Presentation

### **Indiana Economic Forecast Update**

April 12, 2017

Tom Jackson, Principal Economist, +1 215 789 7432 tom.jackson@ihsmarkit.com



Confidential. © 2017 IHS Markit<sup>™</sup>. All Rights Reserved.

### **US policy assumptions in the March forecast**

- A reduction in the statutory corporate income tax rate from 35% to 20%, partially offset by fewer tax credits, starting in 2018
  - No border adjustments
  - No expensing of capital expenditures
- Personal income tax reforms that lower the average effective federal tax rate from 20.7% to 19.7% in January 2018
- An increase in public infrastructure investments totaling USD250 billion
  over 10 years
- Federal Reserve policy rate increases of 75 basis points in 2017, 2018, and 2019, bringing the rate to a long-term equilibrium of 3%
- \* No noteworthy changes in April forecast

### **Changes to forecast since December update**

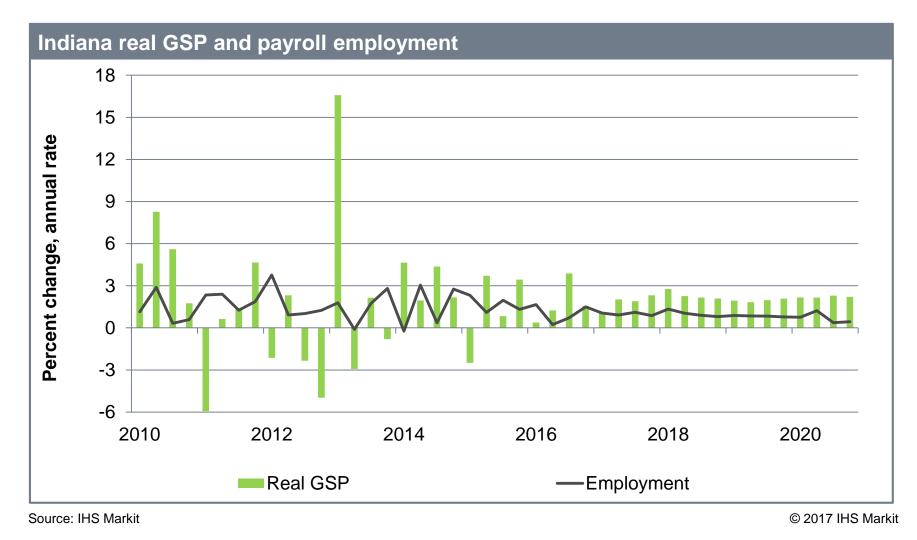
- Higher manufacturing employment, production
  - State-level employment data revised higher for Indiana
  - National outlook has improved
    - Demand for durables is improving, especially from fixed business investment
    - Inventory over-hang has been mostly worked off, so more product needed to meet current demand
- U.S. corporate profits around 5% higher
  - · Revenues about the same
  - Interest, wage expenses lower

## With labor productivity rising, real GDP growth will outpace employment growth

#### **Real GDP and payroll employment**



# Indiana's real GSP growth also outpaces economic growth, indicating higher productivity and wages



Confidential. © 2017 IHS Markit<sup>™</sup>. All Rights Reserved.

