

# Sensitive Population - FISH CONSUMPTION ADVISORY

Location	Species	Fish Size	Maximum Amount for Adults to Eat
<b>Patoka River</b> Dubois/Gibson/Pike County	Carp sucker species	14+	Do not eat
	Channel Catfish	up to 14 18+	1 meal / week (8 ounces / week) Do not eat
	Common Carp	ALL	1 meal / month (8 ounces / month)
	White Crappie	up to 9	1 meal / week (8 ounces / week)
	Wiper	25+	Do not eat
<b>Wabash River</b> Gibson/Posey County	Bigmouth Buffalo	21-24 24+	Do not eat Do not eat
	Bluegill	up to 6	1 meal / week (8 ounces / week)
	Blue Sucker	21-26 26+	Do not eat Do not eat
	Carp sucker species	17+	Do not eat
	Channel Catfish	19+	Do not eat
	Flathead Catfish	up to 16	1 meal / week (8 ounces / week)
	Freshwater Drum	20+	Do not eat
	Sauger	17+	Do not eat
	Shovelnose Sturgeon	30+	Do not eat
	Striped Bass	10-12 12+	Do not eat Do not eat
	Wiper	10-12 12+	Do not eat Do not eat
	<b>West Fork White River</b> Daviess/Gibson/Greene/Owen/Pike County to the confluence with the Wabash River	Buffalo species	ALL
Channel Catfish		16+	Do not eat
Common Carp		up to 19 19+	1 meal / month (8 ounces / month) Do not eat
Redhorse species		14+	Do not eat
Spotted Sucker		11-13 13+	Do not eat Do not eat
Walleye		up to 14 14+	Do not eat Do not eat

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\*Sensitive populations include: pregnant or nursing women, women that will become pregnant, and children under 6 years of age. These consumers should use caution when eating some types of sportfish.

\*\*The maximum amount for adults to eat is determined by fishing location, species and fish length. For instance, if you eat the maximum amount of one species during a week, you should not eat any other fish which has a consumption limitation until the following week. Example - if you eat the limit (4 ounces) of a 20 inch long Carp from the Easy Catch River, then you should not eat any other sportfish from the list until the following week.