



# 2024 PROBABILISTIC MONITORING WORK PLAN FOR THE UPPER WABASH BASIN

PREPARED BY

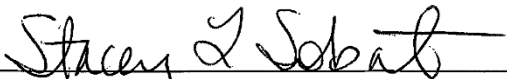
**Mitchell C. Owens**  
Probabilistic Monitoring Section

WATERSHED ASSESSMENT and PLANNING BRANCH  
Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Office of Water Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC65-40-2 Shadeland  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

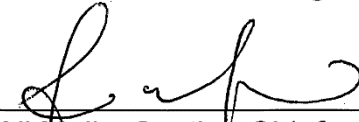
**March 31, 2024**  
B-069-OWQ-WAP-XXX-24-W-R0

***This page is intended to be blank***

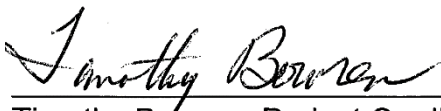
## Approval Signatures

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Stacey Sobat, Section Chief  
Probabilistic Monitoring Section

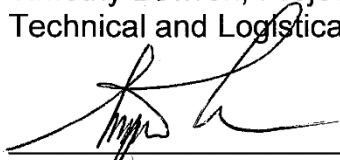
4/16/2024  
Date

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Ali Meils, Section Chief  
Targeted Monitoring Section

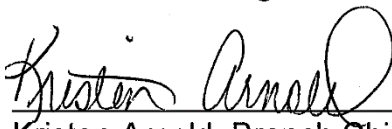
4/16/2024  
Date

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Timothy Bowren, Project Quality Assurance Officer,  
Technical and Logistical Services Section

4/16/2024  
Date

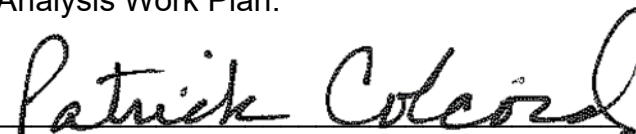
  
\_\_\_\_\_  
David Tsetse, Section Chief, Quality Assurance Manager  
Technical and Logistical Services Section

04/16/2024  
Date

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Kristen Arnold, Branch Chief,  
Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch

4/16/2024  
Date

IDEM Quality Assurance Staff reviewed and approves this Sampling and Analysis Work Plan.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Quality Assurance Staff  
IDEM Office of Program Support

4/22/2024  
Date

***This page is intended to be blank***

## **Work Plan Organization**

This sampling and analysis work plan is an extension of the existing Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch (WAPB) July 2023 “Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) for Indiana Surface Water Programs” (Surface Water QAPP) (IDEM 2023a) and October 2020 “QAPP for Biological Community and Habitat Measurements” (IDEM 2020a), and serves as a link to the existing QAPP as well as an independent QAPP of the project. Per the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) guidance for QAPPs (U.S. EPA 2006) and the U.S. EPA 2002 Guidance for Quality Assurance Project Plans (U.S. EPA 2002), this work plan establishes criteria and specifications pertaining to a specific water quality monitoring project that are usually described in the following four sections as QAPP elements.

### **A. Project Management**

- A.1. Project Objective
- A.2. Project or Task Organization and Schedule
- A.3. Background and Project or Task Description
- A.4. Data Quality Objectives (DQOs)
- A.5. Training and Staffing Requirements

### **B. Data Generation and Acquisition**

- B.1. Sampling Procedures
- B.2. Analytical Methods
- B.3. Sample and Data Acquisition Requirements
- B.4. Quality Control (QC) Measures Specific to the Project
- B.5. Field Instrument Testing and Calibration

### **C. Assessment and Oversight**

- C.1. External and Internal Checks
- C.2. Audits
- C.3. Data Quality Assessments (DQAs)
- C.4. Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) Review Reports

### **D. Data Validation and Usability**

- D.1. Data Handling and Associated QA/QC activities
- D.2. QA/QC Review Reports
- D.3. Laboratory and Estimated Cost

## Table of Contents

Approval Signatures.....	i
Work Plan Organization .....	iii
Table of Contents.....	iv
List of Figures.....	v
List of Attachments.....	v
List of Appendices .....	v
List of Acronyms.....	vi
A. Project Management.....	1
A.1. Project Objective .....	1
A.2. Project or Task Organization and Schedule .....	2
A.3. Background and Project or Task Description .....	4
A.4. Data Quality Objectives (DQO).....	4
A.5. Training and Staffing Requirements.....	16
B. Measurement and Data Acquisition.....	19
B.1. Sampling Design and Site Locations .....	19
B.2. Sampling Methods and Sample Handling.....	21
B.3. Analytical Methods.....	25
B.4. Quality Control and Custody Requirements.....	25
B.5. Field Parameter Measurements/Instrument Testing/Calibration .....	30
C. Assessment and Oversight .....	31
C.1. Data Quality Assessment Levels.....	32
D. Data Validation and Usability.....	32
D.1. Quality Assurance – Data Qualifiers and Flags .....	32
D.2. Data Usability .....	32
D.3. Information, Data, and Reports.....	33
D.4. Laboratory and Estimated Cost .....	33
E. References .....	35
F. Distribution List.....	40

## List of Figures

Figure 1. Potential Sampling Sites for the Upper Wabash River Basin..... 11

## List of Tables

Table 1. 2023 Probabilistic Monitoring Tasks, Schedule, and Evaluation .....2  
Table 2. Water Quality Criteria [327 IAC 2-1-6] .....7  
Table 3. List of Potential Sites for the Upper Wabash River Basin. .... 11  
Table 4. Decision Error Associated with Probabilistic Monitoring. .... 15  
Table 5. Project Roles, Experience, and Training ..... 16  
Table 6. Bacteriological and Field Parameters showing method and IDEM  
quantification limit. ....27  
Table 7. Bacteriological and Water Chemistry Sample Container, Preservative,  
and Holding Time Requirements.....27  
Table 8. Water Chemistry Parameters with Test Method and IDEM and  
Laboratory Reporting Limits. ....28  
Table 9. Total Estimated Laboratory Cost for the Project. ....34  
Table 10. Personnel Safety and Reference Manuals.....34

## List of Attachments

Attachment 1. IDEM Site Reconnaissance Form .....41  
Attachment 2. IDEM Stream Sampling Field Data Sheet.....42  
Attachment 3. IDEM Algal Biomass Lab Data Sheet .....43  
Attachment 4. IDEM Fish Collection Data Sheet.....40  
Attachment 5. IDEM OWQ Biological Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index.....42  
Attachment 6. IDEM OWQ Field Chain of Custody Form .....44  
Attachment 7. IDEM Corvallis Water Sample Analysis Request Form (Pace  
Analytical) .....45  
Attachment 8. IDEM OWQ Biological Samples Laboratory Chain of Custody  
Form .....46

## List of Appendices

Appendix 1. Pace Laboratory Inc., Indianapolis: Accreditation Documents .....47

## List of Acronyms

AIMS	Assessment Information Management System
ALUS	Aquatic Life Use Support
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
CAC	Chronic Aquatic Criterion
CALM	Consolidated Assessment Listing Methodology
CFU	Colony Forming Unit
DO	Dissolved oxygen
DQA	Data Quality Assessment
DQO	Data Quality Objective
<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Escherichia coli</i>
GPS	Global Positioning System
HDPE	High-density polyethylene
HUC	Hydrologic Unit Code
IDOH	Indiana Department of Health (formerly ISDH)
IAC	Indiana Administrative Code
IBI	Index of Biotic Integrity
IDEM	Indiana Department of Environmental Management
µm	Micrometer
m	Meter
mg/L	Milligram per liter
MHAB	Multihabitat
mL	Milliliter
MPN	Most Probable Number
MS/MSD	Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate
NHD	National Hydrography Database
NHEERL	National Health Environmental Effects Research Laboratory
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Unit(s)
OHEPA	Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
OWQ	Office of Water Quality
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
QA	Quality Assurance
QC	Quality Control
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
QHEI	Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index
SM	Standard Method
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure
SU	Standard Units
TDS	Total Dissolved Solids
TKN	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen
TMDL	Total Maximum Daily Load
U.S. EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
USGS	United States Geological Survey
WAPB	Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch
WP	Work plan



## DEFINITIONS

Assessment Unit	Reaches of waterbodies, with similar features, assigned unique identifiers, to which all assessment information for a specific reach is associated, and which allow for mapping with geographic information systems.
Backwater	A part of the river not reached by the current, where the water is stagnant.
Elutriate	To purify, separate, or remove lighter or finer particles by washing, decanting, and settling.
15-minute pick	A component of the multihabitat macroinvertebrate sampling method, used to maximize taxonomic diversity while in the field. The 1-minute kick sample and 50-meter sweep sample collected at a site are first combined and elutriated. Macroinvertebrates are then manually removed from the resulting sample for 15 minutes.
50-meter sweep sample	A component of the multihabitat macroinvertebrate sampling method in which approximately 50 meters of all available habitat in a stream or river is sampled with a standard 500 micrometer mesh width D-frame dip net by taking 20–25 individual “jab” or “sweep” samples, which are then composited.
Impoundment	A body of water confined within an enclosure, such as a reservoir.
Lotic	A waterbody, such as a stream or river, in which the water is flowing.
Macroinvertebrate	Aquatic animals which lack a backbone, are visible without a microscope, and spend some period of their lives in or around water.
Marsh	An area of low-lying land that is flooded in wet seasons and typically remains waterlogged at all times.
1-minute kick sample	A component of the multihabitat macroinvertebrate sampling method in which approximately 1 m <sup>2</sup> of riffle or run substrate habitat in a stream or river is sampled with a standard 500 µm mesh width D-frame dip net for approximately 1 minute.

Ocular reticle	A thin piece of glass marked with a linear or areal scale that is inserted into a microscope ocular, superimposing the scale onto the image viewed through the microscope.
Perennial Stream	A stream that has continuous flow in the stream bed all year during years of normal rainfall. Water must be present in at least 50% of the stream reach during the time of fish community sampling.
Periphyton	Algae attached to an aquatic substrate.
Reach	A segment of a stream used for sampling.
Target	A sampling point which falls on a perennial stream within the basin of interest and the boundaries of Indiana.
Wetland	Land areas that are wet for at least part of the year, are poorly drained and are characterized by hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology.

## A. Project Management

### A.1. Project Objective

The main objective of the probabilistic monitoring project is to provide a comprehensive, unbiased assessment of the ability of rivers and streams in the Upper Wabash River Basin to support aquatic life and recreational uses. Sampling for this project will begin in April and continue through November 2024, conditions permitting, with collected samples analyzed for chemical, physical, and biological parameters. Laboratory processing and data analysis for the project will continue through spring of 2025. Data collected during probabilistic monitoring will be used for the following purposes:

- To provide water quality and biological data for assessment of aquatic life and recreational uses as integral components of the IDEM biennial Integrated Water Monitoring and Assessment Report (Integrated Report); thus, satisfying Clean Water Act (CWA) sections 305(b) and 303(d) reporting requirements to the U.S. EPA (33 U.S.C. §1251 et seq. 1972).
- To give a statistically valid estimation of the percent of stream miles supporting or nonsupporting for aquatic life and recreational uses in the basin of interest.
- To provide water quality and biological data which may be useful for municipal, industrial, agricultural, and recreational decision-making processes. These include the Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) process and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit modeling of waste load allocations.
- To compile water quality and biological data for trend analyses and future pollution abatement activities.
- To aid in refined chemical and narrative biological water quality criteria.

**A.2. Project or Task Organization and Schedule**

**Table 1. 2024 Probabilistic Monitoring Tasks, Schedule, and Evaluation**

Activity	Date(s)	Number of Sites	Frequency of Sampling Related Activity	Parameter to be Sampled	How Evaluated
Site selection	Dec 2023	Minimum 100 per basin of interest			Randomly ordered list generated by the National Health Environmental Effects Research Laboratory (NHEERL), Western Ecology Division, Corvallis, OR. Sites are stratified in statistically equal numbers of 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 3 <sup>rd</sup> , and 4 <sup>th</sup> + stream order sites
Site reconnaissance	Jan 2 – Mar 15 2024	All selected sites	At least one visit but may require several to obtain final approval		Landowner approval, stream access, and safety characteristics for the first 75 “Target” sites; “Nontarget” designations for remaining 25 sites.
Bacteriological sampling	Apr 15 – May 23 2024	First 40 target sites	Five times at equally spaced intervals over a 30 calendar-day period	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ( <i>E. coli</i> )	Geometric mean (action level is $\geq 125$ Colony Forming Units (CFU)/100mL or $\geq 125$ Most Probable Number (MPN)/100 mL); sampled during recreational season (April – October)
Biological sampling	Jun – mid Nov 2024	First 38 target sites	Fish community (Jun 3 – Oct 18)  Macroinvertebrate community (Jul 15 – Nov 15)  Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI), once per sample	Fish community;  Macroinvertebrate community;  Habitat quality	Fish Index of Biotic Integrity (IBI)  Macroinvertebrate IBI (mIBI)  QHEI evaluated separately for fish and macroinvertebrate communities

**Table 1. 2024 Probabilistic Monitoring Tasks, Schedule, and Evaluation (cont.)**

Activity	Date(s)	Number of Sites	Frequency of Sampling Related Activity	Parameter to be Sampled	How Evaluated
Water chemistry	Apr – Sep/Oct 2024	First 45 target sites	Once each in April, June-July, and September-October with a minimum 30 days between sampling events	Total phosphorous Nitrogen, nitrate + nitrite Dissolved oxygen (DO)  pH  Algal conditions  Dissolved metals (See Table 8) Dissolved arsenic  Nitrogen ammonia Chloride Free cyanide* Sulfate Total Dissolved Solids Selenium  Dissolved Organic Carbon	>0.3 mg/L (nutrients) >10.0 mg/L (nutrients) <4.0 mg/L (warm water aquatic life or nutrients); <6.0 mg/L (cold water fish); >120% saturation (nutrients) >9.0 Standard Units (SU) (nutrients); <6.0 or >9.0 SU (warm water aquatic life) Excessive (nutrients, based on field observation) Chronic Aquatic Criterion (CAC) based on hardness CAC based on concentration of 150 µg/L, a conversion factor and water-effect ratio of 1 CAC based on pH and temperature CAC based on hardness and sulfate CAC 5.2 µg/L CAC based on hardness and chloride 750 mg/L (public water supply criterion) 3.1 µg/L CAC (Acipenseriformes waters) 5.5 µg/L CAC (Acipenseriformes-free waters) There are no criteria for this parameter in the Indiana Administrative Code (IAC).
Algal samples	Sep – Oct 2024	First 45 target sites	Once with the 3 <sup>rd</sup> water chemistry sample in September or October	Algal Diatoms	Diatom Index of Biotic Integrity

\*Analyzed only where the total value exceeds the free cyanide criterion of 5.2 µg/L.

### **A.3. Background and Project or Task Description**

The Probabilistic Monitoring Program, created in 1996, is operated through the WAPB of IDEM. Other organizations which help with data preparation, collection, and analysis include private laboratories under contract with the State of Indiana, the Department of Biological and Environmental Sciences at Georgia College and State University, the U.S. EPA National Health Environmental Effects Research Laboratory (NHEERL), U.S. EPA Region V, and the Indiana Department of Natural Resources. Landowners and property managers throughout the state also participate in the Probabilistic Monitoring Program by assisting staff with access to remote stream locations for sample collection.

The Probabilistic Monitoring Program provides a comprehensive, unbiased assessment of all Indiana streams for their ability to support aquatic life and recreational uses by sampling randomly generated sites in major Indiana river basins. Major river basins are sampled using a nine-year rotating basin approach to assess and characterize overall water quality and biological integrity. For target sites, the following categories of data will be investigated and utilized for assessment purposes: bacteriological contamination indicated by *E. coli* counts; water chemistry; diatom, macroinvertebrate, and fish assemblages; and habitat evaluations.

### **A.4. Data Quality Objectives (DQO)**

The DQO process (U.S. EPA 2006) is a planning tool for data collection activities. It provides a basis for balancing control of data uncertainty against available resources. The DQO process is required for all significant data collection efforts of a project. The process is a seven-step systematic planning process used to clarify study objectives, define the types of data needed to achieve the objectives, and establish decision criteria for evaluating data quality. The DQO process for the Probabilistic Monitoring Program is identified in the following seven steps.

#### **A.4.1. State the Problem**

Assessments: Indiana is required to assess all waters of the state to determine their designated use attainment status. “Surface waters of the state are designated for full-body contact recreation” and “will be capable of supporting” a “well-balanced, warm water aquatic community” [327 IAC 2-1-3]. This project will gather bacteriological, biological, chemical, and habitat data for the purpose of assessing the designated use attainment status of streams in the Upper Wabash River Basin.

#### **A.4.2. Identify the Goals of the Study**

The principal question of this study is determining the percent of stream miles supporting or nonsupporting for aquatic life use and recreational use in the Upper Wabash River Basin. To evaluate this question in a statistically valid way, each target site will be sampled for concentrations of physical, chemical, and biological parameters. Sites will be evaluated

as supporting or nonsupporting following the decision-making processes that are described in Indiana’s 2024 Consolidated Assessment Listing Methodology (CALM). Water quality criteria are shown in Table 2 [327 IAC 2-1-6] and the Indiana 2024 CALM (IDEM 2024).

In addition to the chemical and bacteriological criteria listed in Table 2, data for several nutrient parameters will be evaluated with the benchmarks listed below (IDEM 2024). Assuming a minimum of three sampling events, if two or more of the conditions below are met on the same date, the waterbody will be classified as nonsupporting due to excessive nutrients.

- Total phosphorus: one or more measurements >0.3 mg/L
- Nitrogen, (nitrate and nitrite): one or more measurements >10.0 mg/L
- Dissolved oxygen: one or more measurements <4.0 mg/L, or measurements that are consistently at/close to the standard, in the range of 4.0-5.0 mg/L, or dissolved oxygen percent saturation >120%
- pH: one or more measurements >9.0 pH units or measurements consistently at or close to the standard, in the range of 8.7–9.0 pH units
- Algal conditions: visually observed as “Excessive” by trained staff using best professional judgment. Further explanation of this observance is documented in Measurement and Data Acquisition under Algal Community Data on page 29.

#### Biological criteria:

Indiana narrative biological criteria [327 IAC 2-1-3] states that “all waters, except as described in subdivision (5),” (i.e., limited use waters) “will be capable of supporting” a “well-balanced, warm water aquatic community”. The water quality standard definition of a “well-balanced aquatic community” is “an aquatic community that: (A) is diverse in species composition; (B) contains several different trophic levels; and (C) is not composed mainly of pollution tolerant species” [327 IAC 2-1-9]. An interpretation or translation of narrative biological criteria into numeric criteria would be as follows: A stream segment is nonsupporting for aquatic life use when the monitored fish or macroinvertebrate community receives an IBI score of less than 36 (on a scale of 0–60 for fish and 12–60 for macroinvertebrate communities), which is considered “Poor” or “Very Poor” (IDEM 2024).

Periphyton samples will be preserved and transported to the IDEM laboratory, located in the IDEM Shadeland facility. Diatoms will be identified and enumerated by Georgia College and State University, Department of Biological and Environmental Sciences. Following data entry, the diatom IBI score will be calculated; however, assessment methodology for aquatic life use has not been finalized yet.

Following the assessment of each site sampled in the Upper Wabash River Basin, the percentage of stream miles attaining and not attaining recreational use and aquatic life use designations will be calculated. First, a spreadsheet is developed which lists the following site information:

- All sites that were initially drawn
- Their status, including whether access denied; site sampled for biology, chemistry, or both; an overdraw site that was not needed
- The assessment status of the site, including impaired; not impaired; NA for denials and unused overdraw sites
- A weight based on stream order and stream miles within the basin.

This data is then analyzed by a software package (*spsurvey*) used with the R statistics environment (IDEM 2020b). Instructions on downloading and using the software are available at:

<http://archive.epa.gov/nheerl/arm/web/html/software.html>. The end product of this analysis is an estimate of the number of stream miles that are, or are not, impaired along with confidence intervals for that particular basin. Calculated mileages will be reported to U.S. EPA in the 2026 update of Integrated Report. Sites not attaining recreational use criteria, or the aquatic life use support (ALUS) designation will be listed in the CWA section 303(d) List of Impaired Waters for Indiana (Consolidated List). Sites not attaining the ALUS designation may be considered for possible additional sampling to determine the extent, causes, and likely sources of the ALUS non-attainment area as a watershed characterization project by the Targeted Monitoring Program.

Site-specific data will be used to classify associated assessment units into one of five major categories in the state's Consolidated List (IDEM 2024), which will be included in IDEM's 2026 Integrated Report.



