

## INDIANA ACADEMIC STANDARDS CORRELATION GUIDE

## **Grade 6 Social Studies Middle School Civics Course**

This document provides correlations between the 2023 Indiana Academic Standards and the 2020 Indiana Academic Standards for easy reference.

The 2023 Indiana Academic Standards resulted from the standards streamlining process required by Indiana Code 20-31-3-1(c-d) and were adopted by the Indiana State Board of Education in June 2023. Standards designated as essential (E) are shaded in gray and all standards were renumbered to avoid gaps in sequencing and recoded to specifically reference the middle school civics course.

	2023 Indiana Academic Standard		2020 Indiana Academic Standard
Foundations of Government		Foundations of Government	
Number	Text	Number	Text
6.CIV.1	Summarize the principles and purposes of government as stated in the Preamble to the United States Constitution. (E)	C.6.4	Summarize the principles and purposes of government as stated in the Preamble to the United States Constitution.
6.CIV.2	Identify and explain essential ideas of constitutional government, which include limited government; rule of law; due process of law; separated and shared powers; checks and balances; federalism; popular sovereignty; republicanism; representative government; and individual rights to life, liberty, and property; and freedom of conscience and religion. (E)	C.6.5	Identify and explain essential ideas of constitutional government, which include limited government; rule of law; due process of law; separated and shared powers; checks and balances; federalism; popular sovereignty; republicanism; representative government; and individual rights to life, liberty and property; and freedom of conscience and religion.

6.CIV.3	Explain the concept of a separation of powers and how and why these powers are distributed, shared, and limited in the constitutional government of the United States. (E)	C.6.6	Explain the concept of a separation of powers and how and why these powers are distributed, shared, and limited in the constitutional government of the United States.
6.CIV.4	Describe and give examples of individual rights guaranteed by the Bill of Rights. (E)  • Examples: The right to associate with whomever one pleases; the right to practice the religion of one's choice; the right to speak freely, and criticize the government; the right to due process; and the right to be protected from unreasonable search and seizure; when those rights could cause conflict or disagreement.	C.6.7	Describe and give examples of individual rights guaranteed by the Bill of Rights.  • Examples:  • The right to associate with whomever one pleases;  • The right to practice the religion of one's choice;  • The right to speak freely, and criticize the government;  • The right to due process; and  • The right to be protected from unreasonable search and seizure;  • When those rights could cause conflict or disagreement.
6.CIV.5	Explain the major purposes of the Indiana Constitution, as stated in the Preamble.	C.6.8	Explain the major purposes of the Indiana Constitution, as stated in the Preamble.
6.CIV.6	Describe individual rights held under Article I of the Indiana Constitution, such as freedom of speech and freedom of religion.	C.6.9	Describe individual rights held under Article I of the Indiana Constitution, such as freedom of speech, freedom of religion, and the right to public education.
6.CIV.6	Examine ways that state and national government affects the everyday lives of people in the United States. (E)	C.6.10	Examine ways that state and national government affects the everyday lives of people in the United States.

		C.6.1	Explain how the elements and foundations of Greek direct democracy can be found in modern systems of government.	
		C.6.2	Explain how the elements and foundations of Roman representative democracy are present in modern systems of government.	
		C.6.3	Examine key ideas of the Magna Carta (1215), the Petition of Right (1628), and the English Bill of Rights (1689) as documents to place limits on the English monarchy and how they have affected the shaping of other governments.	
	2023 Indiana Academic Standard		2020 Indiana Academic Standard	
	Functions of Government		Functions of Government	
Number	Text	Number	Text	
6.CIV.8	Describe the primary and general election process for local, state, and national offices, including those used to select congressional and presidential office	C.6.11	Describe the primary and general election process for local, state, and national offices, including those used to select congressional and presidential office	
	holders. (E)		holders.	
6.CIV.9		C.6.12		

6.CIV.11	Identify the three branches of the United States government and explain the functions of each. (E)  • Examples: Separation of powers, shared powers, and checks and balances involving the legislative (law making), executive (law enforcing), and judicial (law interpreting) branches of government.	C.6.14	Identify the three branches of the United States government and explain the functions of each.  • Examples: Separation of powers, shared powers, and checks and balances involving the legislative (law-making), executive (law enforcing), and judicial (law interpreting) branches of government.		
6.CIV.12	Identify and explain the major responsibilities of the legislative (Article 4), executive (Article 5), and judicial branches (Article 7) of state government as written in the Indiana Constitution.	C.6.15	Identify and explain the major responsibilities of the legislative (Article 4), executive (Article 5), and judicial branches (Article 7) of state government as written in the Indiana Constitution.		
	2023 Indiana Academic Standard		2020 Indiana Academic Standard		
Role of Citizens		Role of Citizens			
			11010 01 011120110		
Number	Text	Number	Text		
Number 6.CIV.13		Number  C.6.16			

6.CIV.15	Use a variety of informational resources to identify and evaluate contemporary issues that involve civic responsibility, individual rights, and the common good.  • Examples: Responsible use of the internet, smoking in public places, payment of property taxes, development of highways, and housing on historic lands.	C.6.20	Use a variety of informational resources to identify and evaluate contemporary issues that involve civic responsibility, individual rights, and the common good.  • Examples: Responsible use of the internet, smoking in public places, payment of property taxes, development of highways, and housing on historic lands.
6.CIV.16	Recognize and explain the relationship between the rights and responsibilities of citizenship in the United States. (E)	C.6.21	Recognize and explain the relationship between the rights and responsibilities of citizenship in the United States.
6.CIV.17	Explain ways that citizens can participate in the election process (e.g., political parties, campaigns, elections) at the national, state, and local levels.	C.6.23	Explain ways that citizens can participate in the election process (political parties, campaigns, and elections) at the national, state, and local levels.
		C.6.17	Use information from a variety of resources to demonstrate an understanding of local, state, regional leaders, as well as civic issues.
		C.6.18	Define and provide examples of civic virtues in a democracy.  • Examples: Individual responsibility, self-discipline/self-governance, civility, respect for the rights and dignity of all individuals, honesty, respect for the law, courage, compassion, patriotism, fairness, and commitment to the common good, being respectful, trustworthy, practicing tolerance, and working with others to solve problems.

	C.6.22	Explain the importance of responsible participation by citizens in voluntary civil organizations to bring about social reform.
		Examples: United Way, Boys and Girls     Club, Habitat for Humanity, Salvation Army.