### **Key economic indicators for Indiana**

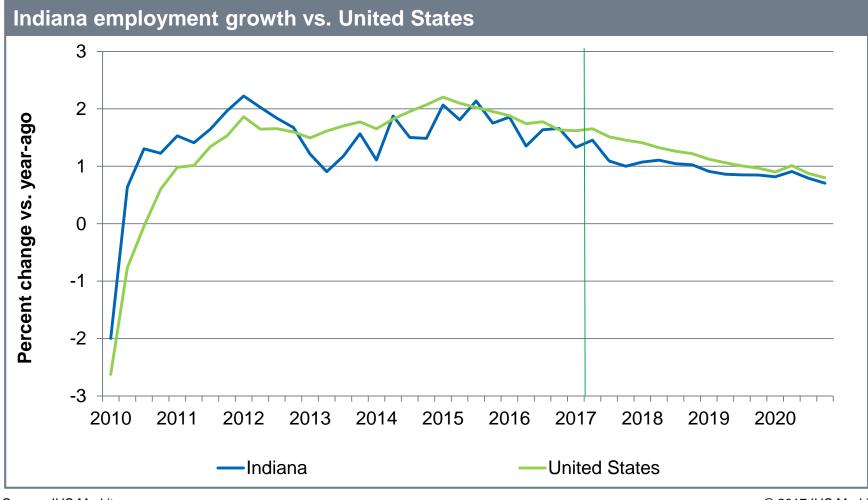
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Units: Percent change					
Payroll employment	1.9	1.6	1.1	1.1	0.9
Unemployment rate (%)	4.8	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.0
Wage income	4.8	4.2	4.6	5.0	4.9
Personal income	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.7	4.8
Real gross state product	1.4	1.9	1.8	2.3	2.0
Personal consumption exp.	2.4	3.6	4.8	4.3	4.4
Housing starts (thousands)	16.5	19.2	21.4	21.9	22.6
Share of multi-family (%)	22.9	20.9	17.7	18.0	17.2

#### Source: IHS Markit

© 2017 IHS Markit

Confidential. © 2017 IHS Markit<sup>™</sup>. All Rights Reserved.

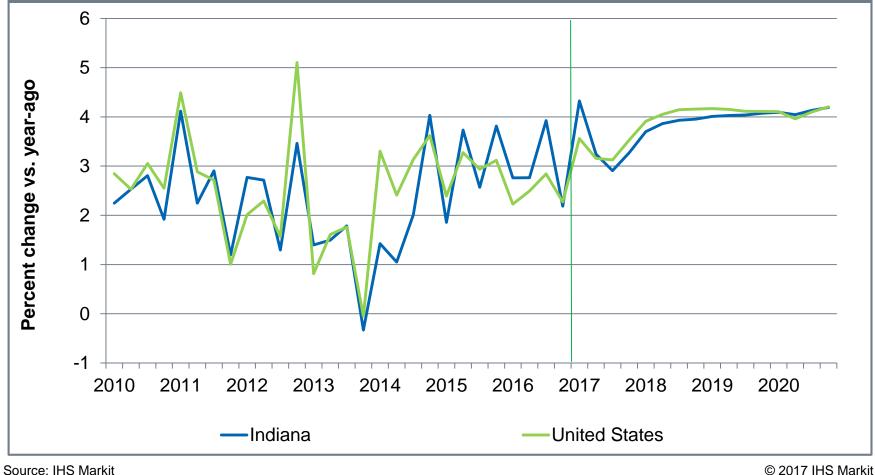
## Indiana's job market remains solid; service sector growing more slowly than national average



Source: IHS Markit

## Higher productivity, fewer available workers will translate into higher wages

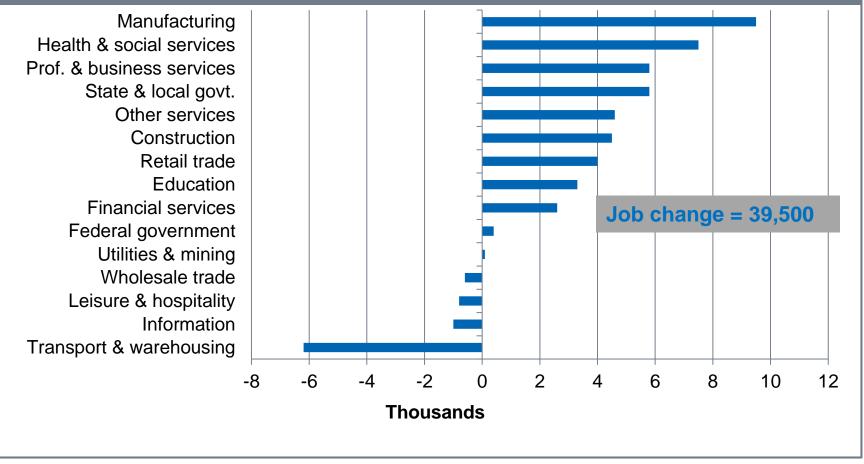
Indiana wage growth vs. United States



Confidential. © 2017 IHS Markit<sup>™</sup>. All Rights Reserved.

