Division of Aging can develop a training protocol
- Propose regular ongoing training on:
 - Core Competencies
 - Advanced & Emerging Topics
 - Fiscal, Administrative & Supervisory Practices
- Funding Proposal: \$100,000
 - 4 days per year
 - 50 people
 - Lodging, meals, travel, materials, faculty

Next Steps: Emergency Placement and Services

APS cases often require an emergency response to protect the immediate safety of an endangered adult.

Proposed Strategies:

- Medicaid Reimbursement Increase ability to use Medicaid Match dollars to fund immediate emergency service needs (collect and identify at intake)
- Designate "Case Monitors" as Medicaid Navigators
- Encourage "Case Monitors" to assess gaps in local services
- Create and provide additional funding for local emergency placement
- Establish short term placement agreements with local emergency services providers
- Create a voucher system to bridge gap in services prior to Medicaid eligibility (similar to Recovery Works)
- Legislation to prioritize placement of endangered adults in BDDS permanent placement facilities

Next Steps: Financial Fraud and Exploitation Unit

- Specialized unit with training/skills to assist local prosecutors in handling complicated financial fraud and exploitation cases
- Resource housed at IPAC available to support local APS/Prosecutors state-wide
- Attorney, Investigator, Forensic Accountant access to information, specialized training, expertise
- Proposed Funding: \$326,000
- Approved by Senate and House Appropriations in the last session (2017)

Next Steps: Banks and Financial Information

- Supplements FinCEN Financial Crimes Enforcement Network
 - Regulated by U.S. Department of Treasury
- SB 345 Allows financial institutions to release records to law enforcement/APS related to suspected illegal activity regarding an endangered adult's account, provides civil immunity for good faith reporters
- Suspected Fraud & Financial Exploitation Improve access to banking data and financial information for APS investigators

Thank You

Questions:

David Powell, Executive Director, IPAC