**Table 2. Water Quality Criteria [327 IAC 2-1-6]**

Parameter	Level	Criterion
Dissolved metals (Cd, Cr III, Cr VI, Cu, Pb, Ni, Zn)	Calculated based on hardness	CAC
Dissolved arsenic III	150 µg/L (calculated based on a conversion factor and water-effect ratio of 1)	CAC
Selenium	3.1 µg/L 5.5 µg/L	CAC (Non-Great Lakes, waters with Acipensiformes) CAC (Non-Great Lakes, Acipensiformes-free waters)
Ammonia nitrogen	Calculated based on pH and temperature	CAC
Chloride	Calculated based on hardness and sulfate	CAC
Free cyanide	5.2 µg/L (analyzed only if Total Cyanide result exceeds the CAC for Free Cyanide)	CAC
Dissolved oxygen	At least 5.0 mg/L (warm water aquatic life) At least 6.0 mg/L (cold water fish*)	Not less than 4.0 mg/L at any time.  Not less than 6.0 mg/L at any time and shall not be less than 7.0 mg/L in areas where spawning occurs during the spawning season and in areas used for imprinting during the time salmonids are being imprinted.
pH	6.0 – 9.0 SU	Must remain between 6.0 and 9.0 SU except for daily fluctuations that exceed 9.0 due to photosynthetic activity
Nitrogen, Nitrate and nitrite	≤10 mg/L	HHC at point of drinking water intake
Sulfate	Calculated based on hardness and chloride	In all waters outside the mixing zone
<i>E. coli</i> (April–October Recreational season)	125 CFU/100mL or 125 MPN/100 mL  235 CFU/100 mL or 235 MPN/100 mL	5 sample geometric mean based on at least 5 samples equally spaced over a 30-day period.  Not to exceed in any one sample in a 30-day period except in cases where there are at least 10 samples, 10% of the samples may exceed the criterion
Dissolved solids	750 mg/L	Not to exceed at point of drinking water intake

CAC = Chronic Aquatic Criterion, SU = Standard Units, HHC = Human Health Criteria, MPN = Most Probable Number, CFU = Colony Forming Unit

\*Waters protected for cold water fish include those waters designated by the Indiana Department of Natural Resources for put-and-take trout fishing, as well as salmonid waters listed in 327 IAC 2-1.5-5.

### **A.4.3. Identify Information Inputs**

Under the probabilistic design, field monitoring activities are required to collect physical, chemical, algal, bacteriological, biological, and habitat data. These data are required to address the necessary decisions previously described. Monitoring activities take place at target sites for which permission to access has been granted by the necessary landowners or property managers. Due to the statistical nature of the survey design, historical data will not be used in the calculation of predicted stream mileages supporting or nonsupporting aquatic life or recreational uses. Collection procedures for field measurements, bacteriological, algal, chemical, biological, and habitat data will be described in detail under B. Measurement and Data Acquisition.

### **A.4.4. Define the Boundaries for the Study**

For the purpose of this program, the Upper Wabash River Basin (Figure 1) is geographically defined as within the borders of Indiana contained by the 8-digit Hydrologic Unit Codes (HUC) 05120101, 05120102, 05120103, 05120104, 05120105, 05120106, and 051201017. Predominant land uses are provided below for each HUC using the 2021 National Land Cover Database for the Conterminous United States (Dewitz 2023).

- The Upper Wabash sub-basin (05120101), located in north-central Indiana, drains approximately 1333 square miles within Indiana's borders. Predominant land uses are cropland (74%), urban (11%), forest (10%), and pasture (3%).
- The Salamonie sub-basin (05120102), located in north-central Indiana, drains approximately 560 square miles. Predominant land uses are cropland (79%), forest (10%), urban (6%), and pasture (2%).
- The Mississinewa sub-basin (05120103), located in north-central Indiana, drains approximately 786 square miles within Indiana's borders. Predominant land uses are cropland (74%), forest (10%), urban (10%), and pasture (3%).
- The Eel sub-basin (05120104), located in north-central Indiana, drains approximately 816 square miles. Predominant land uses are cropland (73%), forest (12%), urban (8%), pasture (4%), and wetlands (2%).
- The Middle Wabash-Deer sub-basin (05120105), located in north-central Indiana, drains approximately 669 square miles. Predominant land uses are cropland (80%), forest (9%), urban (8%), and pasture (2%).
- The Tippecanoe sub-basin (05120106), located in north-central Indiana, drains approximately 1950 square miles. Predominant land uses are cropland (77%), forest (8%), urban (8%), wetland (4%), and pasture (3%).

- The Wildcat sub-basin (05120107), located in north-central Indiana, drains approximately 805 square miles. Predominant land uses are cropland (77%), urban (12%), forest (7%), pasture (2%), and wetlands (2%).

The target sample population for the basin is defined as all perennial streams in the Upper Wabash River Basin that lie within the geographic boundaries of Indiana. The sample frame is comprised of all rivers and streams as indexed through the NHDPlus HR dataset (Moore et al. 2019). Marshes, wetlands, backwaters, impoundments, canals, ditches, dry sites, and streams with no apparent channel, including submerged, or run underground either through natural processes or by anthropogenic channel alterations, are excluded as they are considered nontarget populations. Table 3 gives the site status for 150 potential sampling sites for the Upper Wabash River Basin. From these 150 potential sites, the first 45 target sites will be sampled for physical, chemical, and algal parameters. Bacteriological sampling will be completed at the first 40 target sites. Biological communities and habitat information will be sampled at the first 38 target sites. For those sites listed as “Target, Approved” but not sampled in Table 3, the site will be listed as “Not-needed” when using the *R* statistics environment software (R Core Team 2021) package *spsurvey* (available on the U.S. EPA Aquatic Resources Monitoring and Analysis webpage, <http://archive.epa.gov/nheerl/arm/web/html/software.html> or at <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/spsurvey/spsurvey.pdf>) to calculate the percent of perennial stream miles in the basin that support or do not support aquatic life and recreational uses (IDEM 2020b). Sites listed as “Other, Deadline 3/15/2024” in Table 3 were thought to be part of the target population; however, the landowner could not be contacted before the site reconnaissance deadline which occurred on March 15, 2024.

#### **A.4.5. Develop the Analytical Approach**

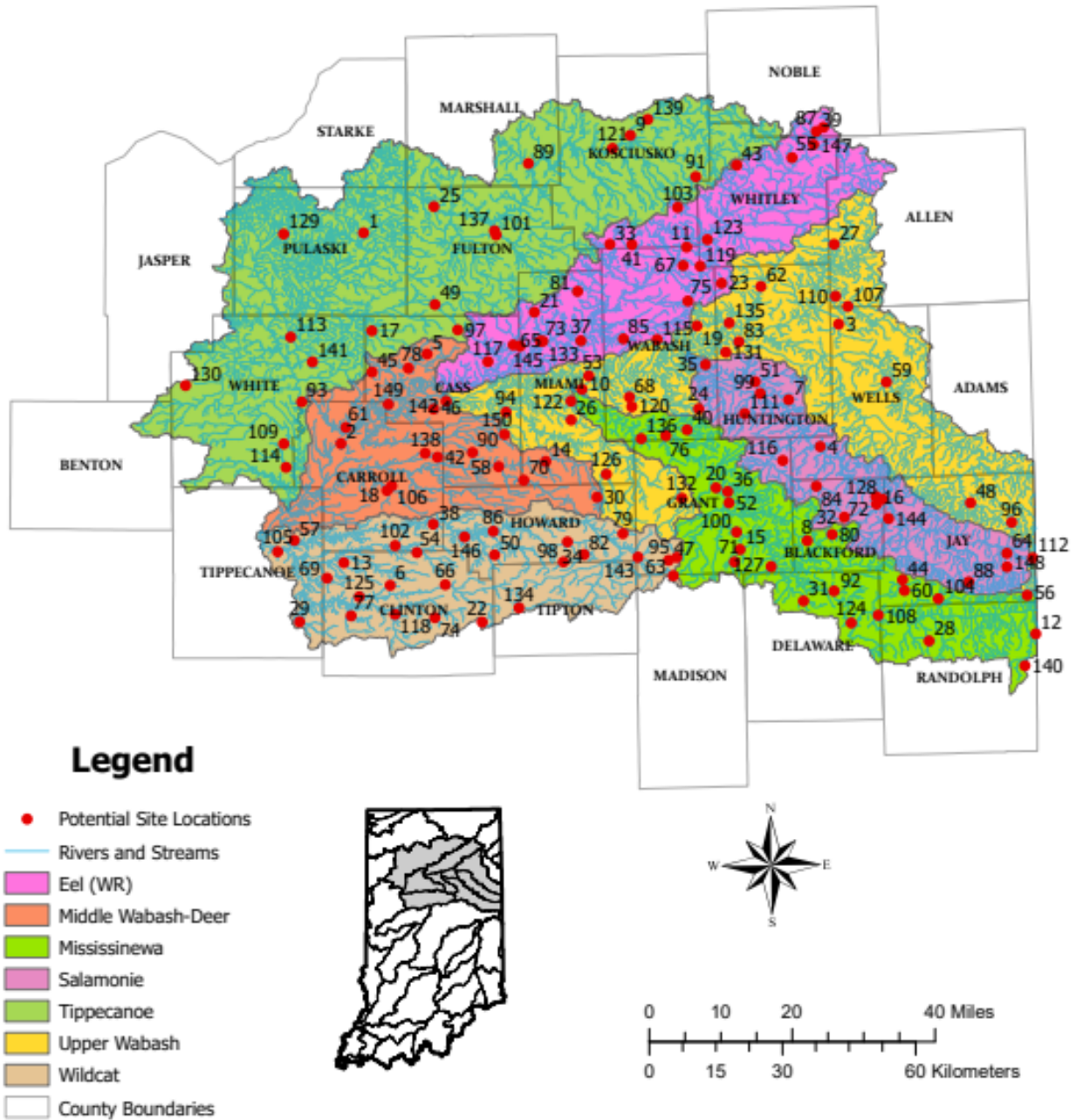
Samples will be collected for physical, chemical, bacteriological parameters, and biological communities when the flow rate of the stream is safe for staff to enter. Considerations include times when water levels are at or above median base flow; when hazardous weather conditions like thunderstorms and heavy rain are in the vicinity; and when unexpected physical barriers prevent access to the site. The field crew chief makes the final determination if the stream is safe to enter. Even if the weather conditions and stream flow are safe, sample collections for biological communities may be postponed at a particular site for one to four weeks due to scouring of the stream substrate or instream cover following a high-water event resulting in nonrepresentative samples.

For assessment purposes in the Integrated Report, aquatic life use and recreational use support decisions will include independent evaluations of

chemical, biological, and bacteriological criteria as outlined in Indiana's 2024 CALM (IDEM 2024). The fish assemblage will be evaluated at each site using the appropriate IBI (Simon 2006; Simon and Dufour 1998, 2005; Simon and Stahl 1998). Macroinvertebrate multihabitat samples will also be evaluated using a statewide mIBI developed for lowest practical taxonomic level identifications. Specifically, a site will be considered nonsupporting for aquatic life use when IBI or mIBI scores are less than 36. Diatom assemblages will be evaluated at each site using the appropriate IBI metrics (Jessup et al. 2021); however, the IBI score will not be used for determining aquatic life use support until an assessment methodology has undergone review in the CALM. Where biological or chemical criteria are nonsupporting for aquatic life use, the site may be considered for possible additional sampling to determine the extent, causes, and likely sources of the ALUS nonattainment area as a watershed characterization project by the Targeted Monitoring Program.

Statistical estimations of the percentage of perennial stream miles in the Upper Wabash River Basin that support or do not support aquatic life and recreational uses will be made following use-attainment decisions for each site sampled. Estimations will be calculated using the *R* statistics environment software (R Core Team 2021) package *spsurvey* available on the U.S. EPA Aquatic Resources Monitoring and Analysis webpage, <http://archive.epa.gov/nheerl/arm/web/html/software.html>, or at <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/spsurvey/spsurvey.pdf> (IDEM 2020b). The percent attainment and nonattainment for the target population of the Upper Wabash River Basin will be published in a table within the 2026 Integrated Report.

**Figure 1. Potential Sampling Sites for the Upper Wabash River Basin.**



This map is intended to serve as an aid in graphic representation only. This information is not warranted for accuracy or other purposes.

Mapped by: Mitchell Owens, Office of Water Quality  
 Date: 2/5/2024

Spatial Data Source: State of Indiana Geographic Information Office Library

Map Projection and Datum: UTM Zone 16N/NAD83

**Table 3. List of Potential Sites for the Upper Wabash River Basin.**

Site Number	EPA SITE ID	STATION	WATERBODY	COUNTY	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	Stream Order	Site Status
1	INRB24-001	WTI-06-0020	Tippecanoe River	Pulaski	41.07940659	-86.58289396	8	Target, Approved
2	INRB24-002	WDE-03-0002	Mitchell Creek	Carroll	40.65089021	-86.64573823	6	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
3	INRB24-003	WUW-11-0013	Flat Creek	Wells	40.88212077	-85.3135182	5	Target, Approved
4	INRB24-004	WSA-03-0009	Salamonie River	Wells	40.63414289	-85.36887183	7	Target, Approved
5	INRB24-005	WDE-01-0007	Brown Ditch	Cass	40.8322652	-86.41462121	4	Non-target, Dry
6	INRB24-006	WAW-03-0038	Tributary of Boyles Ditch	Clinton	40.36221789	-86.51658299	3	Non-target, Dry
7	INRB24-007	WSA-04-0017	Brook Creek	Huntington	40.73031419	-85.45103659	3	Non-target, Dry
8	INRB24-008	WMI-03-0017	Moore Prong	Blackford	40.4430943	-85.40803033	5	Non-target, Dry
9	INRB24-009	WTI-02-0075	Tippecanoe River	Kosciusko	41.27296509	-85.86379599	7	Target, Approved
10	INRB24-010	WUW-14-0028	Daniel Creek	Miami	40.7576647	-86.00200917	5	Non-target, Dry
11	INRB24-011	WAE-04-0012	Wheeler Creek	Wabash	41.04396062	-85.71718226	5	Target, Approved
12	INRB24-012	WMI-01-0009	Mitchell Ditch	Randolph	40.24389592	-84.80752316	3	Non-target, No stream
13	INRB24-013	WAW-02-0002	Cripe Run	Clinton	40.40866082	-86.63945337	4	Non-target, Access denied
14	INRB24-014	WDE-04-0005	Deer Creek	Miami	40.61181921	-86.10068225	6	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
15	INRB24-015	WMI-05-0030	Barren Creek	Grant	40.42757711	-85.58692097	6	Non-target, Access denied
16	INRB24-016	WSA-02-0006	Salamonie River	Blackford	40.5302868	-85.2231102	7	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
17	INRB24-017	WTI-08-0007	Little Indian Creek	Cass	40.88001226	-86.56190038	6	Target, Approved
18	INRB24-018	WDE-05-0013	Bachelor Run	Carroll	40.55520684	-86.52380793	6	Target, Approved
19	INRB24-019	WUW-14-0029	Lagro Creek	Wabash	40.88341316	-85.69280896	4	Target, Approved
20	INRB24-020	WMI-05-0026	Mississinewa River	Grant	40.55377777	-85.6483404	7	Target, Approved
21	INRB24-021	WAE-06-0005	Weesau Creek	Miami	40.91559199	-86.12698902	6	Target, Approved
22	INRB24-022	WAW-03-0042	Paris Ditch	Clinton	40.28615166	-86.27334331	3	Non-target, Dry
23	INRB24-023	WAE-04-0009	Tributary of Carroll Ditch	Huntington	40.9693739	-85.62482814	4	Non-target, Dry
24	INRB24-024	WUW-14-0030	Treaty Creek	Wabash	40.71487373	-85.69131234	3	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
25	INRB24-025	WTI-06-0021	Tippecanoe River	Fulton	41.13182785	-86.39365244	8	Target, Approved
26	INRB24-026	WUW-16-0004	Little Pipe Creek	Miami	40.69547571	-86.03157656	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
27	INRB24-027	WUW-10-0012	Squaw Creek	Allen	41.04465807	-85.32152872	4	Target, Approved
28	INRB24-028	WMI-02-0025	Bush Creek	Randolph	40.23451232	-85.09041712	4	Non-target, Dry
29	INRB24-029	LAUW-03-0043	Lauramie Creek	Tippecanoe	40.28888665	-86.7573899	5	Target, Approved
30	INRB24-030	WDE-04-0006	Deer Creek	Howard	40.53784745	-85.96507533	5	Non-target, Dry
31	INRB24-031	WMI-04-0020	Champion Run	Delaware	40.3206171	-85.42079067	3	Non-target, Dry
32	INRB24-032	WSA-02-0007	Tributary of Slocum Ditch	Blackford	40.4895014	-85.30838418	3	Non-target, No stream
33	INRB24-033	WAE-05-0043	Silver Creek	Kosciusko	41.05192116	-85.92247469	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
34	INRB24-034	WAW-01-0004	Kokomo Creek	Howard	40.44771568	-86.04510363	6	Target, Approved
35	INRB24-035	WSA-04-0018	Salamonie River	Wabash	40.80438237	-85.67145501	7	Non-target, Impounded stream
36	INRB24-036	WMI-05-0031	Tributary of Lugar Creek	Grant	40.54570679	-85.61713286	3	Non-target, Dry
37	INRB24-037	WAE-06-0006	Eel River	Miami	40.8563493	-86.00320824	7	Target, Approved
38	INRB24-038	WAW-04-0007	Wildcat Creek	Carroll	40.48622979	-86.4013987	8	Target, Approved
39	INRB24-039	WAE-01-0029	Hosler Ditch	Noble	41.27465446	-85.36385992	5	Non-target, Dry
40	INRB24-040	WMI-06-0011	Grant Creek	Wabash	40.67243719	-85.72302979	5	Target, Approved
41	INRB24-041	WAE-04-0010	Tributary of Clear Creek	Kosciusko	41.05044126	-85.86354319	4	Non-target, Access denied
42	INRB24-042	WDE-05-0012	Price Plank Ditch	Carroll	40.62231731	-86.38852688	3	Non-target, No stream
43	INRB24-043	WAE-03-0008	Tributary of Sattison Ditch	Whitley	41.20893317	-85.57931622	3	Non-target, No stream
44	INRB24-044	WMI-02-0027	Tributary of Halfway Creek	Jay	40.35993597	-85.15713645	4	Non-target, Dry
45	INRB24-045	WDE-01-0008	Galbreath Ditch	Cass	40.79621826	-86.56208259	4	Non-target, Dry
46	INRB24-046	WDE-01-0009	Tributary of Wabash River	Cass	40.72034004	-86.39821834	4	Target, Approved
47	INRB24-047	WAW-01-0008	Grassy Fork	Grant	40.40773893	-85.77701143	3	Non-target, Dry
48	INRB24-048	WUW-04-0006	Bear Creek	Jay	40.5133258	-84.97206772	5	Target, Approved
49	INRB24-049	WTI-08-0008	Grassy Creek	Fulton	40.93264807	-86.39275503	6	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
50	INRB24-050	WAW-04-0008	William Vogus Ditch	Howard	40.42259628	-86.23894521	3	Non-target, Dry

**Table 3 (continued). List of Potential Sites for the Upper Wabash River Basin.**

Site Number	EPA SITE ID	STATION	WATERBODY	COUNTY	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	Stream Order	Site Status
51	INRB24-051	WSA-04-0019	Majenica Creek	Huntington	40.76817493	-85.53934509	5	Target, Approved
52	INRB24-052	WMI-05-0027	Tributary of Mississinewa River	Grant	40.52273503	-85.61432999	3	Non-target, Access denied
53	INRB24-053	WUW-14-0031	Daniel Creek	Miami	40.78465268	-85.98338262	5	Non-target, Dry
54	INRB24-054	WAW-02-0004	Tributary of Middle Fork Wildcat Creek	Clinton	40.42866297	-86.44528883	3	Non-target, Dry
55	INRB24-055	WAE-01-0028	Thorn Creek	Whitley	41.22232923	-85.43025547	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
56	INRB24-056	WMI-01-0010	Jordon Creek	Jay	40.32279955	-84.82755666	3	Non-target, Dry
57	INRB24-057	WAW-04-0006	Tributary of Wildcat Creek	Tippecanoe	40.454443	-86.77071661	5	Target, Approved
58	INRB24-058	WDE-04-0007	South Fork Deer Creek	Cass	40.60210101	-86.22604132	6	Target, Approved
59	INRB24-059	WUW-08-0007	Wabash River	Wells	40.76249821	-85.18918543	7	Target, Approved
60	INRB24-060	WMI-02-0026	Halfway Creek	Jay	40.33797202	-85.15261606	4	Target, Approved
61	INRB24-061	WDE-03-0003	Tributary of Rattlesnake Creek	Carroll	40.68381744	-86.63240877	5	Non-target, Access denied
62	INRB24-062	WUW-12-0003	Clear Creek	Huntington	40.96154979	-85.51978987	7	Target, Approved
63	INRB24-063	WAW-01-0005	Wildcat Creek	Madison	40.37640614	-85.76518664	3	Non-target, No stream
64	INRB24-064	WSA-01-0017	Sycamore Fork	Jay	40.40897054	-84.87878182	3	Non-target, Dry
65	INRB24-065	WAE-07-0006	East Branch Twelve Mile Creek	Cass	40.8493066	-86.18412265	6	Target, Approved
66	INRB24-066	WAW-03-0039	Tributary of Kilmore Creek	Clinton	40.36283952	-86.37053591	3	Non-target, Dry
67	INRB24-067	WAE-04-0011	Tributary of Eel River	Wabash	41.0066998	-85.72706465	3	Non-target, Dry
68	INRB24-068	WUW-14-0032	Mill Creek	Wabash	40.74074231	-85.87557565	4	Target, Approved
69	INRB24-069	WAW-02-0003	Hog Run	Clinton	40.37742925	-86.6841467	5	Target, Approved
70	INRB24-070	WDE-04-0008	South Fork Deer Creek	Miami	40.57389954	-86.15955527	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
71	INRB24-071	WMI-05-0028	Hopcus Run	Grant	40.40244505	-85.6022893	4	Non-target, Dry
72	INRB24-072	WSA-02-0008	Jones Ditch	Blackford	40.51471534	-85.2222328	5	Non-target, Dry
73	INRB24-073	WAE-06-0007	Tributary of Eel River	Miami	40.85647495	-86.11218832	3	Non-target, Dry
74	INRB24-074	WAW-03-0040	Talbert Ditch	Clinton	40.29596261	-86.39861399	5	Target, Approved
75	INRB24-075	WAE-05-0040	Beargrass Creek	Wabash	40.93428789	-85.7157463	4	Non-target, Dry
76	INRB24-076	WMI-06-0010	Cart Creek	Wabash	40.66129546	-85.77999586	5	Non-target, Impounded stream
77	INRB24-077	WAW-03-0041	Spring Creek	Clinton	40.30061184	-86.62062243	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
78	INRB24-078	WDE-01-0010	Busard Ditch	Cass	40.80360717	-86.46494507	4	Non-target, Dry
79	INRB24-079	WAW-01-0009	Roberts Ditch	Howard	40.46312117	-85.89764564	5	Non-target, Dry
80	INRB24-080	WMI-03-0018	Little Lick Creek	Blackford	40.45490428	-85.34169959	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
81	INRB24-081	WAE-05-0041	Aberger Ditch	Miami	40.95687967	-86.01072835	4	Target, Approved
82	INRB24-082	WAW-01-0010	Kokomo Creek	Howard	40.42164737	-86.00123122	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
83	INRB24-083	WUW-13-0015	Loon Creek	Huntington	40.84983075	-85.58110092	5	Target, Approved
84	INRB24-084	WSA-03-0010	Prairie Creek	Blackford	40.55355085	-85.38121775	6	Non-target, Access denied
85	INRB24-085	WAE-05-0042	Bachelor Creek	Wabash	40.85922676	-85.88937122	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
86	INRB24-086	WAW-04-0009	Wildcat Creek	Howard	40.47076103	-86.24190127	8	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
87	INRB24-087	WAE-01-0030	Tributary of Blue River	Noble	41.28286502	-85.34409572	3	Non-target, Dry
88	INRB24-088	WSA-01-0018	Tributary of Butternut Creek	Jay	40.35271334	-84.98192962	3	Non-target, Dry
89	INRB24-089	WTI-04-0028	Tributary of Outlet Creek	Marshall	41.21801083	-86.13894129	3	Non-target, Dry
90	INRB24-090	WDE-02-0005	Ansberry Bird Ditch	Cass	40.63135161	-86.29555776	3	Non-target, Dry
91	INRB24-091	WTI-02-0076	Deeds Creek	Kosciusko	41.18689696	-85.68976694	5	Non-target, Dry
92	INRB24-092	WMI-04-0021	Tributary of Rees Creek	Delaware	40.33985994	-85.33948528	3	Target, Approved
93	INRB24-093	WTI-13-0007	Tippecanoe River	Carroll	40.7360937	-86.75011132	8	Non-target, Impounded stream
94	INRB24-094	WUW-15-0013	Little Deer Creek	Cass	40.71283615	-86.20529773	5	Target, Approved
95	INRB24-095	WAW-01-0006	Tributary of Grassy Fork	Grant	40.41350866	-85.75530894	3	Non-target, No stream
96	INRB24-096	WUW-04-0007	West Prong Franks Drain	Jay	40.47170536	-84.86390251	5	Non-target, Dry
97	INRB24-097	WTI-08-0009	Tributary of Gault Ditch	Cass	40.88079814	-86.33216603	4	Non-target, No stream
98	INRB24-098	WAW-01-0007	Tributary of Finn Ditch	Howard	40.40698645	-86.05637301	5	Non-target, Dry
99	INRB24-099	WSA-04-0020	Salamonie River	Huntington	40.74403345	-85.52647941	7	Target, Approved
100	INRB24-100	WMI-05-0029	Octain Creek	Grant	40.46314165	-85.59547117	3	Non-target, Dry