# Revised historic data, improved outlook make manufacturing the leading job provider

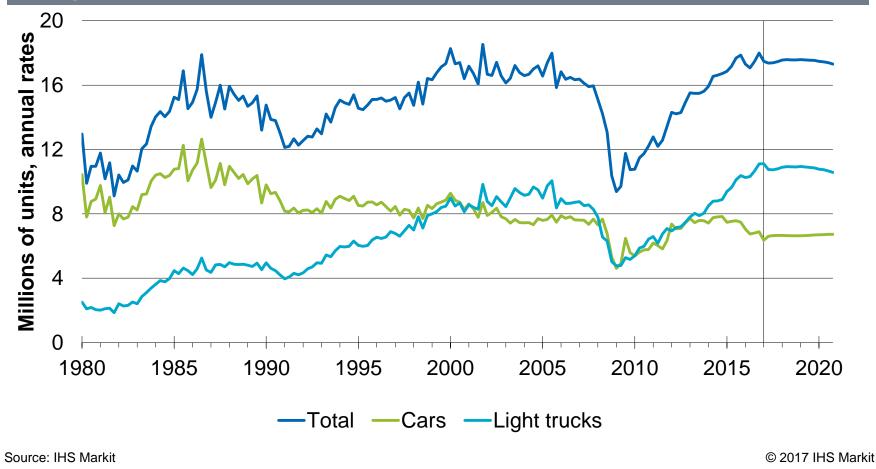
#### Change in Indiana payroll employment, Feb 2016 - Feb 2017



Source: IHS Markit

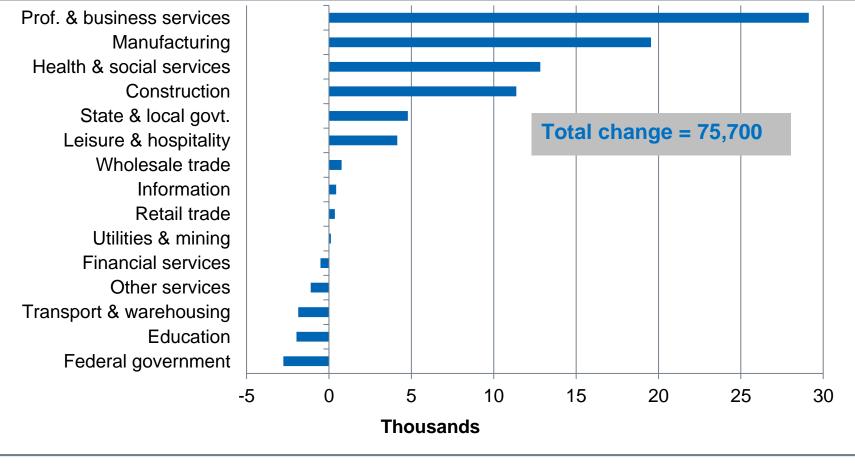
## Peak in vehicle sales will limit further gains in auto manufacturing sector, a major Indiana employer

