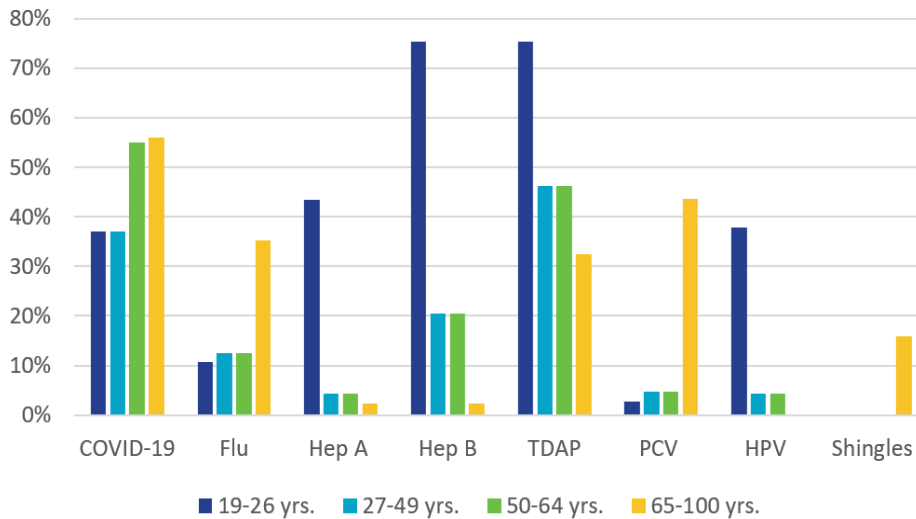


Indiana Adult Immunization Rates 2022-2023



Provider Recommendations

Studies have shown provider recommendations are the strongest tool to use when trying to get patients vaccinated.

- Post appointments, reminder/recall is a vital tool to utilize in order to get patients to come back for follow up doses to series.
- Instead of asking, "Do you want your flu shot?" try "You're due for your flu shot, which arm would you prefer?"
- Utilizing social media to your advantage by creating disease-centered content can contribute to increasing patient trust and in turn immunizations.

Additional Resources

- <https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/imz/adult.html>
- <https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/adults/reasons-to-vaccinate.html>
- <https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/adults/for-practice/increasing-vacc-rates.html>
- <https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/events/niam/hcp/key-messages.html>
- <https://indianalms.stchealth.us/>
- <https://www.cdc.gov/respiratory-viruses/data-research/dashboard/vaccination-trends-children.html>
- <https://www.cdc.gov/flu/resource-center/toolkit/social-media-toolkit.htm>

At a Glance

Influenza (flu)

- As of 2024, the flu vaccination rate for the population is 51.4%. A goal of Healthy People 2030 is to bring flu vaccination rates up to 70%.

RSV

- RSV is responsible for 60,000 to 160,000 older adult hospitalizations each year. CDC recommends those aged 60 and up get vaccinated.

PCV

- The CDC recommends pneumococcal vaccination for adults aged 19-64 with diabetes mellitus.

COVID-19

- 37% of adults aged 27-49 received their primary COVID-19 vaccine in 2022-2023.
- 22.6% of adults 18+ and 42.4% of adults 65+ reported receipt of the updated 2023-2024 COVID-19 vaccine.