**Table 3 (continued). List of Potential Sites for the Upper Wabash River Basin.**

Site Number	EPA SITE ID	STATION	WATERBODY	COUNTY	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	Stream Order	Site Status
101	INRB24-101	WTI-05-0027	Minnow Ditch	Fulton	41.07327007	-86.22747485	3	Target, Approved
102	INRB24-102	WAW-02-0005	Middle Fork Wildcat Creek	Carroll	40.44311299	-86.50286616	4	Target, Approved
103	INRB24-103	WAE-04-0013	Tributary of Mishler Ditch	Kosciusko	41.1248117	-85.73956396	6	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
104	INRB24-104	WMI-02-0028	Flesher Creek	Jay	40.31995608	-85.0633515	4	Non-target, Dry
105	INRB24-105	WAW-04-0010	Wildcat Creek	Tippecanoe	40.43143338	-86.81509036	5	Target, Approved
106	INRB24-106	WDE-05-0014	Tributary of Bachelor Creek	Carroll	40.56446799	-86.51111142	8	Non-target, Dry
107	INRB24-107	WUW-09-0008	Tributary of Big Creek	Wells	40.91791661	-85.28802733	4	Target, Approved
108	INRB24-108	WMI-02-0029	Sharp Ditch	Delaware	40.2890112	-85.22341435	5	Target, Approved
109	INRB24-109	WTI-13-0008	Tributary of Big Creek	White	40.65090807	-86.79816643	7	Non-target, No stream
110	INRB24-110	WUW-09-0009	Mill Creek	Allen	40.93904729	-85.32060749	4	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
111	INRB24-111	WSA-04-0024	Tributary of Wabash River	Huntington	40.70388737	-85.56885128	4	Target, Approved
112	INRB24-112	WUW-01-0001	Tributary of Eel River	Jay	40.39852649	-84.81072893	5	Target, Approved
113	INRB24-113	WTI-10-0014	Broad Creek	White	40.86792868	-86.77891877	5	Target, Approved
114	INRB24-114	WTI-13-0009	Gukien Cohee Ditch	White	40.6030118	-86.79235206	7	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
115	INRB24-115	WAE-05-0045	Sharp Ditch	Wabash	40.8568828	-85.7995342	6	Non-target, Dry
116	INRB24-116	WSA-03-0011	Enoch Lee Ditch	Grant	40.6070604	-85.4693999	4	Non-target, Dry
117	INRB24-117	WAE-07-0007	Dry Run Ditch	Cass	40.81570263	-86.25242192	5	Target, Approved
118	INRB24-118	WAW-03-0044	Tributary of Prairie Creek	Clinton	40.3031901	-86.50410959	4	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
119	INRB24-119	WAE-04-0016	Simonton Creek	Whitley	41.00488043	-85.68138437	5	Target, Approved
120	INRB24-120	WUW-14-0033	Mill Creek	Wabash	40.7211345	-85.8694263	5	Non-target, No stream
121	INRB24-121	WTI-03-0021	Tippecanoe River	Kosciusko	41.24677822	-85.9122238	4	Target, Approved
122	INRB24-122	WUW-16-0005	Tributary of Wabash River	Miami	40.73393339	-86.03147851	8	Target, Approved
123	INRB24-123	WAE-04-0014	Hurricane Creek	Whitley	41.05855193	-85.6611046	4	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
124	INRB24-124	WMI-04-0022	Mississinewa River	Delaware	40.27419314	-85.29531239	5	Target, Approved
125	INRB24-125	WAW-03-0045	Kilmore Creek	Clinton	40.33937327	-86.59889164	7	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
126	INRB24-126	WUW-15-0016	Sugar Creek	Miami	40.58437171	-85.9395626	4	Target, Approved
127	INRB24-127	WMI-05-0032	Hoppas Ditch	Grant	40.3918099	-85.50502902	5	Other, Deadline 3/15/24
128	INRB24-128	WSA-02-0009	Salamonie River	Blackford	40.5244338	-85.20580554	5	Target, Approved
129	INRB24-129	WTI-10-0015	Big Monon Ditch	Pulaski	41.07750917	-86.79725095	7	Target, Approved
130	INRB24-130	WTI-12-0009	Tributary of Winters Ditch	White	40.76968447	-87.06007974	7	Non-target, No stream
131	INRB24-131	WUW-13-0016	Tributary of Wabash River	Huntington	40.82905616	-85.61660386	4	Non-target, Dry
132	INRB24-132	WUW-15-0014	Pipe Creek	Grant	40.53370747	-85.73936789	3	Target, Approved
133	INRB24-133	WAE-06-0008	Tributary of Eel River	Miami	40.8563305	-86.1049008	6	Non-target, Dry
134	INRB24-134	WAW-01-0011	Broad Creek	Tipton	40.31466647	-86.17536935	3	Non-target, Dry
135	INRB24-135	WUW-13-0017	Silver Creek	Huntington	40.88843523	-85.606071	3	Target, Approved
136	INRB24-136	WMI-06-0012	Tenmile Creek	Wabash	40.65588544	-85.84544243	5	Non-target, Impounded stream
137	INRB24-137	WTI-05-0028	Minnow Ditch	Fulton	41.08175381	-86.23153496	6	Non-target, Access denied
138	INRB24-138	WDE-05-0015	Gukien Cohee Ditch	Carroll	40.63035775	-86.42162003	4	Non-target, Dry
139	INRB24-139	WTI-02-0090	Tippecanoe River	Kosciusko	41.30484562	-85.81642137	3	Target, Approved
140	INRB24-140	WMI-01-0011	Little Ditch	Randolph	40.17969296	-84.83817627	7	Non-target, No stream
141	INRB24-141	WTI-12-0010	Church Creek	White	40.81728107	-86.72122447	3	Non-target, Dry
142	INRB24-142	WDE-01-0011	Goose Creek	Cass	40.73594995	-86.36462397	4	Non-target, Dry
143	INRB24-143	WAW-01-0012	Wildcat Creek	Grant	40.41491381	-85.85834356	5	Target, Approved
144	INRB24-144	WSA-02-0010	Twomile Ditch	Jay	40.48500458	-85.19087295	6	Target, Approved
145	INRB24-145	WAE-07-0008	Bower Ditch	Miami	40.8468567	-86.16598267	6	Non-target, Dry
146	INRB24-146	WAW-04-0011	Tributary of Wildcat Creek	Howard	40.45970886	-86.31838341	5	Target, Approved
147	INRB24-147	WAE-01-0031	Blue River	Whitley	41.24829111	-85.37182147	4	Target, Approved
148	INRB24-148	WSA-01-0019	Walnut Creek	Jay	40.38138393	-84.87950769	6	Target, Approved
149	INRB24-149	WDE-01-0012	Tributary of Crooked Creek	Cass	40.73037388	-86.51886117	5	Target, Approved
150	INRB24-150	WDE-02-0008	Dry Run Ditch	Cass	40.6675644	-86.20964457	5	Non-target, Dry



**A.4.6. Specify Performance or Acceptance Criteria**

Good quality data are essential for minimizing decision error. By identifying errors in the sampling design, measurement, and laboratory for physical, chemical, and biological parameters, more confidence can be placed in the percentage of perennial stream miles in the river basin that support or do not support aquatic life and recreational uses. In this project, it is desired to make decisions protective of human health and the environment; therefore, the null hypothesis is that the reach is not supportive of Indiana’s aquatic life and recreational uses. The resulting Type 1 and Type 2 decision errors in this project are listed in Table 4 below.

**Table 4. Decision Error Associated with Probabilistic Monitoring.**

	<b>Actual Status of Sampled Stream Reaches of the Studied Watershed</b>	
<b>WAPB Work Plan Findings</b>	<b>Stream reach <u>IS</u> supportive of aquatic life and recreational use</b>	<b>Stream reach <u>IS NOT</u> supportive of aquatic life and recreational use</b>
<b>Stream reach <u>IS</u> supportive of aquatic life and recreational use</b>	Stream reach is correctly identified as supporting aquatic life and recreational use	<b>Decision Error (Type 1)</b>
<b>Stream reach <u>IS NOT</u> supportive of aquatic life and recreational use</b>	<b>Decision Error (Type 2)</b>	Stream reach is correctly identified as <u>NOT</u> supporting aquatic life and recreational use

The probabilistic sampling design provides estimations of the proportion of streams in the basin attaining designated uses with a 95% confidence level. A minimum of 38 probabilistic sites will be sampled in the basin to assure this confidence level is reached for overall stream mileage estimations (see Sampling Design and Site Locations, page 19).

Site specific aquatic life use and recreational use assessments include program specific controls to identify the introduction of errors. These controls include water chemistry and bacteriological blanks and duplicates, biological site revisits or duplicates, and laboratory controls through verification of species identifications as described in IDEM QAPPs and SOPs (IDEM 2020a, 2020c, 2020d, 2023a, 2023b, 2023c, 2023e, 2023f, 2023g, 2023h, 2023i).

The QA/QC process detects deficiencies in the data collection as set forth in the QAPP (IDEM 2023a, 2020a). The QAPP requires all contract laboratories to adhere to rigorous standards during sample analyses and to provide good quality usable data. Chemists within the WAPB provide a QA review of the laboratory analytical results. Any data which is “Rejected” due to analytical problems or errors will not be used for water

quality assessment decisions. Any data flagged as “Estimated” may be used on a case-by-case basis and is noted in the QA/QC report. Criteria for acceptance or rejection of results as well as application of data quality flags is presented in the Surface Water QAPP, Table 28: Data Flags, page 106 (IDEM 2023a) and Biological and Habitat QAPP, pages 32-36 (IDEM 2020a). Precision and accuracy goals with acceptance limits for applicable analytical methods are provided in the Surface Water QAPP, Table 3: Performance, Acceptance, and Decision Criteria for this Study, page 37; and Table 14: Field Parameters, page 92 (IDEM 2023a). Further investigation will be conducted in response to consistent “rejected” data in determining the source of error. Field techniques used during sample collection and preparation, along with laboratory procedures will be subject to evaluation by both the WAPB QA manager and project manager in troubleshooting error introduced throughout the entire data collection process. Corrective actions will be implemented once the source of error is determined per the QAPP (IDEM 2023a, IDEM 2020a).

If funding and resources are available, results showing nonsupport for aquatic life use will be subsequently verified through a targeted monitoring program prior to completion of the Integrated Report. Those stream reaches showing nonsupport may also be verified through the TMDL development process.

**A.4.7. Develop the Plan for Obtaining Data**

The probabilistic rotating basin design is optimal for assessing the recreational use and ALUS status of river and stream resources in Indiana. The design facilitates statistically valid estimations of the total percent of perennial stream miles within the basin of interest that are nonsupporting for aquatic life and recreational uses. The estimations are derived from total perennial stream miles in the basin of interest and the design requires minimal use of sampling and staff resources (see Sampling Design and Site Locations, page 19).

**A.5. Training and Staffing Requirements**

**Table 5. Project Roles, Experience, and Training**

Role	Required Training/Experience	Responsibilities	Training References
Project manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Database experience</li> <li>-Experience in project management and QA/QC procedures</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Establish project in the Assessment Information Management System (AIMS) II database</li> <li>-Oversee development of project work plan</li> <li>-Oversee entry and QC of field data</li> <li>-Querying data from AIMS II to determine results not meeting water quality criteria</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-AIMS II Database User Guide</li> <li>-IDEM 2020a, 2020b, 2022b, 2023a, 2023k</li> <li>-U.S. EPA 2002, 2006</li> </ul>

Role	Required Training/Experience	Responsibilities	Training References
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Calculating predicted percentage of perennial stream miles nonsupporting for aquatic life uses and recreational uses in the river basin of interest</li> </ul>	
Field crew chief macroinvertebrate and fish community sampling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-At least one year of experience in sampling methodology and taxonomy of aquatic communities in the region</li> <li>-Annually review the principles and techniques of electrofishing</li> <li>-Annually review relevant safety procedures</li> <li>-Annually review relevant SOP documents for field operations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Complete field data sheets</li> <li>-Taxonomic accuracy</li> <li>-Sampling efficiency and representation</li> <li>-Voucher specimen tracking</li> <li>-Overall operation of the field crew</li> <li>-Adherence to safety and field SOP procedures by crew members</li> <li>-Ensure that multiprobe analyzers are calibrated weekly prior to field sampling activities</li> <li>-Ensure that field sampling equipment is functioning properly and loaded into field vehicles prior to field sampling activities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Dufour 2002</li> <li>-IDEM 2008, 2010a, 2010b, 2019, 2020a, 2020c, 2020d, 2021b, 2022a, 2022b, 2023c, 2023d, 2023e, 2023g</li> <li>-Simon 2006</li> <li>-Simon and Dufour 1998, 2005</li> <li>-Simon and Stahl 1998</li> <li>-YSI 2017, 2018</li> </ul>
Field crew members – macroinvertebrate and fish community sampling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Complete hands-on training for sampling methodology prior to participation in field sampling activities</li> <li>-Review the principles and techniques of electrofishing</li> <li>-Review relevant safety procedures</li> <li>-Review relevant SOP documents for field operations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Follow all safety and SOP procedures while engaged in field sampling activities</li> <li>-Follow direction of field crew chief while engaged in field sampling activities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-IDEM 2008, 2010a, 2010b, 2019, 2020c, 2020d, 2021b, 2022a, 2023c, 2023d, 2023e, 2023g</li> <li>-YSI 2017, 2018</li> </ul>
Field crew chief – water chemistry, algal, and/or bacteriological sampling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-At least one year of experience in sampling methodology</li> <li>-Annually review relevant safety procedures</li> <li>-Annually review relevant SOP documents for field operations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Completion of field data sheets</li> <li>-Sampling efficiency and representation</li> <li>-Overall operation of the field crew</li> <li>-Adherence to safety and field SOP procedures by crew members</li> <li>-Ensure that multiprobe analyzers are calibrated</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-IDEM 2008, 2010a, 2010b, 2019, 2020a, 2020c, 2020d, 2021b, 2022a, 2022b, 2023b, 2023d, 2023f, 2023h</li> <li>-YSI 2017, 2018</li> </ul>

Role	Required Training/Experience	Responsibilities	Training References
		weekly prior to field sampling activities -Ensure that field sampling equipment is functioning properly and loaded into field vehicles prior to field sampling activities	
Field crew members – water chemistry, algal, and/or bacteriological sampling	-Complete hands-on training for sampling methodology prior to participation in field sampling activities -Review relevant safety procedures -Review relevant SOP documents for field operations	-Follow all safety and SOP procedures while engaged in field sampling activities -Follow direction of field crew chief while engaged in field sampling activities	-IDEM 2008, 2010a, 2010b, 2019, 2020c, 2020d, 2021b, 2022a, 2023b, 2023d, 2023f, 2023h -YSI 2017, 2018
Laboratory supervisor – macroinvertebrate and fish community sample processing	-At least one year of experience in taxonomy of aquatic communities in the region -Annually review relevant safety procedures -Annually review relevant SOP documents for laboratory operations	-Identification of fish and macroinvertebrate specimens collected during field sampling -Completion of laboratory data sheets -Verify taxonomic accuracy of processed samples -Voucher specimen tracking -Adherence to safety and SOP procedures by laboratory staff -Check data for completeness -Perform all necessary calculations on the data -Ensure that data are entered into the AIMS II Database -Ensure that required QA/QC are performed on the data -Querying data from AIMS II to determine results not meeting Water Quality Criteria	-IDEM 2008, 2010a, 2010b, 2019, 2020a, 2021b, 2023i -AIMS II Database User Guide
Laboratory staff – macroinvertebrate and fish community sample processing	-Complete hands-on training for laboratory sample processing methodology prior to participation in laboratory sample processing activities -Annually review relevant safety procedures	-Adhere to safety and SOP procedures -Follow Laboratory Supervisor direction while processing samples -Identification of fish and macroinvertebrate specimens collected during field sampling	-IDEM 2008, 2010a, 2010b, 2019, 2021b, 2023i -AIMS II Database User Guide

Role	Required Training/Experience	Responsibilities	Training References
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Annually review relevant SOP documents for laboratory operations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Completion of laboratory data sheets, perform necessary calculations on data, enter field sheets</li> </ul>	
Laboratory supervisor – water chemistry, algal and/or bacteriological sample processing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Annually review relevant safety procedures</li> <li>-Annually review relevant SOP documents for field operations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Completion of laboratory data sheets</li> <li>-Adherence to safety and SOP procedures by laboratory staff</li> <li>-Check data for completeness</li> <li>-Perform all necessary calculations on the data</li> <li>-Ensure that data are entered into the AIMS Data Base</li> <li>-Ensure that required QA/QC are performed on the data</li> <li>-Querying data from AIMS II to determine results not meeting Water Quality Criteria</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-IDEM 2008, 2010a, 2010b, 2023a, 2019, 2020a, 2021b, 2023f, 2023h</li> <li>-AIMS II Database User Guide</li> </ul>
Quality assurance officer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Familiarity with QA/QC practices and methodologies</li> <li>-Familiarity with the QAPPs and data qualification methodologies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Ensure adherence to QA/QC requirements of QAPP</li> <li>-Evaluate data collected by sampling crews for adherence to project work plan</li> <li>-Review data collected by field sampling crews for completeness and accuracy</li> <li>-Perform a data quality analysis of data generated by the project</li> <li>-Assign data quality levels based on the data quality analysis</li> <li>-Import data into the AIMS data base</li> <li>-Ensure that field sampling methodology audits are completed according to WAPB procedures</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-IDEM 2020a, 2021a, 2022b, 2023b, 2023a, 2023k</li> <li>-U.S. EPA 2002, 2006</li> <li>-AIMS II Database User Guide</li> </ul>

## B. Measurement and Data Acquisition

### B.1. Sampling Design and Site Locations

Sites are generated by the U.S. EPA, NHEERL, Western Ecology Division, in Corvallis, Oregon using Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program selection methods. The Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program design uses a statistically valid number of randomly selected sites to assess and characterize the overall water quality and biotic integrity of the basin of study. To statistically estimate the percent of the basin attaining designated uses with a 95% confidence level, a minimum of 38 probabilistic sites will be sampled in the basin of interest. This minimum required number of sites was determined by analyzing IDEM fish community IBI metric scores from 317 sites sampled from 1996–2000 with the following formula:

$$n = \frac{s^2}{(p)^2(\bar{x})^2}$$

where **n** is the number of sites required, **s** is the sample standard deviation (10.98922),  $\bar{x}$  is the sample mean (35.52366), and **p** is the p-value (set at 0.05 for a 95% confidence level) (Elliott 1983). A sample size of 38 was thereby determined to be sufficient to arrive at the "true" average IBI score for a basin 95% of the time. This sample size was also found to be sufficient to provide 80% estimations for eight of the more frequently used individual metrics used in the calculation of the fish community IBI.