US light-vehicle sales have peaked



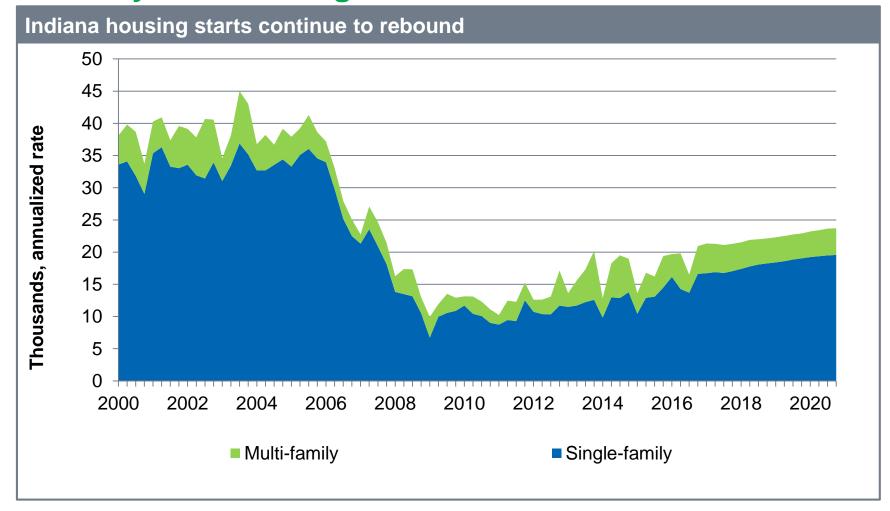
## Professional/business services, construction will supplement further gains in health care sector





Source: IHS Markit

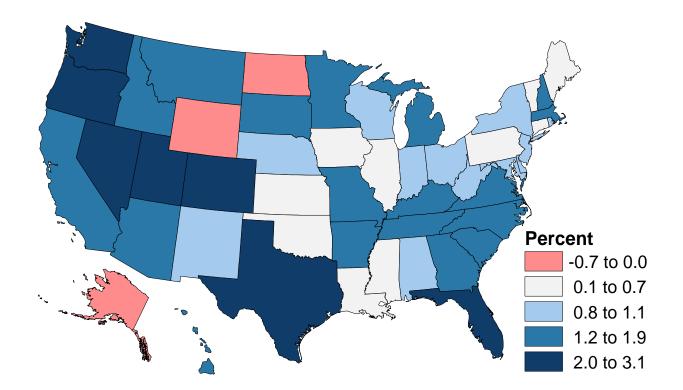
### Home-building increasing steadily in Indiana, but certainly not booming



Source: IHS Markit

## Rocky Mountain, Pac Northwest leading the way in job growth

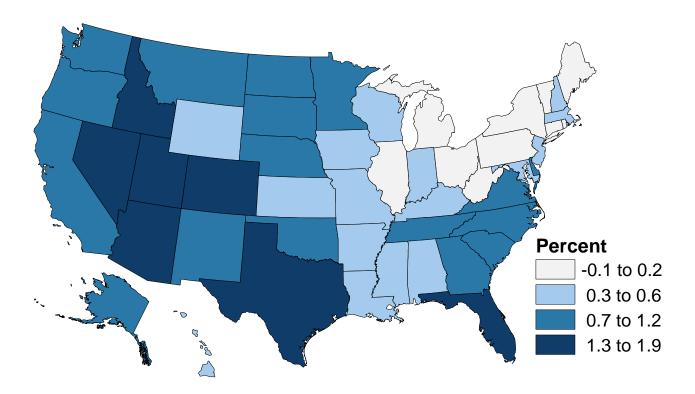
Employment growth, 2017 vs. 2016



Source: IHS Markit

### Indiana population growth relatively slow, but outpacing most neighboring states

#### Population growth through 2022



Source: IHS Markit

### **Bottom line for Indiana**

- Wage and salary income growth gets a boost from higher average wages, even as job growth slows, as productivity increases
- · Manufacturing still has some room to grow, even as auto sales level off
  - Out-migration of jobs is an ongoing risks factor, while automation looms
- Continued increase in labor force is key to attracting and retaining employers and sustaining state economic growth
  - This is difficult for states with slow population growth
  - Achieved through in-migration and increased participation
- Service sector can be supported by strong education system, attractive business environment
  - High-tech sectors showing growth and innovation
  - Some sectors are dependent on local population growth as demand base
- As with all of our state forecasts, keeping an eye on policy developments at the national level

Source: IHS Markit

Confidential. © 2017 IHS Markit<sup>™</sup>. All Rights Reserved.

### **Bottom line for Indiana**

	U.S. GDP			Indiana Employment		Indiana Income	
Forecast date	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
Dec 2015	2.7	3.0	1.5	1.2	4.1	5.0	
Apr 2016	2.1	2.8	1.7	1.3	3.7	4.6	
Dec 2016	1.6	2.3	1.2	0.8	3.4	4.2	
Mar 2017	1.6	2.3	1.2	1.0	3.8	4.0	

Source: IHS Markit

### **US Economy Appendix**

### US economic growth will strengthen by spring

- Consumer spending will increase at a moderate pace, sustained by robust gains in employment, real incomes, and household net worth.
- Business fixed investment will benefit from an improving tax and regulatory environment, along with a recovery in energy prices.
- With demand outpacing supply, homebuilding continues its slow recovery, even as interest rates rise.
- The revival in industrial production will gain momentum as the inventory correction nears completion in mid-2017.
- Fiscal stimulus, accelerating wages, and strengthening loan demand will lead to higher interest rates.
- In response to the dollar's appreciation, real import growth will outpace real export growth.

## US economic growth rebounds in 2017 and 2018, as investment leads the way

#### **Real GDP and its components**

Percent change	2016	2017	2018	2019
Real GDP	1.6	2.3	2.6	2.3
Consumption	2.7	2.8	3.3	2.9
Residential investment	4.9	4.2	3.5	2.2
Business fixed investment	-0.5	4.7	4.8	3.4
Federal government	0.6	-0.2	-0.9	-1.0
State & local government	1.0	0.2	2.1	1.7
Exports	0.4	2.6	2.0	2.6
Imports	1.1	5.3	6.2	4.7

Source: IHS Markit

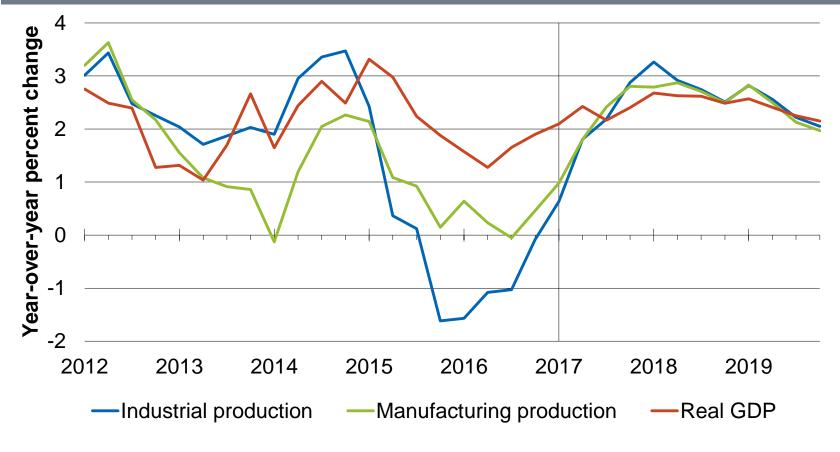
## Job growth slows as US approaches full employment, while inflation remains steady

Key indicators				
Percent change	2016	2017	2018	2019
Industrial production	-0.9	1.9	2.9	2.2
Payroll employment	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.0
Light-vehicle sales (Million units)	17.5	17.4	17.6	17.6
Housing starts (Millions)	1.18	1.26	1.32	1.38
Consumer Price Index	1.3	2.5	1.9	2.4
Core CPI	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.1
Brent crude oil price (USD/barrel)	44	58	57	64
Federal funds rate (%)	0.4	1.0	1.7	2.6
10-year Treasury yield (%)	1.8	2.7	3.2	3.8