Site selection is stratified to ensure effort is equally distributed between stream orders for equal representation of the various stream sizes within the basin. IDEM's site selection process incorporates a stratified random probability design in order to select an approximately equal number of 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, and 4<sup>th</sup> order and higher streams in the basin. Utilizing the stratification method ensures that a greater number of sampling sites on lesser order streams are not chosen based on proportion of stream miles. An overdraw of sampling sites is requested to compensate for denial of access, dry stream conditions, and sites presenting extremely difficult or unsafe access.

Site reconnaissance activities will be conducted in-house and through physical site visits (IDEM 2023j). In-house activities will include preparation and review of site maps and aerial photographs; initial evaluation of target or nontarget site status; potential access routes; and initial property owner searches. Physical site visits will include property owner consultations; verification of site status (target or nontarget); confirmation and documentation of access routes; and determination of equipment needed to properly sample the site. Precise coordinates for each approved target site will be determined using an agency approved handheld Global Positioning System (GPS) unit which can verify horizontal precision of five meters or less (2023d). At least 100 potential sites are to be visited at least once during site reconnaissance to determine target or nontarget status (marsh, dry, backwater, etc.). However, landowner permission and site access will only be determined for the first 75 potential sites (or until at least 50 target sites have been confirmed), with the remaining sites noted only as "Target" or "NonTarget". After each site has been visited once, and at least 45 sites have been approved

in the basin of interest, field work for site reconnaissance activities should be minimal. Although 12 weeks is the maximum time allotted for site reconnaissance field work (see A. Project Management, A.4 Data Quality Objectives), most work can be completed in a six-week period depending upon weather, drive time to sites, and other unforeseeable constraints. The remaining work, if possible, can be done in the office with phone calls to seek landowner permission. If permission to visit a site is then granted before the 12-week deadline, a daytrip or overnight may be needed to determine access routes, equipment, and more accurate GPS coordinates. Once the deadline is reached, those sites that were not accessible through bridge right-of-way, yet appeared to be “target” from the nearest bridge, will be entered into the database with the Reconnaissance Decision as “No, Other” with the following text in the Comments field “Unable to contact landowner by deadline” along with the date and initials of the person entering the data and writing it on the IDEM Site Reconnaissance Form (Attachment 1).

Table 3 lists the potential sampling sites generated by U.S. EPA Corvallis for the Upper Wabash River Basin. Target sampling sites will be taken in sequential order as shown in Table 3 until the 45 sites are sampled for algal community and water chemistry, 40 sites for bacteriological sampling, and 38 sites for biological sampling programs. If a site is considered “nontarget” (dry, backwater, marsh/wetland, etc.) or unavailable to sample for some other reason (physical barrier, landowner denial, etc.), the next target site on the list will be taken. Figure 1 depicts potential sampling sites generated by U.S. EPA Corvallis for this project and their approximate locations.

## **B.2. Sampling Methods and Sample Handling**

### **B.2.1. Bacteriological Sampling**

The bacteriological sampling will be conducted by one or two teams consisting of two staff (IDEM 2023b). The work effort will require an average of one hour per site per week. Samples will be processed in the IDEM Fixed and/or Mobile *E. coli* Laboratory (van) equipped with all materials and equipment necessary for the Standard Method (SM) 9223B Colilert® *E. coli* Test Method near the sampling sites. Five samples from each site (40 sites total) will be collected at equally spaced intervals over a thirty calendar-day period. Staff will collect the samples in a 120 mL presterilized wide mouth container from the center of flow (if the stream is wadeable) or from the shoreline using a pole sampler (if the stream is not wadeable). This is subject to field staff determination based on available Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), turbidity, and other factors. However, streams waist deep or shallower are generally considered wadeable. All samples will be consistently labeled, cooled, and held at a temperature less than 10°C during transport. All *E. coli* samples will be collected on a schedule such that any sampling crew can deliver them to the IDEM Fixed or Mobile *E. coli* Laboratory for analyses within the bacteriological holding time of six hours.

The IDEM *E. coli* Mobile Laboratory is used in this project to facilitate *E. coli* testing by eliminating the necessity of transporting samples to distant contract laboratories within a six-hour holding time. The *E. coli* Mobile Laboratory provides workspace containing storage for samples, supplies for Colilert® Quanti-tray testing, and all equipment needed for collecting, preparing, incubating, and analyzing results. All supplies will be obtained from IDEXX Laboratories, Inc., Westbrook, Maine.

### **B.2.2. Water Chemistry Sampling**

During three discrete sampling events, one team of two staff will collect grab water chemistry samples, and record water chemistry field measurements and physical site descriptions on the IDEM Stream Sampling Field Data Sheet (Attachment 2). All water chemistry sampling will adhere to the Water Chemistry Field Sampling Procedures (IDEM 2020c). Water chemistry sampling usually takes 30 minutes to complete for each site, depending on accessibility.

### **B.2.3. Algal Sampling**

In addition to standard water chemistry sampling, one team of two staff will collect attached periphyton samples (IDEM 2023f) at all sites during the third round of water chemistry sampling in September or October (Table 1) for the purposes of diatom community enumeration, identification, and subsequent diatom IBI calculation.

Sampling for an average site that includes all of the above parameters will require approximately 1.5 hours of effort. The Algal Biomass Lab Datasheet (Attachment 3) will be used to record information regarding substrates sampled for periphyton and physical parameters of the stream sampling area. See IDEM 2023f for a description of methods used in algal community sampling.

Periphyton samples are processed in the IDEM laboratory to create permanent diatom slide mounts. See IDEM 2023h for a description of methods used in preparing samples for diatom identification and enumeration.

### **B.2.4. Fish Community Sampling**

Fish community sampling will be performed using various standardized electrofishing methodologies depending on stream size and site accessibility. Fish assemblage assessments will be performed in a sampling reach of 15 times the average wetted width, with a minimum reach of 50 meters and a maximum reach of 500 meters (IDEM 2023c). An attempt will be made to sample all habitat types available (i.e., pools, shallows; see IDEM 2023g, pg. 10–11, for more potential habitat types) within the sample reach to ensure adequate representation of the fish community present at the time of the sampling event. The possible list of electrofishers to be utilized include: the Midwest Lake Electrofishing Systems (MLES) Infinity XStream, Smith-Root LR-24 or LR-20B Series



backpack electrofishers; or MLES Infinity Control Box with MLES junction box and rat-tail cathode cable, assembled in a canoe. If parts of the stream are not wadeable, the system may require the use of a dropper boom array outfitted in a canoe or possibly a 12- or 14-foot Lowline boat. For nonwadeable sites, the Smith-Root Type VI-A electrofisher or MLES Infinity Control Box assembled in a 16-foot Lowline or Blazer boat (IDEM 2023c) may be used.

Sample collections during high flow or turbid conditions will be avoided due to 1) low collection rates which result in nonrepresentative samples and 2) safety considerations for the sampling team. Sample collection during late autumn will be avoided due to the cooling of water temperature, which may affect the responsiveness of some species to the generated electric field. This lack of responsiveness can result in samples that are not representative of the stream's fish assemblage (IDEM 2023c).

Fish will be collected using dipnets with fiberglass handles and netting of 1/8-inch bag mesh. Fish collected in the sampling reach will be sorted by species into baskets or buckets. Young-of-the-year fish less than 20 millimeters (mm) total length will not be retained in the community sample (IDEM 2023c).

For each field taxonomist, generally the crew leader, a complete set of fish vouchers are retained for any different species encountered during the summer sampling season. Vouchers may consist of either preserved specimens or digital images. Prior to processing fish specimens and completion of the fish community datasheet, one to two individuals per new species encountered may be preserved in 3.7% formaldehyde solution to serve as representative fish vouchers if the fish specimens can be positively identified and the individuals for preservation are small enough to fit in a 2000 mL jar. If, however, the specimens are too large to preserve, a photo of key characteristics, like fin shape, size, or body coloration, will be taken for later examination (IDEM 2023c). Also, prior to sampling, 10% of the sites will be randomly selected for revisiting and a few representative individuals of all species found at the site will be preserved or photographed to serve as vouchers (IDEM 2020a).

Taxonomic characteristics for possible species encountered in the basin of interest will be reviewed prior to field work. Fish specimens should also be preserved if they cannot be positively identified in the field, those that co-occur like the Striped and Common Shiners, and those that are difficult to identify when immature. Additionally, individuals appearing to be hybrids, have unusual anomalies, dead specimens that are taxonomically valuable for undescribed taxa like the Red Shiner or Jade Darter, life history studies, or research projects (IDEM 2023c) should also be preserved.

Data will be recorded for nonpreserved fish on the IDEM Fish Collection Data Sheet (Attachment 4) consisting of the following: number of

individuals, minimum and maximum total length (mm), mass weight in grams (g), and number of individuals with deformities, eroded fins, lesions, tumors, and other anomalies (DELTs). Once the data have been recorded, specimens will be released within the sampling reach from which they were collected. Data will be recorded for preserved fish specimens following taxonomic identification in the laboratory (IDEM 2023c).

### **B.2.5. Macroinvertebrate Sampling**

Aquatic benthic macroinvertebrate samples are collected using a modification of the U.S. EPA Rapid Bioassessment Protocol multihabitat (MHAB) approach using a D-frame dip net (Plafkin et al. 1989; Barbour et al. 1999; Klemm et al. 1990; IDEM 2023e). The IDEM MHAB approach (IDEM 2023e) is composed of a 1-minute “kick” sample within a riffle or run. A kick sample is collected by disturbing one square meter of stream bottom substrate in a riffle or run habitat and collecting the dislodged macroinvertebrates within the dipnet. A 50-meter “sweep” sample of additional instream habitats is collected by disturbing habitats such as emergent vegetation, root wads, coarse particulate organic matter, depositional zones, logs, and sticks; and collecting the dislodged macroinvertebrates within the dipnet. The 50-meter length of riparian corridor that is sampled at each site will be defined using a tape measure or rangefinder. If the stream is too deep to wade, a boat will be used to sample the 50-meter zone along the shoreline that has the best available habitat. The 1-minute “kick” (if collected) and 50-meter “sweep” samples are combined in a bucket of water. The sample will be elutriated through a U.S. standard number 35 (500 µm) sieve a minimum of five times so that all rocks, gravel, sand, and large pieces of organic debris are removed from the sample. The remaining sample is then transferred from the sieve to a white plastic tray. The collector (while still onsite) will conduct a 15-minute pick of macroinvertebrates at a single organism rate with an effort to pick for maximum organism diversity and relative abundance through turning and examination of the entire sample in the tray. The resulting picked sample will be preserved in 80% isopropyl alcohol; returned to the laboratory for identification at the lowest practical taxonomic level, usually genus or species level, when possible; and evaluated using the MHAB macroinvertebrate IBI (IDEM 2023i).

### **B.2.6. Habitat Assessments**

Habitat assessments will be completed immediately following macroinvertebrate and fish community sample collections at each site using a slightly modified version of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OHEPA) Procedures for Completing the QHEI, 2006 edition (OHEPA 2006). A separate QHEI (Attachment 5) must be completed for these two sample types since the sampling reach length may differ. A sample reach length is 50 meters for macroinvertebrates and between 50

to 500 meters for fish. See IDEM 2023g for a description of the method used in completing the QHEI.

### **B.2.7. Field Parameter Measurements**

Dissolved oxygen, pH, water temperature, specific conductance, and dissolved oxygen percent saturation will be measured with a data sonde during each sampling event, regardless of the sample type being collected. Measurement procedures and operation of the data sonde shall be performed according to the manufacturers' manuals (IDEM 2023?). Turbidity will be measured with a Hach turbidity kit, and the meter number written in the comments under the field parameter measurements (IDEM 2020c). If a Hach turbidity kit is not available, the data sonde measurement for turbidity will be recorded and noted in the comments. All field parameter measurements and weather codes will be recorded on the IDEM Stream Sampling Field Data Sheet (Attachment 2) with other sampling observations. A digital photo will also be taken upstream and downstream of the site during each sampling event.

### **B.3. Analytical Methods**

Table 6 lists the *E. coli* bacteriological and field parameters with their respective test method and IDEM quantification limits. Table 7 shows bacteriological and water chemistry sample container, preservative, and holding time requirements when all samples must be iced to 4°C. Table 8 lists numerous parameters like priority metals, anions/physical, and nutrients/organic with their respective test methods, IDEM reporting limits, and contract laboratory reporting limits. The IDEM OWQ Field Chain of Custody Form (Attachment 6) and the 2024 Corvallis Water Sample Analysis Request Forms (Attachment 7) accompanies each sample set through the analytical process.

### **B.4. Quality Control and Custody Requirements**

QA protocols will follow part B5 of the Surface Water QAPP (IDEM 2023a, pg. 91 and B.5 of the Biological and Habitat QAPP (IDEM 2020a, pg. 27).

#### **B.4.1. Bacteriological Data**

Bacteriological samples will be analyzed using the SM 9223B Enzyme Substrate Coliform Test Method (see Table 6 for quantification limits). Samples will be collected using 120 mL presterilized wide mouth containers and adhere to the six-hour holding time (Table 7). Analytical results from the IDEM Fixed and/or Mobile *E. coli* Laboratory include QC check sample results from which precision, accuracy, and completeness can be determined for each batch of samples (IDEM 2023a). Raw data are archived by analytical batch for easy retrieval and review. Chain of custody procedures must be followed and include: time of collection, time of setup, time of reading the results, and time and method of disposal (IDEM 2023b). Any method deviations will be thoroughly documented in the field notes.

All QA/QC samples will be tested according to the following guidelines:

Field duplicate: Field duplicates will be collected at a frequency of 1 per batch or at least 1 for every 20 samples collected ( $\geq 5\%$ ).

Field blank: Field blanks will be collected at a frequency of 1 per batch or at least 1 for every 20 samples collected ( $\geq 5\%$ ).

Laboratory blank: Laboratory blanks (sterile laboratory water blanks) will be tested at a frequency of 1 per day.

Positive control: Each lot of media will be tested with *E. coli* bacterial cultures for positive performance (SM 9020 B.8 and B.9).

Negative controls: Each lot of media will be tested with bacterial cultures other than *E. coli* or a noncoliform for negative performance (SM 9020 B.8 and B.9).

QA documentation for each batch of samples consists of a chain of custody form, a QA/QC summary sheet, and spreadsheets of results. This documentation is submitted to the Technical and Logistical Services Section for QA review and the assignment of an appropriate DQA Level.

#### **B.4.2. Water Chemistry Data**

Sample bottles and preservatives certified for purity will be used. Sample collection procedures, including the container and preservative used for each parameter and holding times will adhere to U.S. EPA requirements for water chemistry testing (see Table 8). Field duplicates and matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates (MS/MSD) shall be collected at the rate of one per sample analysis set or one per every 20 samples, whichever is greater (IDEM 2023a). Additionally, field blank samples using American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) D1193-91 Type I water will be taken at a rate of one set per sampling crew for each week of sampling activity (IDEM 2020c). All samples collected for water chemistry analysis will be processed by Pace Analytical Services, Inc. (Indianapolis, Indiana) following the specifications set forth in Request for Proposals 22-68153 (IDEM 2021a).

**Table 6. Bacteriological and Field Parameters showing method and IDEM quantification limit.**

Parameters	Method	IDEM Quantification Limit
<i>E. coli</i> (Enzyme Substrate Coliform Test)	SM <sup>1</sup> 9223B	1 MPN <sup>2</sup> / 100 mL
Dissolved oxygen (data sonde optical)	ASTM D888-09	0.05 mg/L
Dissolved oxygen % Saturation (data sonde optical)	ASTM D888-09	0.05 %
Dissolved oxygen (membrane probe)	SM4500-OG <sup>3</sup>	0.05 mg/L
pH (data sonde)	U.S. EPA 150.2	0.10 SU
pH (field pH meter)	SM 4500H-B <sup>3</sup>	0.10 SU
Specific conductance (data sonde)	SM 2510B	1.00 µmhos/cm
Temperature (data sonde)	SM 2550B(2)	0.1 Degrees Celsius (°C)
Temperature (field meter)	SM 2550B(2) <sup>3</sup>	0.1 Degrees Celsius (°C)
Turbidity (data sonde)	SM 2130B	0.02 NTU <sup>4</sup>
Turbidity (Hach™ turbidity kit)	U.S. EPA 180.1	0.05 NTU <sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> SM = Standard Method

<sup>2</sup> 1 MPN (Most Probable Number) = 1 CFU (Colony Forming Unit)

<sup>3</sup> Method used for Field Calibration Check

<sup>4</sup> NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Unit(s)

**Table 7. Bacteriological and Water Chemistry Sample Container, Preservative, and Holding Time Requirements<sup>1</sup>**

Parameter	Container	Preservative	Holding Time
<sup>1,2</sup> Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub> *	1 L, HDPE, narrow mouth	None	14 days
<sup>3</sup> Ammonia-N**	1 L, glass, Amber Boston Round	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < pH 2	28 days
Chloride*	1 L, HDPE, narrow mouth	None	28 days
Chemical oxygen demand**	1 L, glass, Amber Boston Round	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < pH 2	28 days
Cyanide (All forms)	1 L, HDPE, narrow mouth	NaOH > pH 12	14 days
Dissolved organic carbon	1 L, glass, Amber Boston Round	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < pH 2	28 days
<i>E. coli</i>	120 mL, presterilized, wide mouth	Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	6 hours
Hardness (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> *) calculated	1 L, HDPE, narrow mouth	HNO <sub>3</sub> < pH 2	6 months
Metals (Total and Dissolved)	1 L, HDPE, narrow mouth	HNO <sub>3</sub> < pH 2	6 months
Nitrogen, nitrate + nitrite**	1 L, glass, Amber Boston Round	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < pH 2	28 days
Total phosphorus**	1 L, glass, Amber Boston Round	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < pH 2	28 days
<sup>5</sup> Solids (All Forms)*	1 L, HDPE, narrow mouth	None	7 days
Sulfate*	1 L, HDPE, narrow mouth	None	28 days
Total Kjeldahl nitrogen**	1 L, glass, Amber Boston Round	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < pH 2	28 days
Total organic carbon**	1 L, glass, Amber Boston Round	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < pH 2	28 days
Dissolved organic carbon**	1 L, glass, Amber Boston Round	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < pH 2	28 days

<sup>1</sup> All samples iced to 4°C.

<sup>2</sup> General chemistry includes all parameters noted with an \*

<sup>3</sup> Nutrients include all parameters noted with a \*\*

<sup>4</sup> HDPE – High Density Polyethylene

<sup>5</sup> Separate 1 Liter sample is required for Total Suspended Solids

**Table 8. Water Chemistry Parameters with Test Method and IDEM and Laboratory Reporting Limits.**

Priority Metals					
Parameter	Total	Dissolved	Test Method	IDEM-requested Reporting Limit (µg/L)	Pace Laboratory Reporting Limit (µg/L)
Aluminum	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	10	10
Antimony	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	1	1
Arsenic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	2	1
Calcium	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.7	20	1,000
Cadmium	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	1	0.2
Chromium	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	3	2
Copper	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	2	1
Lead	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	2	1
Magnesium	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.7	95	1,000
Nickel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	1.5	0.5
Selenium	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	4	1
Silver	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	0.3	0.5
Zinc	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U.S. EPA 200.8	5	3

Anions/Physical			
Parameter	Pace Test Method	IDEM-requested Reporting Limit (mg/L)	Pace Laboratory Reporting Limit (mg/L)
Alkalinity (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	SM 2320B	10	10
Total Solids	SM 2540B	1	10
Total Suspended Solids	SM 2540D	1	2.5
Dissolved Solids	SM 2540C	10	10
Sulfate	U.S. EPA 300.0	0.05	0.25
Chloride	U.S. EPA 300.0	1	0.25
Hardness (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> ) by calculation	SM 2340B	0.4	10

Nutrients/Organic (Pace)			
Parameter	Pace Test Method	IDEM-requested Reporting Limit (mg/L)	Pace Laboratory Reporting Limit (mg/L)
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	U.S. EPA 351.2	0.1	0.5
Ammonia-N	U.S. EPA 350.1	0.01	0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrate + Nitrite	U.S. EPA 353.2	0.05	0.1
Total Phosphorus	U.S. EPA 365.1	0.01	0.05
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	SM 5310C	1	1
Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)	SM 5310C	1	1
Cyanide-Total	U.S. EPA 335.4	0.01	0.005
Cyanide-Weak Acid Dissociable	SM 4500CN-I	0.01	0.005
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	U.S. EPA 410.4	3	10

SM: Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater  
 U.S. EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency

### **B.4.3. Algal Community Data**

Excessive algal conditions will be recorded by staff if an algal bloom is observed on the water's surface or in the water column. Staff are not calibrated on this rating and the decision as to the severity of the bloom is based on best professional judgement, but an algal mat on the surface of the water or a bloom that gives the water the appearance of green paint would be justification for a decision of excessive algal conditions.

Duplicate diatom samples will be collected at 10 percent of sampling sites, approximately 5 in the basin. To decrease the potential for cross contamination and bias of the algal samples, all equipment that has come in contact with the sample will be cleaned with detergent and rinsed with ASTM D1193-91 Type III water after sampling has been completed at a given site. All sample labels must be accurately and thoroughly completed, including AIMS II sample numbers, date, stream name, and sampling location. Chain of custody forms will be completed in the field to document the collection and transfer of samples to the laboratory. Upon arrival to the laboratory, samples will be checked in by the laboratory manager. For diatom samples, a Laboratory Chain of Custody Form (Attachment 8) will be used to document when samples are removed from storage to be processed and made into permanent slide mounts.

QC of the diatom sampling, enumeration, and identification project will be documented by QC checks of both field and laboratory data. See page 23 in IDEM 2023h for a description of QA/QC protocols used in Diatom Identification and Enumeration. At least ten percent and up to 100 percent of diatom samples will be analyzed and verified (IDEM 2020a) by the Department of Biological and Environmental Sciences of Georgia College and State University following the specifications set forth in IDEM 2023h.

### **B.4.4. Fish Community Data**

Fish community sampling revisits will be performed at a rate of 10 percent of the total fish community sites sampled, approximately 4 in the basin (IDEM 2023c). Revisit sampling will be performed with at least 2 weeks of recovery between the initial and revisit sampling events. The fish community revisit sampling and habitat assessment will be performed with either a partial or complete change in field team members (IDEM 2023c). The resulting IBI and QHEI total score between the initial visit and the revisit will be used to evaluate precision (IDEM 2020a). The IDEM OWQ Chain of Custody Form is used to track samples from the field to the laboratory (Attachment 6). Fish taxonomic identifications made by IDEM staff in the laboratory may be verified by regionally recognized non-IDEM freshwater fish taxonomists (e.g., Brant Fisher, Nongame Aquatic Biologist, Indiana Department of Natural Resources). All raw data are: 1) checked for completeness; 2) utilized to calculate derived data (i.e., total

weight of all specimens of a taxon), which is entered into the AIMS II database; and 3) checked again for data entry errors.

#### **B.4.5. Macroinvertebrate Community Data**

Sites at which duplicate macroinvertebrate field samples will be collected are randomly selected prior to the beginning of the field season and occur at a rate of 10 percent of the total macroinvertebrate community sites sampled, approximately 4 in the basin. The macroinvertebrate community duplicate sample and corresponding habitat assessment will be performed by the same team member who performed the original sample and will be conducted immediately after the initial sample is collected. This will result in a precision evaluation based on a 10% duplicate of samples collected (IDEM 2020a). Sites in the basin will be divided equally among the macroinvertebrate staff; each staff will be responsible for collecting at least one duplicate sample. The IDEM OWQ Field Chain of Custody Form is used to track samples from the field to the laboratory (Attachment 6). The IDEM macroinvertebrate laboratory supervisor maintains Laboratory identifications and QA/QC of taxonomic work. A Laboratory Chain of Custody Form (Attachment 8) will be used to document when the sample is removed from storage to be processed and when the sample is returned to storage. 10% of samples (the initial samples taken at sites where duplicate samples were collected) will be verified by an outside taxonomist (IDEM 2020a).

#### **B.5. Field Parameter Measurements, Instrument Testing, Calibration**

The data sonde will be calibrated immediately prior to each week's sampling (IDEM 2023f). The dissolved oxygen component of the calibration procedure will be conducted using the air calibration method. Calibration results and drift values will be recorded, maintained, stored, and archived in the calibration laboratories at the Shadeland facility. The drift value is the difference between two successive calibrations. Field parameter calibrations will conform to the procedures described in the instrument user's manuals (IDEM 2023f, IDEM 2020c). The unit will be field checked for accuracy once during the week by comparison with a YSI D.O. meter (IDEM 2023f) as well as Hach turbidity and Oakton pH and temperature meters (IDEM 2020c). Weekly field calibration records will be recorded in the field calibrations portion of Attachment 2 and entered into the AIMS II database. The YSI D.O. meter will also be used in the field at sites where the dissolved oxygen concentration is 4.0 mg/L or less.

##### **B.5.1. Field Analysis Data**

*In-situ* water chemistry field data are collected in the field using calibrated or standardized equipment. Calculations may be done in the field or later at the office. Analytical results, which have limited QC checks, are included in this category. Detection limits and ranges have been set for each analysis. QC checks are performed on information for field or laboratory results to estimate precision, accuracy, and completeness for



the project, as described in the Surface Water QAPP (IDEM 2023a) Section C1.1 on page 91.

### **B.5.2. Algal Community Data**

IDEM 2023f describes the equipment required for the collection of periphyton; none of this equipment requires calibration. Equipment has been field tested to ensure its capability of appropriately removing periphyton from different types of substrates such as rocks, sticks, or sand/silt (IDEM 2023f).

IDEM 2023h describes the equipment required for the preparation of permanent diatom mounts; other than the micropipetter, none of the laboratory equipment requires calibration. The micropipetter will be checked and recalibrated as necessary according to manufacturer's specifications (IDEM 2023h).

A Nikon differential interference contrast (DIC) microscope, and Nikon Elements D camera and imaging system will be used for identification and enumeration of diatoms. Branch staff calibrated the ocular reticle in the microscope. The ocular reticle was calibrated at each magnification with a stage micrometer. The calibration should be checked again if the microscope is moved to a new location.

## **C. Assessment and Oversight**

Field and laboratory performance and system audits will be conducted to ensure good quality data. The field and laboratory performance checks include precision measurements by relative percent difference (RPD) of field and laboratory duplicate, accuracy measurements by percent of recovery of MS/MSD samples analyzed in the laboratory, and completeness measurements by the percent of planned samples that are actually collected, analyzed, reported, and usable for the project (IDEM 2023a, p. 128-146).

For biological and habitat measurements, field performance measurements include: completeness (IDEM 2020a, pp. 10-11, 14, 17), examination of fish IBI score differences and the RPD for number of fish species at the revisit sites (IDEM 2020a, pp. 9-10), RPD for number of taxon for macroinvertebrate duplicate samples (IDEM 2020a, p. 13), RPD for number of taxon for diatom duplicate samples (IDEM 2020a, p. 17), and RPD between the two total QHEI scores (IDEM 2020a, p. 18). Lab performance measurements include: PTD for fish (IDEM 2020a, p. 12), macroinvertebrates (IDEM 2020a, pp. 15-16) and diatoms (IDEM 2020a, p. 18); as well as PDE and PSE for macroinvertebrates (IDEM 2020a, pp. 14-16).

Field audits will be conducted biannually by staff of the IDEM WAPB to ensure that sampling activities adhere to approved SOPs. Audits are systematically conducted by WAPB QA staff to include all WAPB personnel that engage in field sampling activities. WAPB field staff involved with sample collection and preparation will be evaluated by QA staff trained in the associated sampling

SOPs, and in the processes related to conducting an audit. QA staff will produce an evaluation report documenting each audit for review by those field staff audited, as well as WAPB management. Corrective actions will be communicated to, and implemented by, field staff as a result of the audit process (IDEM 2023a, p. 109; IDEM 2020a, p. 31).

Contract laboratories are required to have NELAC audits at the beginning of a laboratory contract and at least once a year during the contract. In addition, performance studies conducted by the contract laboratories are reviewed annually by IDEM QA staff. The audit includes any or all of the operational quality control elements of the laboratory's quality assurance system. All applicable elements of this quality assurance project plan and the laboratory contract requirements are addressed including, but not limited to, sampling handling, sample analysis, record keeping, preventative maintenance, proficiency testing, personnel requirements, training, and workload. (IDEM 2023a, p. 99).

For macroinvertebrate verifications by an external lab, the lab is required to maintain Society for Freshwater Science taxonomic certifications for their taxonomists. Genus level taxonomic certifications are required for 1. Eastern General Arthropods, 2. Eastern Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera and Trichoptera, 3. Chironomidae, and 4. Oligochaeta.

### **C.1. Data Quality Assessment Levels**

The samples and various types of data collected by this program are intended to meet the QA criteria and rated DQA Level 3, as described in the Surface Water QAPP (IDEM 2023a, pp. 104-108) and the Biological and Habitat QAPP (IDEM 2020a, pp. 34-35).

## **D. Data Validation and Usability**

Quality Assurance reports to management and data validation and usability are also important components of the QAPP which ensures good quality data for this project. A QA audit report will be submitted to the QA manager and project manager for review for this project should problems arise and need to be investigated and corrected. Data are reduced by converting from raw analytical data into final results in proper reporting units, validated by qualifying based on the performance of field and laboratory QC measures incorporated into the sampling and analysis procedures, and reported by describing so as to completely document the calibration, analysis, QC measures, and calculations. These steps allow users to assess the data to ensure it meets the project data quality objectives.

### **D.1. Quality Assurance – Data Qualifiers and Flags**

The various data qualifiers and flags used for QA and validation of the data are found on pages 106–107 of the Surface Water QAPP (IDEM 2023a) and pages 33-34 of the Biological and Habitat QAPP (IDEM 2020a).

### **D.2. Data Usability**

The environmental data collected and its usability are qualified per each lab or field result obtained and classified into one or more of the four categories: Screening Data, Field Analysis Data, Laboratory Analytical Data, and Enforcement Data as described on pages 107-108 of the Surface Water QAPP (IDEM 2023a) and page 35-36 of the Biological and Habitat QAPP (IDEM 2020a).

### **D.3. Information, Data, and Reports**

Data collected in 2024 will be recorded in the AIMS II database and presented in three compilation summaries. The first summary will be a general compilation of the 2024 Upper Wabash River Basin field and water chemistry data prepared for use in the 2026 Integrated Report. The second summary will be in database report format containing biological results and habitat evaluations, which will be produced for inclusion in the Integrated Report as well as individual site folders. All site folders are maintained at the WAPB facility. The third summary will include diatom species taxa names and enumerations on laboratory bench sheets. Using U.S. EPA's *spsurvey* package, written in the "R" programming language (R Core Team 2021), the percent of perennial stream miles in the basin that support, or do not support aquatic life and recreational uses will be made following use attainment decisions for each site sampled (IDEM 2020b). All data and reports will be made available to public and private entities which may find the data useful for municipal, industrial, agricultural, and recreational decision making processes (TMDL, NPDES permit modeling, Watershed Restoration Projects, Water Quality Criteria refinement, etc.).

### **D.4. Laboratory and Estimated Cost**

Laboratory analysis and data reporting for this project will comply with the Surface Water QAPP and TMDL Program (B-001-OWQ-WAP-XX-23-Q-R5, see IDEM 2023a), Request for Proposals 22-68153 (Contract #58463, PO #20003041, Line #7; see IDEM 2021a), and the IDEM Quality Management Plan (IDEM 2023k). Analytical tests on the water chemistry parameters outlined in Table 8 will be performed by Pace Analytical Services in Indianapolis, Indiana. Accreditation related to Pace Indy is included as Appendix 1. Supplies for the bacteriological sampling will come from IDEXX Laboratories, Inc., Westbrook, Maine. Algal samples will be collected by IDEM staff. Periphyton laboratory processing and diatom slide mounting will be performed by IDEM Staff. Diatom identification and enumeration will be performed by an outside contractor (IDEM 2020a), the Department of Biological and Environmental Sciences, Georgia College and State University. All fish and macroinvertebrate samples will be collected and analyzed by IDEM staff. An outside contractor (IDEM 2020a) will verify ten percent of macroinvertebrate samples. The anticipated budget for laboratory cost for the project is outlined in Table 9.

**Table 9. Total Estimated Laboratory Cost for the Project.**

Analysis	Number of Samples Collected	Laboratory	Estimated Cost
Water chemistry	3 times @ 45 sites + 10 duplicates + 10 field blanks (1 per sample week) = 155 samples	Pace Analytical Services 7726 Moller Road. Indianapolis, Indiana 46268	\$87,640
Bacteriological ( <i>E. coli</i> )	5 times @ 40 sites + 10 blanks + 10 duplicates + 30 equipment blanks = 250 samples	IDEM Fixed and/or Mobile <i>E. coli</i> Laboratory Supplies: IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. One IDEXX Drive Westbrook, Maine 04092	\$1,235
Diatom identification and enumeration	1 time @ 45 sites + 5 duplicates (1 per sample week) = 50 samples All samples sent out for verification	Department of Biological and Environmental Sciences Georgia College and State University 320 S. Wayne St. Milledgeville, Georgia 31061	\$8750
Macroinvertebrate identification	1 time @ 38 sites + 4 duplicates = 42 samples 4 samples (10%) sent out for verification	Rhithron Associates, Inc. 33 Fort Missoula Road Missoula, Montana 59804	\$920

Total \$98,545

**Table 10. Personnel Safety and Reference Manuals**

Role	Required Training/Experience	Training References	Training Notes
All staff that participate in field activities	-Basic First Aid and Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)  -Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Policy  -Personal Flotation Devices (PFD)	-A minimum of 4 hours of in-service training provided by WAPB (IDEM 2010a)  -IDEM 2008  -February 29, 2000 WAPB internal memorandum regarding use of approved PFDs	-Staff lacking 4 hours of in-service training or appropriate certification will be accompanied in the field at all times by WAPB staff that meet Health and Safety Training requirements -When working on boundary waters as defined by Indiana Code (IC) <a href="#">14-8-2-27</a> or between sunset and sunrise on any waters of the state, all personnel in the watercraft must wear a high intensity whistle and Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) certified strobe light.

## E. References

- Code of Federal Regulations, [40 CFR Part 130.7](#) Total maximum daily loads (TMDL) and individual water quality-based effluent limitations.
- (U.S. EPA 2002). [Guidance for Quality Assurance Project Plans](#). EPA QA/G-5, EPA/240R-02/009. U.S. EPA, Office of Environmental Information, Washington D.C.
- (U.S. EPA 2005). [Guidance for 2006 Assessment, Listing and Reporting Requirements Pursuant to Sections 303\(d\), 305\(b\) and 314 of the Clean Water Act, July 29, 2005](#). Washington, D.C.: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- (U.S. EPA 2006). [Guidance on Systematic Planning Using the Data Quality Objectives Process](#). EPA QA/G-4. EPA/240/B-06/001. U.S. EPA, Office of Environmental Information, Washington D.C.
- (U.S. EPA 2016). [Weight of Evidence in Ecological Assessment](#). EPA/100/R-16/001. U.S. EPA, Office of Environmental Information, Washington D.C.
- U.S. EPA, National Health and Environmental Effects Research Lab (NHEERL)/Office of Research and Development (ORD) Western Ecology Division, 200 S.W. 35th Street, Corvallis, OR 97333-4902.
- (IC 14-8-2-27) IC (Indiana Code), [Title 14 Natural and Cultural Resources, Article 8 General Provisions and Definitions](#). 2017.
- [327 IAC 2] IAC (Indiana Administrative Code), [Title 327 Water Pollution Control Division, Article 2. Water Quality Standards](#). Last updated March 14, 2018.
- (IDEM 2008). [IDEM Personal Protective Equipment Policy, revised May 1 2008](#). A-059-OEA-08-P-R0. Office of External Affairs, Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2010a). [IDEM Health and Safety Training Policy, revised October 1 2010](#). A-030-OEA-10-P-R2. IDEM, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2010b). [IDEM Injury and Illness Resulting from Occupational Exposure Policy, revised October 1 2010](#). A-034-OEA-10-P-R2. IDEM, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2018). [Phytoplankton and Periphyton Field Collection Procedures](#). B-004-OWQ-WAP-XX-18-T-R1. Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2019) [IDEM Hazard Communication \(HazCom\) Plan](#). IDEM, Office of Program Support, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2020a). [Quality Assurance Project Plan for Biological Community and Habitat Measurements](#). B-003-OWQ-WAP-XXX-20-Q-R0. Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch, Indianapolis, Indiana.

- (IDEM 2020b). [Calculation of Aquatic Life Use Support Estimates. S-001-OWQ-WAP-PRB-20-T-R0](#). Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2020c). [Water Chemistry Field Sampling Procedures. B-015-OWQ-WAP-XXX-20-T-R0](#). Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2021a). [Request for Proposals 22-68153, Solicitation for Analyses](#). Indiana Department of Environmental Management. Indiana Department of Administration. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2021b) [Office of Water Quality Watershed assessment and Planning Branch Laboratory Safety Plan](#). IDEM, Office of Program Support, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023a). [Quality Assurance Project Plan for Indiana Surface Water Programs, Revision 5](#). B-001-OWQ-WAP-XX-23-Q-R5. Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023b). [E.coli Field Sampling and Analysis. B-013-OWQ-WAP-XXX-23-T-R1](#). Watershed Planning and Assessment Branch, Office of Water Quality, Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023c). [Fish Community Field Collection Procedures](#). B-009-OWQ-WAP-XXX-23-T-R1. Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023d). [Global Navigational Satellite System \(GNSS\) R1 Unit User Instructions. B-055-OWQ-WAP-XXX-23-T-R0](#). Watershed Planning and Assessment Branch, Office of Water Quality, Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023e). [Multi-habitat \(MHAB\) Macroinvertebrate Collection Technical Standard Operating Procedure. B-011-OWQ-WAP-XXX-23-T-R1](#). Watershed Planning and Assessment Branch, Office of Water Quality, Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023f). [Calibration of YSI Multi-parameter Data Sondes B-014-OWQ-WAP-XXX-23-T-R1](#). Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023g). [Procedures for Completing the Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index. B-003-OWQ-WAP-XX-19-T-R1](#). Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023h). [Processing and Identification of Diatom Samples](#). B-002-OWQ-WAP-TGM-23-T-R1. Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023i). [Processing and Identification of Macroinvertebrate Samples](#). B-061-OWQ-WAP-XXX-23-T-R0. Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.

- (IDEM 2023j). [Site Reconnaissance Procedure](#). B-002-OWQ-WAP-PRB-23-S-R1. Office of Water Quality, Watershed Assessment and Planning Branch. Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (IDEM 2023k). [IDEM Quality Management Plan](#). IDEM, Indiana Government Center North, 100 N. Senate Ave., Indianapolis, Indiana, 46204.
- (IDEM 2024). Indiana's Integrated Water Monitoring and Assessment Report to the U.S. EPA (Revised), Appendix G: [IDEM's 2024 Consolidated Assessment and Listing Methodology \(CALM\)](#). Office of Water Quality, Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (OHEPA 2006). Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. 2006. [Methods for Assessing Habitat in Flowing Waters: Using the Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index \(QHEI\)](#). OHIO EPA Technical Bulletin EAS/2006-06-1. Revised by the Midwest Biodiversity Institute for State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, Division of Surface Water, Ecological Assessment Section, Groveport, Ohio.
- (Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection 2002). [Methods for assessing biological integrity of surface waters](#). Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Water, Frankfort, Kentucky.
- (Barbour et al. 1999) Barbour, M.T., J. Gerritsen, B.D. Snyder and J.B. Stribling. 1999. [Rapid Bioassessment Protocols for Use in Streams and Wadeable Rivers: Periphyton, Benthic Macroinvertebrates and Fish, Second Edition](#). EPA/841/B-99/002. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; Office of Water; Washington, D.C.
- (Caskey et al. 2013) Caskey, B.J., A.R. Bunch, M.E. Shoda, J.W. Frey, S. Selvaratnam, and R.J. Miltner. 2013. [Identifying Nutrient Reference Sites in Nutrient-Enriched Regions: Using Algal, Invertebrate, and Fish-Community Measures to Identify Stressor-Breakpoint Thresholds in Indiana Rivers and Streams, 2005–9](#). U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2012-5243. 28 pp.
- (Dewitz 2023) Dewitz, J. 2023. [National Land Cover Database \(NLCD\) 2021 Products \[Data Set\]](#). U.S. Geological Survey.
- (Dufour 2002) Dufour, R.L. 2002. Guide to appropriate metric selection for calculating the index of biotic integrity (IBI) for Indiana rivers and streams. Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- (Elliott 1983) Elliott, J.M. 1983. Some Methods for the Statistical Analysis of Samples of Benthic Macroinvertebrates. Freshwater Biological Association Scientific Publication No. 25. 159 pp.
- (Hill et al. 1997) Hill, B. H., Herlihy, A.T., Kaufmann, P.R., Stevenson, R.J., McCormick, F.H. and Johnson, C.B. 1997. [The use of periphyton assemblage data in an index of biotic integrity](#). Bulletin of the North American Benthological Society. 19(1): 50–67.



- (Jessup et al. 2021) Jessup, B., Block, B., Stamp, J., and Leppo, E. 2021. [Diatoms in Indiana Streams as Indicators of Biological Condition](#). Tetra Tech, Montpelier, Vermont.
- (Klemm et al. 1990) Klemm, D.J., Lewis, P.A., Fulk, F. and Lazorchak, J.M. 1990. [Macroinvertebrate Field and Laboratory Methods for Evaluating the Biological Integrity of Surface Waters](#). EPA/600/4-90/030. Environmental Monitoring Systems Laboratory, Monitoring Systems and Quality Assurance, Office of Research and Development, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Cincinnati, Ohio.
- (Moore et al. 2019) Moore, R.B., McKay, L.D., Rea, A.H., Bondelid, T.R., Price, C.V., Dewald, T.G., and Johnston, C.M. 2019, [User's guide for the national hydrography dataset plus \(NHDPlus\) high resolution](#): U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 2019–1096.
- (Plafkin et al. 1989) Plafkin, J.L., Barbour, M.T., Porter, K.D., Gross, S.K. and Hughes, R.M. 1989. [Rapid Bioassessment Protocols for Use in Streams and Rivers: Benthic Macroinvertebrates and Fish](#). EPA/440/4-89/001. Assessment and Watershed Protection Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C.
- (Simon 2006) Simon, T.P. 2006. [Development, Calibration, and Validation of an Index of Biotic Integrity for the Wabash River](#). Proceedings of the Indiana Academy of Science 115(2):170-186.
- (Simon and Dufour 1998) Simon, T.P. and Dufour, R.L. 1998. [Development of Index of Biotic Integrity Expectations for the Ecoregions of Indiana V. Eastern Cornbelt Plain](#). U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region V, Water Division, Watershed and Non-Point Branch, Chicago. IL.
- (Simon and Dufour 2005) Simon, T.P. and Dufour, R.L. 2005. [Guide to appropriate metric selection for calculating the Index of Biotic Integrity \(IBI\) for Indiana Large and Great Rivers, Inland Lakes, and Great Lakes nearshore](#). U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Bloomington Field Office, Bloomington, Indiana.
- (Simon and Stahl 1998) Simon, T.P. and James R. Stahl. 1998. Development of Index of Biotic Integrity Expectations for the Wabash River. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region V, Water Division, Watershed and Non-Point Branch, Chicago. IL. EPA 905/R-96/005.
- (Stevenson 1998) Stevenson, R. J. 1998. [Diatom indicators of stream and wetland stressors in a risk management framework](#). Environmental Monitoring and Assessment 51:107–118.
- (Stevenson and Pan 1999) Stevenson, R. J. and Pan, Y. 1999. [Assessing ecological conditions in rivers and streams with diatoms](#). Pages 11–40 in E. F. Stoermer and J. P. Smol, editors. The Diatoms: Applications to the Environmental and Earth Sciences. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK.
- (R Core Team 2021). [R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing](#). R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria.