Source: IHS Markit

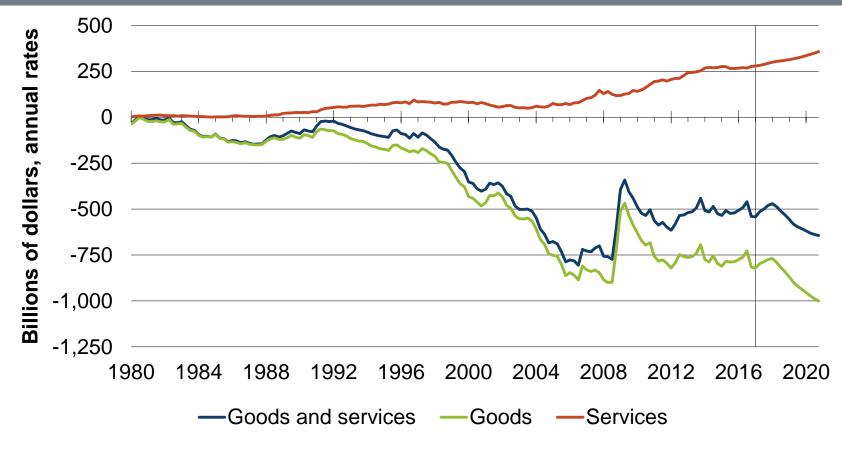
## Industrial production will rebound as domestic demand strengthens and the inventory correction ends

#### Industrial production and real GDP



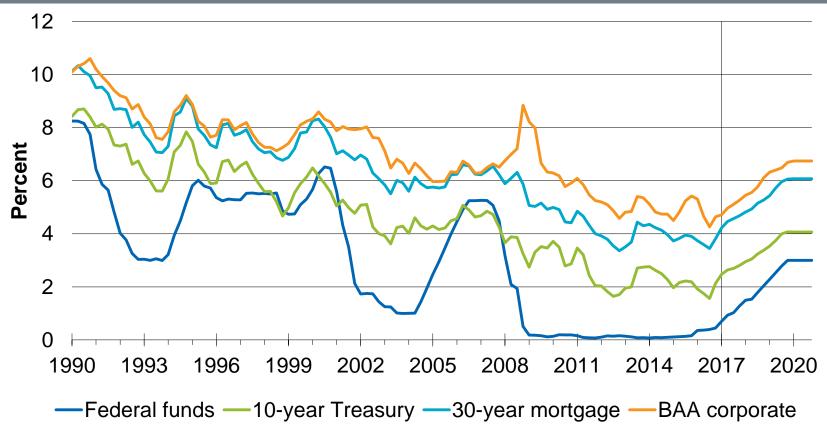
### The US surplus in services trade partially offsets the deficit in merchandise trade

#### **US net exports, NIPA**

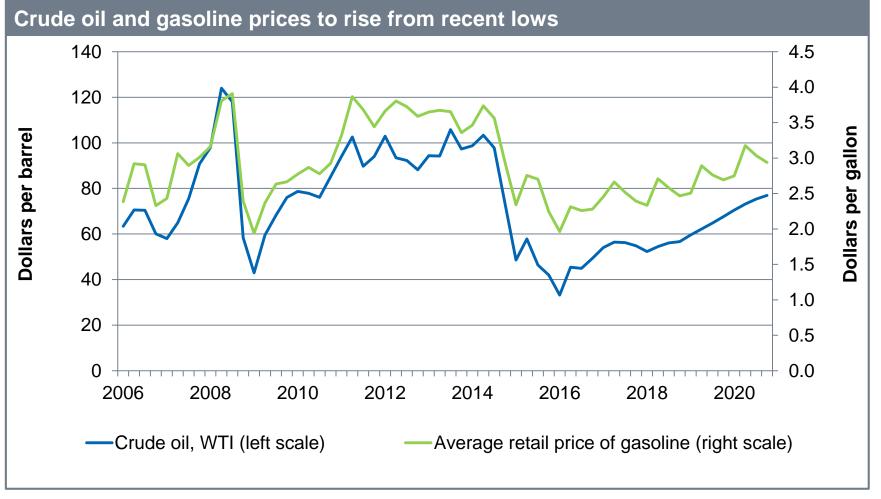


## Interest rates will continue to rise as the Federal Reserve normalizes monetary policy

### Key interest rates



### Prices in the oil complex continue to rebound



Source: IHS Markit