(YSI Incorporated 2017). [EXO User Manual, revision g. Yellow Springs, Ohio.](#)

(YSI Incorporated 2020). [ProDigital User Manual, revision H. Yellow Springs, Ohio.](#)

## F. Distribution List

### Electronic Distribution Only:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Organization</u>
Lindsay Hylton Adams	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Watershed Planning and Restoration Section (Northwest Specialist)
Kristen Arnold	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB (Branch Chief)
Timothy Bowren	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Technical and Logistical Services Section
Dylan Brown	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Probabilistic Monitoring Section
McKenzie Bruder	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Probabilistic Monitoring Section
Pat Colcord	IDEM, Office of Program Support, QA Program
Marissa Cabbage	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Probabilistic Monitoring Section
Kevin Gaston	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Probabilistic Monitoring Section
Paul Higginbotham	IDEM, OWQ (Deputy Assistant Commissioner)
Charles Hostetter	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Technical and Logistical Services Section
David Jordan	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Technical and Logistical Services Section
Paula Kaszynski	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Probabilistic Monitoring Section
Kalina Manoylov	Georgia College and State University, Department of Biological and Environmental Sciences
Paul McMurray	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB (Technical E7, Integrated Report Coordinator)
Ali Meils	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Targeted Monitoring Section (Section Chief)
Martha Clark Mettler	IDEM, OWQ (Assistant Commissioner)
Caleb Rennaker	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Watershed Planning and Restoration (Section Chief)
Michelle Ruan	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Targeted Monitoring Section
Michael Schneider	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Probabilistic Monitoring Section
Addison Seidler	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Targeted Monitoring Section
Stacey Sobat	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Probabilistic Monitoring Section (Section Chief)
David Tsetse	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Technical and Logistical Services Section (Section Chief)
Miranda Wentz	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Watershed Planning and Restoration Section (Northeast Specialist)
Kayla Werbianskyj	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Targeted Monitoring Section
Cameron Yeakle	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Targeted Monitoring Section
Scott Zello-Dean	IDEM, OWQ, WAPB, Probabilistic Monitoring Section

### Attachment 1. IDEM Site Reconnaissance Form



## Site Reconnaissance Form

EPA Site Identifier	Rank
Recon #:	
Trip #:	

Site Number:  Stream:  County:

Location Description:

#### Reconnaissance Data Collected

Recon Date		Crew Members	
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
Avg. Width (m)	Avg. Depth (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Nearest Town
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Water Present? <input type="checkbox"/>	Site Wadeable? <input type="checkbox"/>	Riffle/Run Present? <input type="checkbox"/>	Road/Public Access Possible? <input type="checkbox"/>
Site Impacted by Livestock? <input type="checkbox"/>	Collect Sediment? <input type="checkbox"/>	Gauge Present? <input type="checkbox"/>	

#### Landowner/Contract Information

First Name		Last Name	
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
Street Address			
<input type="text"/>			
City		State	Zip
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Telephone		E-Mail Address	
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
Pamphlet Distributed? <input type="checkbox"/>	Please Call In Advance? <input type="checkbox"/>	Results Requested? <input type="checkbox"/>	

#### Rating, Results, Comments, and Planning

Site Rating By Category (1=easy, 10=difficult)
Access Route
Safety Factor
Sampling Effort

<b>Reconnaissance Decision</b> Pre-Recon Recon In process Approved Site No, Landowner denied access No, Dry No, Stream channel missing No, Physical barriers No, Impounded stream No, Marsh/Wetland No, Bridge gone or not accessible No, Unsafe due to traffic or location No, Site Impacted by backwater No, Other
---

<b>Equipment Selected</b>     
---

<b>Circle Equipment Needed</b> Backpack Boat Towbarge Longline Scanoes Seine Weighted Handline Waders Gill Net
---

Comments

Sketch of Stream & Access Route – Indicate Flow, Direction, Obstacles, & Land Use (Use Back of Page, if Necessary)

## Attachment 2. IDEM Stream Sampling Field Data Sheet



### Stream Sampling Field Data Sheet

<b>Analysis Set #</b>	<b>EPA Site ID</b>	<b>Rank</b>

Sample #	Site #	Sample Medium	Sample Type	Duplicate Sample #							
<b>Stream Name:</b>		<b>River Mile:</b>	<b>County:</b>								
<b>Site Description:</b>											
<b>Survey Crew Chief</b>	<b>Sample Collectors</b>			<b>Sample Collected</b>		<b>Hydrolab #</b>	<b>Water Depth/Gage Ht (ft)</b>	<b>Water Flow (cf/sec)</b>	<b>Flow Estimated?</b>	<b>Algae?</b>	<b>Aquatic Life?</b>
	1	2	3	4	Date						
									<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Sample Taken?</b>		<b>Aliquots</b>		<b>Water Flow Type</b>			<b>Water Appearance</b>		<b>Canopy Closed %</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No; Frozen <input type="checkbox"/> No; Stream Dry <input type="checkbox"/> No; Other <input type="checkbox"/> No; Owner refused Access		<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 12 <input type="checkbox"/> 24 <input type="checkbox"/> 48 <input type="checkbox"/> 72 <input type="checkbox"/> AS-Flow		<input type="checkbox"/> Riffle <input type="checkbox"/> Dry <input type="checkbox"/> Stagnant <input type="checkbox"/> Pool <input type="checkbox"/> Run <input type="checkbox"/> Flood <input type="checkbox"/> Glide <input type="checkbox"/> Eddy <input type="checkbox"/> Other			<input type="checkbox"/> Clear <input type="checkbox"/> Green <input type="checkbox"/> Sheen <input type="checkbox"/> Murky <input type="checkbox"/> Black <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Brown <input type="checkbox"/> Gray (Septic/Sewage)		<input type="checkbox"/> 0-20% <input type="checkbox"/> 60-80% <input type="checkbox"/> 20-40% <input type="checkbox"/> 80-100% <input type="checkbox"/> 40-60%		
<b>Special Notes:</b>											

#### Field Data:

Date (m/d/yy)	24-hr Time (hh:mm)	D.O. (mg/l)	pH	Water Temp (°C)	Spec Cond (µohms/cm)	Turbidity (NTU)	% Sat.	Chlorine (mg/l)	Chloride (mg/l)	Chlorophyll (mg/l)	Weather Codes			
											SC	WD	WS	AT
Comments														
Comments														
Comments														
Comments														
Comments														
Comments														

<b>Measurement Flags</b>	< > E R	< Min. Meter Measurement > Max. Meter Measurement Estimated (See Comments) Rejected (See Comments)	<b>Weather Code Definitions</b>			
				<b>SC</b> Sky Conditions	<b>WD</b> Wind Direction	<b>WS</b> Wind Strength

#### Field Calibrations:

Date (m/d/yy)	Time (hh:mm)	Calibrator Initials	Calibrations			
			Type	Meter #	Value	Units

<b>Calibration Type</b>	pH	DO	Turbidity
-------------------------	----	----	-----------

#### Preservatives/Bottle Lots:

Group: Preservative	Preservative Lot #	Bottle Type	Bottle Lot #	Groups: Preservatives	Bottle Types
GC				General Chemistry: Ice	2000P 2000mL Plastic, Narrow Mouth
Nx				Nutrients: H2SO4	1000P 1000mL Plastic, Narrow Mouth
Metals				Metals: HNO3	500P 500mL Plastic, Narrow Mouth
CN				Cyanide: NaOH	250P 250mL Plastic, Narrow Mouth
O&G				Oil & Grease: H2SO4	1000G 1000mL Glass, Narrow Mouth
Toxics				Toxics: Ice	500G 500mL Glass, Wide Mouth
Ecoli				Bacteriology: Ice	250G 250mL Glass, Wide Mouth
VOA				Volatile Organics: HCl & Thiosulfate	125G 125mL Glass, Wide Mouth
Pest				Pesticides: Ice	40GV 40mL Glass Vial
Phen				Phenols: H2SO4	120PB 120mL Plastic (Bacteria Only)
Sed				Sediment: Ice	1000PF 1000mL Plastic, Coming Filter
Gly				Glyphosate: Thiosulfate	500PF 500mL Plastic, Coming Filter
Hg				Mercury(1631): HCl	60P 60mL Plastic
Cr6				ChromiumVI(1636): NaOH	250T 250mL Teflon
MeHg				Methyl Mercury(1630): HCl	500T 500mL Teflon
					125T 125mL Teflon

Data Entered By: \_\_\_\_\_ QC1: \_\_\_\_\_  
 QC2: \_\_\_\_\_

### Attachment 3. IDEM Algal Biomass Lab Data Sheet



## Algal Biomass Lab Datasheet

Sample #	Site	Stream

#### Supporting Site Information

Traditional Forestry % Closed Canopy:  <=10m  >10m (Measure center only if width <=10m, record to nearest whole percent)

	North	East	South	West	Average x 1.04 =
Left Bank					
Center					
Right Bank					
Total %CC (Average from above, or Center only - %CC)				100 - %CC	

#### Phytoplankton Information

Sampling Method:  Grab Sample (Dip)  Multiple Vertices

Number of Vertices:

Chlorophyll A	Blank	Filter 1	Filter 2	Filter 3	Filter 4
Sample Time					
Sample Volume (mL)					

#### Periphyton Information

Periphyton Habitat:  Epilithic (Area-Scrape)  Epidendric (Cylinder Scrape)  Epipsammic (Petri Dish)

Diatom Sample Collected:  Yes  No Diatom Volume: mL Formalin Volume: mL Slurry Volume mL

Chlorophyll A	Blank	Filter 1	Filter 2	Filter 3	Filter 4
Sample Time					
Sample Volume (mL)					

#### Periphyton Area Calculation

Cylinder Scrape						
Snag #	Length (cm)(L)	Circumference			U	Area (L * U)
		U <sub>1</sub>	U <sub>2</sub>	U <sub>3</sub>		
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
Total Area (cm <sup>2</sup> )						

Area Scrape (Using SG-92)					
Rock#	1	2	3	4	5
Area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	7.38	7.38	7.38	7.38	7.38
Total (cm <sup>2</sup> )	36.9				

Petri Dish	
Number of Discrete Samples (n):	
Total Area of One Sampler (a):	19.01 cm <sup>2</sup>
Total Sample Area (n * a):	

#### Stream Discharge / Rainfall Information

Nearest USGS Gage Site:  Upstream  Downstream  No USGS Gage Near

River miles from site:

Discharge CFS at sampling: CFS

Gage location:

Discharge days since 50% flow exceeded: days

Rainfall data source:  NOAA  CoCoRaHS  Indiana State Climate Office  USGS gage rain gauge  Other:

Total precipitation at sampling: in. on date:

Cumulative rain 7 days previous to sampling: in.

Rain station location, county:

Inches since last rainfall previous to sampling: in.  
 Days since last rainfall previous to sampling: days

Identifier	Date	Reviewer 1	Date	Reviewer 2	Date	Notes:
		<input type="checkbox"/> Review 1 Completed		<input type="checkbox"/> Review 2 Completed		

### Attachment 4. IDEM Fish Collection Data Sheet (front)

IDEM  
 OWQ-WATERSHED ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING BRANCH

Event ID \_\_\_\_\_ Voucher jars \_\_\_\_\_ Unknown jars \_\_\_\_\_ Equipment \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_  
 Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ Time fished (sec) \_\_\_\_\_ Distance fished (m) \_\_\_\_\_ Max. depth (m) \_\_\_\_\_ Avg. depth (m) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Avg. width (m) \_\_\_\_\_ Bridge in reach \_\_\_\_\_ Is reach representative \_\_\_\_\_ If no, why \_\_\_\_\_  
 Elapsed time at site (hh:mm) \_\_\_\_\_: \_\_\_\_\_ Comments \_\_\_\_\_

**Museum data:** Initials \_\_\_\_\_ ID date \_\_\_\_\_ Jar count \_\_\_\_\_ Fish Total \_\_\_\_\_

Coding for Anomalies: D – deformities E – eroded fins L – lesions T – tumor M – multiple DELT anomalies O – other (A – anchor worm C – leeches  
 W – swirled scales Y – popeye S – emaciated F – fungus P – parasites) H – heavy L – light (these codes may be combined with above codes)

TOTAL # OF FISH				WEIGHT (s)			ANOMALIES						
				(mass g)			(length mm)						
							Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
							Max length						
V		P											
							Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
							Max length						
V		P											
							Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
							Max length						
V		P											
							Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
							Max length						
V		P											
							Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
							Max length						
V		P											

KRW: Rev/09.26.18 Calculation: \_\_\_\_\_ QC1 + Entry \_\_\_\_\_ QC1 \_\_\_\_\_ QC2 \_\_\_\_\_


**Attachment 4. IDEM Fish Collection Data Sheet (back)**

Event ID _____					Page _____ of _____						
					Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
						Max length					
V		P									
					Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
						Max length					
V		P									
					Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
						Max length					
V		P									
					Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
						Max length					
V		P									
					Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
						Max length					
V		P									
					Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
						Max length					
V		P									
					Min length	D	E	L	T	M	O
						Max length					
V		P									

KRW: Rev/09.26.18



### Attachment 5. IDEM OWQ Biological Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (front)

	<b>OWQ Biological QHEI (Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index)</b>				
	Sample #	bioSample #	Stream Name	Location	
Surveyor	Sample Date	County	Macro Sample Type	<input type="checkbox"/> Habitat Complete	<b>QHEI Score:</b> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;"> </span>

**1] SUBSTRATE** Check ONLY Two predominant substrate TYPE BOXES and check every type present

<p><b>BEST TYPES</b></p> <p>PREDOMINANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> BLDR/SLABS [10]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> BOULDER [9]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> COBBLE [8]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> GRAVEL [7]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SAND [6]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> BEDROCK [5]</p>	<p><b>OTHER TYPES</b></p> <p>PREDOMINANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HARDPAN [4]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> DETRITUS [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MUCK [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SILT [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> ARTIFICIAL [0]</p>	<p><b>ORIGIN</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> LIMESTONE [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> TILLS [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> WETLANDS [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HARDPAN [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SANDSTONE [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RIP/RAP [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> LACUSTRINE [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SHALE [-1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> COAL FINES [-2]</p>	<p><b>QUALITY</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HEAVY [-2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE [-1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NORMAL [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> FREE [1]</p>
--	--	---	--

Check ONE (Or 2 & average)

NUMBER OF BEST TYPES:  4 or more [2]  3 or less [0]

(Score natural substrates; ignore sludge from point-sources)

Substrate

Maximum  
20

**Comments**

**2] INSTREAM COVER** Indicate presence 0 to 3: 0-Absent; 1-Very small amounts or if more common of marginal quality; 2-Moderate amounts, but not of highest quality or in small amounts of highest quality; 3-Highest quality in moderate or greater amounts (e.g., very large boulders in deep or fast water, large diameter log that is stable, well developed root wad in deep/fast water, or deep, well-defined, functional pools.)

<p><input type="checkbox"/> UNDERCUT BANKS [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> OVERHANGING VEGETATION [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SHALLOWS (IN SLOW WATER) [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> ROOTMATS [1]</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> POOLS &gt; 70cm [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> ROOTWADS [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> BOULDERS [1]</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> OXBOWS, BACKWATERS [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> AQUATIC MACROPHYTES [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> LOGS OR WOODY DEBRIS [1]</p>	<p><b>AMOUNT</b></p> <p>Check ONE (Or 2 &amp; average)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> EXTENSIVE &gt; 75% [11]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE 25 - 75% [7]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SPARSE 5 - &lt; 25% [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NEARLY ABSENT &lt; 5% [1]</p>
---	---	---	--

Cover

Maximum  
20

**Comments**

**3] CHANNEL MORPHOLOGY** Check ONE in each category (Or 2 & average)

<p><b>SINUOSITY</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HIGH [4]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> LOW [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NONE [1]</p>	<p><b>DEVELOPMENT</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT [7]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> GOOD [5]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> FAIR [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> POOR [1]</p>	<p><b>CHANNELIZATION</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NONE [6]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RECOVERED [4]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RECOVERING [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1]</p>	<p><b>STABILITY</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HIGH [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> LOW [1]</p>
--	--	--	---

Channel

Maximum  
20

**Comments**

**4] BANK EROSION AND RIPARIAN ZONE** Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average)

<p>River right looking downstream</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NONE/LITTLE [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HEAVY/SEVERE [1]</p>	<p><b>EROSION</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NONE [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HEAVY/SEVERE [1]</p>	<p><b>RIPARIAN WIDTH</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> WIDE &gt; 50m [4]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE 10-50m [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NARROW 5-10m [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> VERY NARROW [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NONE [0]</p>	<p><b>FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> FOREST, SWAMP [3]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> FENCED PASTURE [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> OPEN PASTURE, ROWCROP [0]</p>	<p><b>CONSERVATION TILLAGE [1]</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> URBAN OR INDUSTRIAL [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MINING /CONSTRUCTION [0]</p>
---	--	--	--	---

Indicate predominant land use(s) past 100m riparian.

Riparian

Maximum  
10

**Comments**

**5] POOL/GLIDE AND RIFFLE/RUN QUALITY**

<p><b>MAXIMUM DEPTH</b></p> <p>Check ONE (ONLY!)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> &gt; 1m [6]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 0.7 - &lt; 1m [4]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 0.4 - &lt; 0.7m [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 0.2 - &lt; 0.4m [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> &lt; 0.2m [0] [metric = 0]</p>	<p><b>CHANNEL WIDTH</b></p> <p>Check ONE (Or 2 &amp; average)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> POOL WIDTH &gt; RIFFLE WIDTH [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> POOL WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> POOL WIDTH &lt; RIFFLE WIDTH [0]</p>	<p><b>CURRENT VELOCITY</b></p> <p>Check ALL that apply</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> TORRENTIAL [-1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> VERY FAST [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> FAST [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE [1]</p>	<p><b>RECREATION POTENTIAL</b></p> <p>Check one and comment on back</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SLOW [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> INTERSTITIAL [-1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> INTERMITTENT [-2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> EDDIES [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Primary Contact</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Secondary Contact</p>
---	---	--	---

Indicate for reach - pools and riffles.

Pool/Current

Maximum  
12

**Comments**

Indicate for functional riffles; Best areas must be large enough to support a population of riffle-obligate species:

<p><b>RIFFLE DEPTH</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> BEST AREAS &gt; 10cm [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> BEST AREAS 5 - 10cm [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> BEST AREAS &lt; 5cm [metric = 0]</p>	<p><b>RUN DEPTH</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MAXIMUM &gt; 50cm [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MAXIMUM &lt; 50cm [1]</p>	<p><b>RIFFLE/RUN SUBSTRATE</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MOD. STABLE (e.g., Large Gravel) [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> UNSTABLE (e.g., Fine Gravel, Sand) [0]</p>	<p><b>RIFFLE/RUN EMBEDDEDNESS</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NONE [2]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> LOW [1]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE [0]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> EXTENSIVE [-1]</p>
--	---	---	--

Check ONE (Or 2 & average)  NO RIFFLE [metric = 0]

Riffle/Run

Maximum  
8

**Comments**

<p><b>6] GRADIENT</b> ( ft/mi)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> VERY LOW - LOW [2-4]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> MODERATE [6-10]</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HIGH - VERY HIGH [10-6]</p>	<p><b>DRAINAGE AREA</b> ( mi<sup>2</sup>)</p>	<p>% POOL: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;"> </span></p> <p>% RUN: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;"> </span></p>	<p>% GLIDE: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;"> </span></p> <p>% RIFFLE: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;"> </span></p>	<p>Gradient</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <span style="font-size: 8px;">Maximum 10</span> </div>
---	---	--	--	---



**Attachment 5 (cont.). IDEM OWQ Biological QHEI (back)**



**OWQ Biological QHEI (Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index)**

COMMENT \_\_\_\_\_

**A-CANOPY**

- > 85% - Open
- 55% - < 85%
- 30% - < 55%
- 10% - < 30%
- < 10% - Closed

**B-AESTHETICS**

- Nuisance algae
- Invasive macrophytes
- Excess turbidity
- Discoloration
- Foam/Scum
- Oil sheen
- Trash/Litter
- Nuisance odor
- Sludge deposits
- CSOs/SSOs/Outfalls

**C-RECREATION**

- Area Depth
- Pool:  > 100 ft<sup>2</sup>  > 3 ft

**D-MAINTENANCE**

- Public  Private
- Active  Historic
- Succession:  Young  Old
- Spray  Islands  Scoured
- Snag:  Removed  Modified
- Leveed:  One sided  Both banks
- Relocated  Cutoffs
- Bedload:  Moving  Stable
- Armoured  Slumps
- Impounded  Desiccated
- Flood control  Drainage

**E-ISSUES**

- WWTP  CSO  NPDES
- Industry  Urban
- Hardened  Dirt & Grime
- Contaminated  Landfill
- BMPs:  Construction  Sediment
- Logging  Irrigation  Cooling
- Erosion:  Bank  Surface
- False bank  Manure  Lagoon
- Wash H<sub>2</sub>O  Tile  H<sub>2</sub>O Table
- Mine:  Acid  Quarry
- Flow:  Natural  Stagnant
- Wetland  Park  Golf
- Lawn  Home
- Atmospheric deposition
- Agriculture  Livestock

Looking upstream (> 10m, 3 readings; ≤ 10m, 1 reading in middle); Round to the nearest whole percent

% open	Right %	Middle %	Left %	Total Average %
	X	X	X	

Stream Width (m):

Stream Drawing:



## Attachment 7. IDEM Corvallis Water Sample Analysis Request Form (Pace Analytical)



Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
 Office of Water Quality  
 Watershed Planning and Assessment Branch  
[www.idem.IN.gov](http://www.idem.IN.gov)

Water Sample Analysis Request **PROFILE #284**

Project Name: **2024 Probabilistic Monitoring** Composite  Grab

OWQ Sample Set	24WQW012	IDEM Sample Nos.	
Crew Chief		Lab Sample Nos.	
Collection Date		Lab Delivery Date	

Anions and Physical Parameters			
Parameter	Test Method	Total	Dissolved
Alkalinity (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	SM2320B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> **	<input type="checkbox"/>
Total Solids	SM2540B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> **	
Suspended Solids	SM2540D	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> **	
Dissolved Solids	SM2540C		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> **
Sulfate (as SO <sub>4</sub> )	300.0	<input type="checkbox"/> **	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> **
Chloride (as Cl)	300.0	<input type="checkbox"/> **	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> **
Hardness (Calculated)	SM-2340B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> **	<input type="checkbox"/> **
Fluoride (as F)	SM4500-F-C	<input type="checkbox"/> **	<input type="checkbox"/> **

Priority Pollutant Metals Water Parameters			
Parameter	Test Method	Total	Dissolved
Antimony (as Sb)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Arsenic (as As)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Beryllium (as Be)	200.8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cadmium (as Cd)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Chromium (as Cr)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Copper (as Cu)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lead (as Pb)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mercury, Low Level	1631, Rev E.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nickel (as Ni)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Selenium (as Se)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Silver (as Ag)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Thallium (as Tl)	200.8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Zinc (as Zn)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Cations and Secondary Metals Parameters			
Parameter	Test Method	Total	Dissolved
Aluminum (as Al)	200.8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Barium (as Ba)	200.8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Boron (as B)	200.8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Calcium (as Ca)	200.7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ***	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cobalt (as Co)	200.8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Iron (as Fe)	200.7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Magnesium (as Mg)	200.7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ***	<input type="checkbox"/>
Manganese (as Mn)	200.8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sodium (as Na)	200.7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Silica, Total Reactive (as SiO <sub>2</sub> )	200.7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Strontium (as Sr)	200.8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Send reports (Fed. Ex. or UPS) to:  
 Tim Bowren - IDEM  
 Bldg. 20, STE 100  
 2525 North Shadeland Ave.  
 Indianapolis, IN 46219

Deliver reports to:  
 Tim Bowren - IDEM  
 Bldg. 20, STE 100  
 2525 North Shadeland Ave.  
 Indianapolis, IN 46219

Organic Water Parameters		
Parameter	Test Method	Total
Priority Pollutants: Oranochlorine Pesticides and PCBs	608	<input type="checkbox"/>
Priority Pollutants: VOCs - Purgeable Organics	624	<input type="checkbox"/>
Priority Pollutants: Base/Neutral Extractables	625	<input type="checkbox"/>
Priority Pollutants: Acid Extractables	625	<input type="checkbox"/>
Phenolics, 4AAP	420.4	<input type="checkbox"/>
Oil and Grease, Total	1664A	<input type="checkbox"/>

Nutrient & Organic Water Chemistry Parameters			
Parameter	Test Method	Total	Dissolved
Ammonia Nitrogen	350.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CBOD <sub>5</sub>	SM5210B	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	351.2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nitrogen, Nitrate + Nitrite as N	353.2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Total Phosphorus	365.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
TOC (Total Organic Carbon)	SM 5310C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
DOC (Dissolved Organic Carbon)	SM 5310C		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
COD	410.4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cyanide (Total)	335.4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cyanide (Free)	SM4500CN-I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cyanide (Amenable)	SM4500CN-G	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sulfide, Total	376.2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

RFP 22-68153  
 Contract Number: 58463 (Pace-Indy)  
 PO # 20003041 Line #7 (Pace-Indy)

30 day reporting time required.

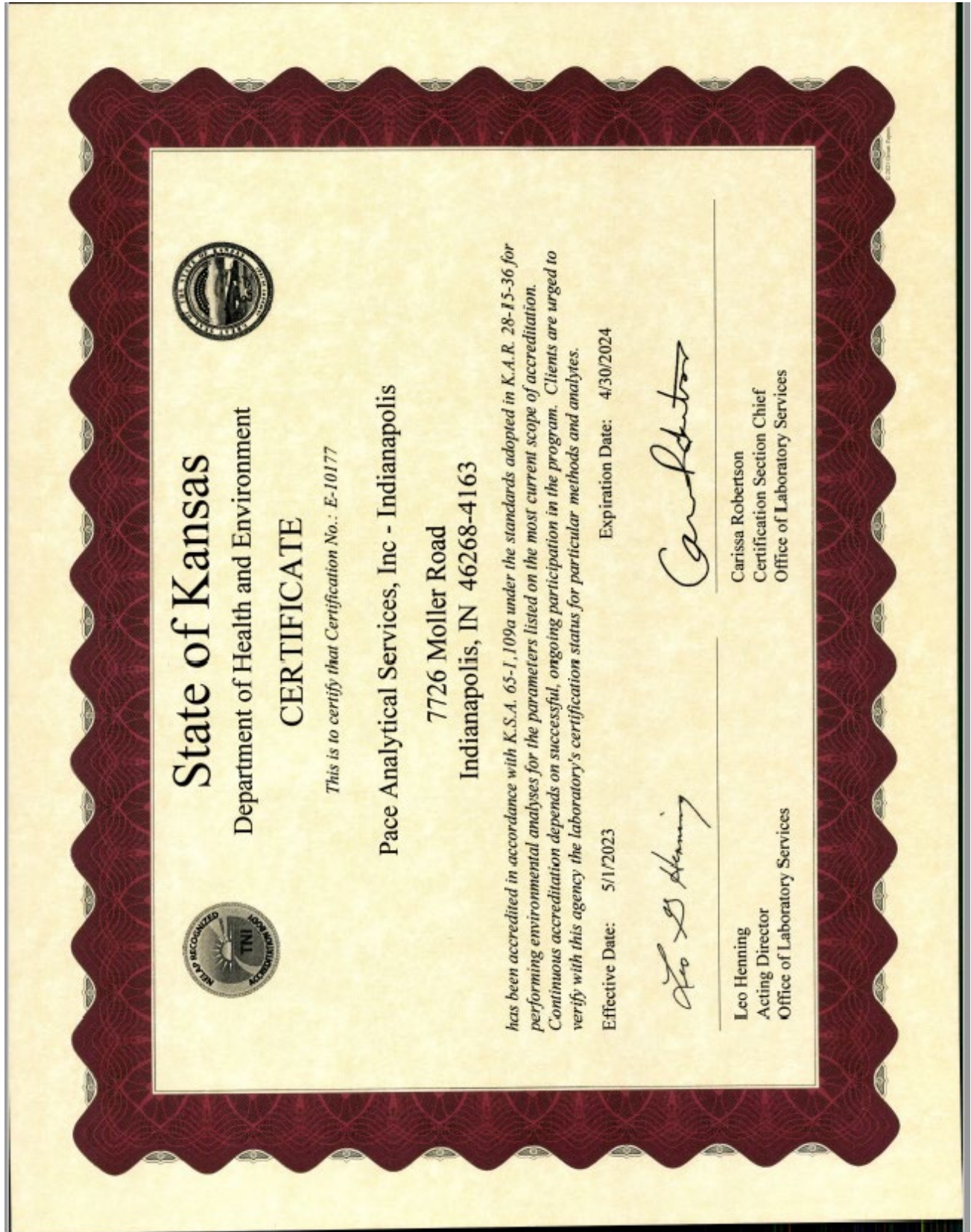
Notes:  
 \*\* = DO NOT RUN PARAMETER IF SAMPLE IDENTIFIED AS A BLANK ON THE CHAIN OF CUSTODY  
 \* = RUN ONLY IF TOTAL CYANIDE IS DETECTED  
 \*\*\* = Report Calcium, Magnesium components of Total Hardness (Calculated)

Testing Laboratory: Pace Analytical Services, Inc.  
 Attn: Olivia Deck  
 Phone: 317-228-3102 7726 Moller Road  
 Indianapolis, IN 46268





**Appendix 1. Pace Laboratory Inc., Indianapolis: Accreditation Documents**



Division of Environment  
 Kansas Health and Environmental Laboratories  
 Environmental Laboratory Improvement Program  
 6810 SE Dwight Street  
 Topeka, KS 66620



Phone: 785-296-3811  
 Fax: 785-559-5207  
 KDHE.EI@KS.GOV  
 www.kdheks.gov/envlab

Janet Stanek, Secretary

Laura Kelly, Governor

The Kansas Department of Health and Environment encourages all clients and data users to verify the most current scope of accreditation for certification number E-10177

The analytes tested and the corresponding matrix and method which a laboratory is authorized to perform at any given time will be those indicated in the most recently issued scope of accreditation. The most recent scope of accreditation supersedes all previously issued scopes of accreditation. It is the certified laboratory's responsibility to review this document for any discrepancies. This scope of accreditation will be recalled in the event that your laboratory's certification is revoked.

Accreditation Start: 5/1/2023 Accreditation End: 4/30/2024

<b>EPA Number:</b> IN00043	<b>Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number:</b> E-10177	Page 1 of 26
<b>Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis</b>		<b>Primary AB</b>
<hr/>		
<b>Program/Matrix:</b> CWA (Non Potable Water)		
<b>Method</b> ASTM D516-16		
Sulfate		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 120.1		
Conductivity		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 1631E		
Mercury		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 1664A		
Oil & Grease		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 1664A (SGT-HEM)		
n-Hexane Extractable Material - Silica Gel Treated (HEM-SGT)		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 180.1 Rev. 2 - 1993		
Turbidity		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 200.7 Rev 4.4		
Aluminum		KS
Antimony		KS
Arsenic		KS
Barium		KS
Beryllium		KS
Boron		KS
Cadmium		KS
Calcium		KS
Chromium		KS
Cobalt		KS
Copper		KS
Copper		KS
Iron		KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**      Page 2 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      **Primary AB**

Program/Matrix: *CWA (Non Potable Water)*

Lead	KS
Magnesium	KS
Manganese	KS
Molybdenum	KS
Nickel	KS
Potassium	KS
Selenium	KS
Silver	KS
Sodium	KS
Strontium	KS
Thallium	KS
Tin	KS
Titanium	KS
Vanadium	KS
Zinc	KS
<b>Method EPA 200.8 Rev 5.4</b>	
Aluminum	KS
Antimony	KS
Arsenic	KS
Barium	KS
Beryllium	KS
Boron	KS
Cadmium	KS
Chromium	KS
Cobalt	KS
Copper	KS
Lead	KS
Manganese	KS
Molybdenum	KS
Nickel	KS
Selenium	KS
Silver	KS
Thallium	KS
Tin	KS
Titanium	KS
Vanadium	KS
Zinc	KS
<b>Method EPA 245.1</b>	
Mercury	KS
<b>Method EPA 300.0</b>	
Bromide	KS
Chloride	KS
Fluoride	KS
Nitrate	KS
Nitrate plus Nitrite as N	KS
Nitrite	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: <i>IN00043</i>	Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: <i>E-10177</i>	Page 3 of 26
Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis		Primary AB
<b>Program/Matrix:</b> <i>CWA (Non Potable Water)</i>		
Sulfate		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 335.4		
Amenable cyanide		KS
Cyanide		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 350.1		
Ammonia as N		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 351.2		
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 351.2 minus EPA 350.1		
Organic nitrogen		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 353.2		
Nitrate		KS
Nitrate plus Nitrite as N		KS
Nitrite		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 365.1		
Phosphorus		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 410.4		
Chemical oxygen demand		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 420.4		
Total phenolics		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 6010B		
Arsenic		KS
Cadmium		KS
Copper		KS
Lead		KS
Molybdenum		KS
Nickel		KS
Selenium		KS
Strontium		KS
Total chromium		KS
Zinc		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 6020		
Arsenic		KS
Cadmium		KS
Copper		KS
Lead		KS
Nickel		KS
Selenium		KS
Total chromium		KS
Zinc		KS
<b>Method</b> EPA 608.3 GC-ECD		
4,4'-DDD		KS
4,4'-DDE		KS
4,4'-DDT		KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620





EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**

Page 4 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *CWA (Non Potable Water)*

Aldrin	KS
alpha-BHC (alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	KS
Aroclor-1016 (PCB-1016)	KS
Aroclor-1221 (PCB-1221)	KS
Aroclor-1232 (PCB-1232)	KS
Aroclor-1242 (PCB-1242)	KS
Aroclor-1248 (PCB-1248)	KS
Aroclor-1254 (PCB-1254)	KS
Aroclor-1260 (PCB-1260)	KS
beta-BHC (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	KS
Chlordane (tech.)(N.O.S.)	KS
delta-BHC	KS
Dieldrin	KS
Endosulfan I	KS
Endosulfan II	KS
Endosulfan sulfate	KS
Endrin	KS
Endrin aldehyde	KS
gamma-BHC (Lindane, gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	KS
Heptachlor	KS
Heptachlor epoxide	KS
Methoxychlor	KS
Toxaphene (Chlorinated camphene)	KS

**Method EPA 624.1**

1,1,1-Trichloroethane	KS
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	KS
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	KS
1,1-Dichloroethane	KS
1,1-Dichloroethylene	KS
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-Dichlorobenzene)	KS
1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)	KS
1,2-Dichloropropane	KS
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	KS
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	KS
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	KS
Acrolein (Propenal)	KS
Acrylonitrile	KS
Benzene	KS
Bromodichloromethane	KS
Bromoform	KS
Carbon tetrachloride	KS
Chlorobenzene	KS
Chlorodibromomethane	KS
Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)	KS
Chloroform	KS
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**

Page 5 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *CWA (Non Potable Water)*

Ethylbenzene	KS
Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	KS
Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)	KS
Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)	KS
Naphthalene	KS
Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)	KS
Toluene	KS
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	KS
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	KS
Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	KS
Trichlorofluoromethane (Fluorotrichloromethane, Freon 11)	KS
Vinyl chloride	KS
Xylene (total)	KS
<b>Method EPA 625.1</b>	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	KS
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-Dichlorobenzene)	KS
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	KS
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	KS
2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane), bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether	KS
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	KS
2,4-Dichlorophenol	KS
2,4-Dimethylphenol	KS
2,4-Dinitrophenol	KS
2,4-Dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT)	KS
2,6-Dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)	KS
2-Chloronaphthalene	KS
2-Chlorophenol	KS
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol (4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol)	KS
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	KS
2-Nitrophenol	KS
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	KS
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	KS
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	KS
4-Chlorophenyl phenylether	KS
4-Methylphenol (p-Cresol)	KS
4-Nitrophenol	KS
Acenaphthene	KS
Acenaphthylene	KS
Anthracene	KS
Benzidine	KS
Benzo(a)anthracene	KS
Benzo(a)pyrene	KS
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	KS
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	KS
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	KS
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043* Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177** Page 6 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *CWA (Non Potable Water)*

bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	KS
Butyl benzyl phthalate	KS
Carbazole	KS
Chrysene	KS
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate, DEHP)	KS
Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	KS
Diethyl phthalate	KS
Dimethyl phthalate	KS
Di-n-butyl phthalate	KS
Di-n-octyl phthalate	KS
Fluoranthene	KS
Fluorene	KS
Hexachlorobenzene	KS
Hexachlorobutadiene	KS
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	KS
Hexachloroethane	KS
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	KS
Isophorone	KS
Naphthalene	KS
n-Decane	KS
Nitrobenzene	KS
n-Nitrosodimethylamine	KS
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	KS
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	KS
n-Octadecane	KS
Pentachlorophenol	KS
Phenanthrene	KS
Phenol	KS
Pyrene	KS
<b>Method EPA 7470A</b>	
Mercury	KS
<b>Method EPA 7471A</b>	
Mercury	KS
<b>Method EPA 8015D</b>	
Propylene glycol	KS
<b>Method EPA 8260C</b>	
1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene	KS
<b>Method EPA 8270C</b>	
1-Methylnaphthalene	KS
Carbazole	KS
<b>Method SM 2310 B-2011</b>	
Acidity, as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	KS
<b>Method SM 2320 B-2011</b>	
Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	KS
<b>Method SM 2340 B-2011</b>	



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: <i>IN00043</i>	Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: <b>E-10177</b>	Page 7 of 26
Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis		Primary AB
<b>Program/Matrix: <i>CWA (Non Potable Water)</i></b>		
Hardness		KS
Method SM 2510 B-2011		
Conductivity		KS
Method SM 2540 B-2015		
Residue-total		KS
Method SM 2540 C-2015		
Residue-filterable (TDS)		KS
Method SM 2540 D-2015		
Residue-nonfilterable (TSS)		KS
Method SM 2540 F-2015		
Residue-settleable		KS
Method SM 3500-Cr B-2011		
Chromium VI		KS
Method SM 4500-Cl G-2011		
Total residual chlorine		KS
Method SM 4500-Cl <sup>-</sup> E-2011		
Chloride		KS
Method SM 4500-CN <sup>-</sup> C-2016		
Cyanide		KS
Method SM 4500-CN <sup>-</sup> E-2016		
Cyanide		KS
Method SM 4500-CN <sup>-</sup> G-2016		
Amenable cyanide		KS
Method SM 4500-F <sup>-</sup> C-2011		
Fluoride		KS
Method SM 4500-H <sup>+</sup> B-2011		
pH		KS
Method SM 4500-NH <sub>3</sub> G-2011		
Ammonia as N		KS
Method SM 4500-P E-2011		
Orthophosphate as P		KS
Method SM 4500-S <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup> D-2011		
Sulfide		KS
Method SM 5210 B-2016		
Biochemical oxygen demand		KS
Carbonaceous BOD, CBOD		KS
Method SM 5310 C-2014		
Total organic carbon		KS
Method SM 5540 C-2011		
Surfactants - MBAS		KS
Method TKN-NH <sub>3</sub> -CAL		
Organic nitrogen		KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: *E-10177*      Page 8 of 26  
 Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Non Potable Water)*

<b>Method EPA 1010A</b>		
Ignitability		KS
<b>Method EPA 1311</b>		
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)		KS
<b>Method EPA 1312</b>		
Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure (SPLP)		KS
<b>Method EPA 6010B</b>		
Aluminum		KS
Antimony		KS
Arsenic		KS
Barium		KS
Beryllium		KS
Boron		KS
Cadmium		KS
Calcium		KS
Chromium		KS
Cobalt		KS
Copper		KS
Iron		KS
Lead		KS
Lithium		KS
Magnesium		KS
Manganese		KS
Molybdenum		KS
Nickel		KS
Potassium		KS
Selenium		KS
Silicon		KS
Silver		KS
Sodium		KS
Strontium		KS
Thallium		KS
Tin		KS
Titanium		KS
Vanadium		KS
Zinc		KS
<b>Method EPA 6020</b>		
Aluminum		KS
Antimony		KS
Arsenic		KS
Barium		KS
Beryllium		KS
Cadmium		KS
Chromium		KS
Cobalt		KS
Copper		KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043* Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: *E-10177* Page 9 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis Primary AB

Program/Matrix: <i>RCRA (Non Potable Water)</i>	
Lead	KS
Manganese	KS
Molybdenum	KS
Nickel	KS
Selenium	KS
Silver	KS
Thallium	KS
Thorium	KS
Uranium	KS
Vanadium	KS
Zinc	KS
<b>Method EPA 7196A</b>	
Chromium VI	KS
<b>Method EPA 7470A</b>	
Mercury	KS
<b>Method EPA 7471A</b>	
Mercury	KS
<b>Method EPA 8011</b>	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	KS
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB, Ethylene dibromide)	KS
<b>Method EPA 8015D</b>	
Diesel range organics (DRO)	KS
Ethanol	KS
Ethylene glycol	KS
Gasoline range organics (GRO)	KS
Isobutyl alcohol (2-Methyl-1-propanol)	KS
Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol, Isopropanol)	KS
Methanol	KS
n-Butyl alcohol (1-Butanol, n-Butanol)	KS
n-Propanol (1-Propanol)	KS
Propylene glycol	KS
<b>Method EPA 8081B</b>	
4,4'-DDD	KS
4,4'-DDE	KS
4,4'-DDT	KS
Aldrin	KS
alpha-BHC (alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	KS
alpha-Chlordane, cis-Chlordane	KS
beta-BHC (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	KS
Chlordane (tech.)(N.O.S.)	KS
delta-BHC	KS
Dieldrin	KS
Endosulfan I	KS
Endosulfan II	KS
Endosulfan sulfate	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**

Page 10 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Non Potable Water)*

Endrin	KS
Endrin aldehyde	KS
Endrin ketone	KS
gamma-BHC (Lindane, gamma-HexachlorocyclohexanE)	KS
gamma-Chlordane	KS
Heptachlor	KS
Heptachlor epoxide	KS
Methoxychlor	KS
Toxaphene (Chlorinated camphene)	KS
<b>Method EPA 8082A</b>	
Aroclor-1016 (PCB-1016)	KS
Aroclor-1221 (PCB-1221)	KS
Aroclor-1232 (PCB-1232)	KS
Aroclor-1242 (PCB-1242)	KS
Aroclor-1248 (PCB-1248)	KS
Aroclor-1254 (PCB-1254)	KS
Aroclor-1260 (PCB-1260)	KS
<b>Method EPA 8141B</b>	
Atrazine	KS
Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)	KS
Chlorpyrifos	KS
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	KS
Demeton-o	KS
Demeton-s	KS
Diazinon	KS
Dichlorovos (DDVP, Dichlorvos)	KS
Dimethoate	KS
Disulfoton	KS
Famphur	KS
Malathion	KS
Merphos	KS
Methyl parathion (Parathion, methyl)	KS
Naled	KS
Parathion, ethyl	KS
Phorate	KS
Ronnel	KS
Simazine	KS
Terbufos	KS
Tetrachlorvinphos (Stirophos, Gardona) E-isomer	KS
<b>Method EPA 8151A</b>	
2,4,5-T	KS
2,4-D	KS
2,4-DB	KS
3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid	KS
Acifluorfen	KS
Bentazon	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*                      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**                      Page 11 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis                      **Primary AB**

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Non Potable Water)*

Dalapon	KS
DCEPA di acid degradate	KS
Dicamba	KS
Dichloroprop (Dichlorprop)	KS
Dinoseb (2-sec-butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol, DNBP)	KS
MCPA	KS
MCPP	KS
Pentachlorophenol	KS
Picloram	KS
Silvex (2,4,5-TP)	KS

**Method EPA 8260C**

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	KS
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	KS
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	KS
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	KS
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	KS
1,1-Dichloroethane	KS
1,1-Dichloroethylene	KS
1,1-Dichloropropene	KS
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	KS
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	KS
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	KS
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	KS
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	KS
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB, Ethylene dibromide)	KS
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-Dichlorobenzene)	KS
1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)	KS
1,2-Dichloropropane	KS
1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene	KS
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	KS
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	KS
1,3-Dichloropropane	KS
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	KS
1,4-Dioxane (1,4- Diethyleneoxide)	KS
1-Methylnaphthalene	KS
2,2-Dichloropropane	KS
2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone, MEK)	KS
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	KS
2-Chlorotoluene	KS
2-Hexanone	KS
2-Methylnaphthalene	KS
4-Chlorotoluene	KS
4-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene,p-Isopropyltoluene)	KS
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	KS
Acetone	KS
Acetonitrile	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620





EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**

Page 12 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Non Potable Water)*

Acrolein (Propenal)	KS
Acrylonitrile	KS
Allyl chloride (3-Chloropropene)	KS
Benzene	KS
Bromobenzene	KS
Bromochloromethane	KS
Bromodichloromethane	KS
Bromoform	KS
Carbon disulfide	KS
Carbon tetrachloride	KS
Chlorobenzene	KS
Chlorodibromomethane	KS
Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)	KS
Chloroform	KS
Chloroprene (2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene)	KS
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	KS
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	KS
Cyclohexane	KS
Dibromomethane (Methylene bromide)	KS
Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon-12)	KS
Diethyl ether	KS
Ethyl acetate	KS
Ethyl methacrylate	KS
Ethylbenzene	KS
Hexachlorobutadiene	KS
Iodomethane (Methyl iodide)	KS
Isobutyl alcohol (2-Methyl-1-propanol)	KS
Isopropylbenzene	KS
Methacrylonitrile	KS
Methyl acetate	KS
Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	KS
Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)	KS
Methyl methacrylate	KS
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	KS
Methylcyclohexane	KS
Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)	KS
m-Xylene	KS
Naphthalene	KS
n-Butyl alcohol (1-Butanol, n-Butanol)	KS
n-Butylbenzene	KS
n-Hexane	KS
n-Propylbenzene	KS
o-Xylene	KS
Propionitrile (Ethyl cyanide)	KS
p-Xylene	KS
sec-Butylbenzene	KS
Styrene	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**      Page 13 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      **Primary AB**

**Program/Matrix:** *RCRA (Non Potable Water)*

tert-Butyl alcohol	KS
tert-Butylbenzene	KS
Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)	KS
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	KS
Toluene	KS
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	KS
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	KS
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	KS
Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	KS
Trichlorofluoromethane (Fluorotrichloromethane, Freon 11)	KS
Vinyl acetate	KS
Vinyl chloride	KS
Xylene (total)	KS

**Method** EPA 8270C

1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	KS
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	KS
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-Dichlorobenzene)	KS
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	KS
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene (1,3,5-TNB)	KS
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	KS
1,3-Dinitrobenzene (1,3-DNB)	KS
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	KS
1,4-Naphthoquinone	KS
1,4-Phenylenediamine	KS
1-Methylnaphthalene	KS
1-Naphthylamine	KS
2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane), bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether	KS
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	KS
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	KS
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	KS
2,4-Dichlorophenol	KS
2,4-Dimethylphenol	KS
2,4-Dinitrophenol	KS
2,4-Dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT)	KS
2,6-Dichlorophenol	KS
2,6-Dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)	KS
2-Acetylaminofluorene	KS
2-Chloronaphthalene	KS
2-Chlorophenol	KS
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol (4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol)	KS
2-Methylaniline (o-Toluidine)	KS
2-Methylnaphthalene	KS
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	KS
2-Naphthylamine	KS
2-Nitroaniline	KS
2-Nitrophenol	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**

Page 14 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

**Primary AB**

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Non Potable Water)*

2-Picoline (2-Methylpyridine)	KS
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	KS
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	KS
3-Methylcholanthrene	KS
3-Methylphenol (m-Cresol)	KS
3-Nitroaniline	KS
4-Aminobiphenyl	KS
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	KS
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	KS
4-Chloroaniline	KS
4-Chlorophenyl phenylether	KS
4-Dimethyl aminoazobenzene	KS
4-Methylphenol (p-Cresol)	KS
4-Nitroaniline	KS
4-Nitrophenol	KS
4-Nitroquinoline 1-oxide	KS
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	KS
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a) anthracene	KS
a-a-Dimethylphenethylamine	KS
Acenaphthene	KS
Acenaphthylene	KS
Acetophenone	KS
Aniline	KS
Anthracene	KS
Aramite	KS
Atrazine	KS
Benzaldehyde	KS
Benzidine	KS
Benzo(a)anthracene	KS
Benzo(a)pyrene	KS
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	KS
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	KS
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	KS
Benzoic acid	KS
Benzyl alcohol	KS
Biphenyl	KS
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	KS
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	KS
Butyl benzyl phthalate	KS
Caprolactam	KS
Carbazole	KS
Chlorobenzilate	KS
Chrysene	KS
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate, DEHP)	KS
Diallate	KS
Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	KS
Dibenzofuran	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**

Page 15 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

**Primary AB**

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Non Potable Water)*

Diethyl phthalate	KS
Dimethoate	KS
Dimethyl phthalate	KS
Di-n-butyl phthalate	KS
Di-n-octyl phthalate	KS
Diphenylamine	KS
Disulfoton	KS
Ethyl methanesulfonate	KS
Famphur	KS
Fluoranthene	KS
Fluorene	KS
Hexachlorobenzene	KS
Hexachlorobutadiene	KS
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	KS
Hexachloroethane	KS
Hexachlorophene	KS
Hexachloropropene	KS
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	KS
Isodrin	KS
Isophorone	KS
Isosafrole	KS
Kepone	KS
Methapyrilene	KS
Methyl methanesulfonate	KS
Methyl parathion (Parathion, methyl)	KS
Naphthalene	KS
Nitrobenzene	KS
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	KS
n-Nitrosodimethylamine	KS
n-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	KS
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	KS
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	KS
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	KS
n-Nitrosomorpholine	KS
n-Nitrosopiperidine	KS
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine	KS
o,o,o-Triethyl phosphorothioate	KS
Parathion, ethyl	KS
Pentachlorobenzene	KS
Pentachloronitrobenzene	KS
Pentachlorophenol	KS
Phenacetin	KS
Phenanthrene	KS
Phenol	KS
Phorate	KS
p-Phenylenediamine	KS
Pronamide (Kerb)	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: *E-10177*      Page 16 of 26  
 Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      Primary AB

<b>Program/Matrix:</b> <i>RCRA (Non Potable Water)</i>	
Pyrene	KS
Pyridine	KS
Safrole	KS
Sulfotep (Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate)	KS
Thionazin (Zinophos)	KS
<b>Method EPA 8270C SIM</b>	
1-Methylnaphthalene	KS
2-Methylnaphthalene	KS
Acenaphthene	KS
Acenaphthylene	KS
Anthracene	KS
Atrazine	KS
Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)	KS
Benzo(a)anthracene	KS
Benzo(a)pyrene	KS
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	KS
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	KS
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	KS
Chlorpyrifos	KS
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	KS
Chrysene	KS
Demeton-o	KS
Demeton-s	KS
Diazinon	KS
Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	KS
Dichlorovos (DDVP, Dichlorvos)	KS
Dimethoate	KS
Disulfoton	KS
Famphur	KS
Fluoranthene	KS
Fluorene	KS
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	KS
Malathion	KS
Merphos	KS
Methyl parathion (Parathion, methyl)	KS
Naled	KS
Naphthalene	KS
Parathion, ethyl	KS
Phenanthrene	KS
Phorate	KS
Pyrene	KS
Ronnel	KS
Simazine	KS
Terbufos	KS
Tetrachlorvinphos (Stirophos, Gardona) Mixed isomers	KS

**Method EPA 9012.A**



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: <i>IN00043</i>	Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: <b>E-10177</b>	Page 17 of 26
Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis		Primary AB
<b>Program/Matrix: RCRA (Non Potable Water)</b>		
Amenable cyanide		KS
Cyanide		KS
<b>Method EPA 9038</b>		
Sulfate		KS
<b>Method EPA 9056A</b>		
Bromide		KS
Chloride		KS
Fluoride		KS
Iodide		KS
Nitrate		KS
Nitrite		KS
Sulfate		KS
<b>Method EPA 9066</b>		
Total phenolics		KS
<b>Method EPA 9095B</b>		
Paint Filter Test		KS
<b>Method EPA RSK-175 (G-C/FID)</b>		
Ethane		KS
Ethene		KS
Methane		KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**      Page 18 of 26  
 Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      **Primary AB**

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Solid & Hazardous Material)*

<b>Method EPA 1010A</b>	
Ignitability	KS
<b>Method EPA 1311</b>	
Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)	KS
<b>Method EPA 1312</b>	
Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure (SPLP)	KS
<b>Method EPA 6010B</b>	
Aluminum	KS
Antimony	KS
Arsenic	KS
Barium	KS
Beryllium	KS
Boron	KS
Cadmium	KS
Calcium	KS
Chromium	KS
Cobalt	KS
Copper	KS
Iron	KS
Lead	KS
Magnesium	KS
Manganese	KS
Molybdenum	KS
Nickel	KS
Potassium	KS
Selenium	KS
Silver	KS
Sodium	KS
Strontium	KS
Thallium	KS
Tin	KS
Titanium	KS
Vanadium	KS
Zinc	KS
<b>Method EPA 6020</b>	
Aluminum	KS
Antimony	KS
Arsenic	KS
Barium	KS
Beryllium	KS
Cadmium	KS
Chromium	KS
Cobalt	KS
Copper	KS
Lead	KS
Manganese	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**      Page 19 of 26  
 Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      **Primary AB**

<b>Program/Matrix: <i>RCRA (Solid &amp; Hazardous Material)</i></b>	
Nickel	KS
Selenium	KS
Silver	KS
Thallium	KS
Vanadium	KS
Zinc	KS
<b>Method EPA 7196A</b>	
Chromium VI	KS
<b>Method EPA 7470A</b>	
Mercury	KS
<b>Method EPA 7471A</b>	
Mercury	KS
<b>Method EPA 8015D</b>	
Diesel range organics (DRO)	KS
Ethanol	KS
Ethylene glycol	KS
Gasoline range organics (GRO)	KS
Isobutyl alcohol (2-Methyl-1-propanol)	KS
Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol, Isopropanol)	KS
Methanol	KS
n-Butyl alcohol (1-Butanol, n-Butanol)	KS
n-Propanol (1-Propanol)	KS
Propylene glycol	KS
<b>Method EPA 8081B</b>	
4,4'-DDD	KS
4,4'-DDE	KS
4,4'-DDT	KS
Aldrin	KS
alpha-BHC (alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	KS
alpha-Chlordane, cis-Chlordane	KS
beta-BHC (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	KS
Chlordane (tech.)(N.O.S.)	KS
delta-BHC	KS
Dieldrin	KS
Endosulfan I	KS
Endosulfan II	KS
Endosulfan sulfate	KS
Endrin	KS
Endrin aldehyde	KS
Endrin ketone	KS
gamma-BHC (Lindane, gamma-HexachlorocyclohexaneE)	KS
gamma-Chlordane	KS
Heptachlor	KS
Heptachlor epoxide	KS
Methoxychlor	KS
Toxaphene (Chlorinated camphene)	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620





EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: *E-10177*

Page 20 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Solid & Hazardous Material)*

**Method EPA 8082A**

Aroclor-1016 (PCB-1016)	KS
Aroclor-1221 (PCB-1221)	KS
Aroclor-1232 (PCB-1232)	KS
Aroclor-1242 (PCB-1242)	KS
Aroclor-1248 (PCB-1248)	KS
Aroclor-1254 (PCB-1254)	KS
Aroclor-1260 (PCB-1260)	KS

**Method EPA 8141B**

Atrazine	KS
Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)	KS
Chlorpyrifos	KS
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	KS
Demeton-o	KS
Demeton-s	KS
Diazinon	KS
Dichlorovos (DDVP, Dichlorvos)	KS
Dimethoate	KS
Disulfoton	KS
Famphur	KS
Malathion	KS
Merphos	KS
Methyl parathion (Parathion, methyl)	KS
Naled	KS
Parathion, ethyl	KS
Phorate	KS
Ronnel	KS
Simazine	KS
Terbufos	KS
Tetrachlorvinphos (Stirophos, Gardona) E-isomer	KS

**Method EPA 8151A**

2,4,5-T	KS
2,4-D	KS
2,4-DB	KS
3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid	KS
Acifluorfen	KS
Bentazon	KS
Dalapon	KS
DCPA di acid degradate	KS
Dicamba	KS
Dichloroprop (Dichlorprop)	KS
Dinoseb (2-sec-butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol, DNBP)	KS
MCPA	KS
MCPP	KS
Pentachlorophenol	KS
Picloram	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: *E-10177*      Page 21 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Solid & Hazardous Material)*

Silvex (2,4,5-TP)      KS

Method EPA 8260C

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane      KS

1,1,1-Trichloroethane      KS

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane      KS

1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (Freon 113)      KS

1,1,2-Trichloroethane      KS

1,1-Dichloroethane      KS

1,1-Dichloroethylene      KS

1,1-Dichloropropene      KS

1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene      KS

1,2,3-Trichloropropane      KS

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene      KS

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene      KS

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)      KS

1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB, Ethylene dibromide)      KS

1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-Dichlorobenzene)      KS

1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)      KS

1,2-Dichloropropane      KS

1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene      KS

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene      KS

1,3-Dichlorobenzene      KS

1,3-Dichloropropane      KS

1,4-Dichlorobenzene      KS

1,4-Dioxane (1,4- Diethyleneoxide)      KS

1-Methylnaphthalene      KS

2,2-Dichloropropane      KS

2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone, MEK)      KS

2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether      KS

2-Chlorotoluene      KS

2-Hexanone      KS

2-Methylnaphthalene      KS

4-Chlorotoluene      KS

4-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene,p-Isopropyltoluene)      KS

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)      KS

Acetone      KS

Acetonitrile      KS

Acrolein (Propenal)      KS

Acrylonitrile      KS

Allyl chloride (3-Chloropropene)      KS

Benzene      KS

Bromobenzene      KS

Bromochloromethane      KS

Bromodichloromethane      KS

Bromoform      KS

Carbon disulfide      KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**

Page 22 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Solid & Hazardous Material)*

Carbon tetrachloride	KS
Chlorobenzene	KS
Chlorodibromomethane	KS
Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)	KS
Chloroform	KS
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	KS
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	KS
Dibromomethane (Methylene bromide)	KS
Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon-12)	KS
Diethyl ether	KS
Ethyl acetate	KS
Ethyl methacrylate	KS
Ethylbenzene	KS
Hexachlorobutadiene	KS
Iodomethane (Methyl iodide)	KS
Isopropylbenzene	KS
Methacrylonitrile	KS
Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	KS
Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)	KS
Methyl methacrylate	KS
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	KS
Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)	KS
m-Xylene	KS
Naphthalene	KS
n-Butyl alcohol (1-Butanol, n-Butanol)	KS
n-Butylbenzene	KS
n-Hexane	KS
n-Propylbenzene	KS
o-Xylene	KS
Propionitrile (Ethyl cyanide)	KS
p-Xylene	KS
sec-Butylbenzene	KS
Styrene	KS
tert-Butyl alcohol	KS
tert-Butylbenzene	KS
Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)	KS
Toluene	KS
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	KS
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	KS
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	KS
Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	KS
Trichlorofluoromethane (Fluorotrichloromethane, Freon 11)	KS
Vinyl acetate	KS
Vinyl chloride	KS
Xylene (total)	KS

Method EPA 8270C



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*

Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: **E-10177**

Page 23 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Solid & Hazardous Material)*

1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	KS
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	KS
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-Dichlorobenzene)	KS
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	KS
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	KS
1,3-Dinitrobenzene (1,3-DNB)	KS
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	KS
1,4-Naphthoquinone	KS
1,4-Phenylenediamine	KS
1-Methylnaphthalene	KS
1-Naphthylamine	KS
2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane), bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether	KS
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	KS
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	KS
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	KS
2,4-Dichlorophenol	KS
2,4-Dimethylphenol	KS
2,4-Dinitrophenol	KS
2,4-Dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT)	KS
2,6-Dichlorophenol	KS
2,6-Dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)	KS
2-Acetylaminofluorene	KS
2-Chloronaphthalene	KS
2-Chlorophenol	KS
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol (4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol)	KS
2-Methylaniline (o-Toluidine)	KS
2-Methylnaphthalene	KS
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	KS
2-Naphthylamine	KS
2-Nitroaniline	KS
2-Nitrophenol	KS
2-Picoline (2-Methylpyridine)	KS
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	KS
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	KS
3-Methylcholanthrene	KS
3-Methylphenol (m-Cresol)	KS
3-Nitroaniline	KS
4-Aminobiphenyl	KS
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	KS
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	KS
4-Chloroaniline	KS
4-Chlorophenyl phenylether	KS
4-Dimethyl aminoazobenzene	KS
4-Methylphenol (p-Cresol)	KS
4-Nitroaniline	KS
4-Nitrophenol	KS
4-Nitroquinoline 1-oxide	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043* Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: *E-10177* Page 24 of 26

Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis

Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Solid & Hazardous Material)*

5-Nitro-o-toluidine	KS
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a) anthracene	KS
a-a-Dimethylphenethylamine	KS
Acenaphthene	KS
Acenaphthylene	KS
Acetophenone	KS
Aniline	KS
Anthracene	KS
Aramite	KS
Benzidine	KS
Benzo(a)anthracene	KS
Benzo(a)pyrene	KS
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	KS
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	KS
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	KS
Benzoic acid	KS
Benzyl alcohol	KS
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	KS
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	KS
Butyl benzyl phthalate	KS
Carbazole	KS
Chlorobenzilate	KS
Chrysene	KS
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate, DEHP)	KS
Diallate	KS
Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	KS
Dibenzofuran	KS
Diethyl phthalate	KS
Dimethoate	KS
Dimethyl phthalate	KS
Di-n-butyl phthalate	KS
Di-n-octyl phthalate	KS
Diphenylamine	KS
Disulfoton	KS
Ethyl methanesulfonate	KS
Famphur	KS
Fluoranthene	KS
Fluorene	KS
Hexachlorobenzene	KS
Hexachlorobutadiene	KS
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	KS
Hexachloroethane	KS
Hexachlorophene	KS
Hexachloropropene	KS
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	KS
Isodrin	KS
Isophorone	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: *E-10177*      Page 25 of 26  
 Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Solid & Hazardous Material)*

Isosafrole	KS
Kepone	KS
Methapyrilene	KS
Methyl methanesulfonate	KS
Methyl parathion (Parathion, methyl)	KS
Naphthalene	KS
Nitrobenzene	KS
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	KS
n-Nitrosodimethylamine	KS
n-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	KS
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	KS
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	KS
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	KS
n-Nitrosomorpholine	KS
n-Nitrosopiperidine	KS
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine	KS
o,o,o-Triethyl phosphorothioate	KS
Parathion, ethyl	KS
Pentachlorobenzene	KS
Pentachloronitrobenzene	KS
Pentachlorophenol	KS
Phenacetin	KS
Phenanthrene	KS
Phenol	KS
Phorate	KS
Pronamide (Kerb)	KS
Pyrene	KS
Pyridine	KS
Safrole	KS
Sulfotep (Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate)	KS
Thionazin (Zinophos)	KS

Method EPA 8270C SIM

1-Methylnaphthalene	KS
2-Methylnaphthalene	KS
Acenaphthene	KS
Acenaphthylene	KS
Anthracene	KS
Atrazine	KS
Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)	KS
Benzo(a)anthracene	KS
Benzo(a)pyrene	KS
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	KS
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	KS
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	KS
Chlorpyrifos	KS
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	KS



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620



EPA Number: *IN00043*      Scope of Accreditation for Certification Number: *E-10177*      Page 26 of 26  
 Pace Analytical Services, Inc - Indianapolis      Primary AB

Program/Matrix: *RCRA (Solid & Hazardous Material)*

Chrysene	KS
Demeton-o	KS
Demeton-s	KS
Diazinon	KS
Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	KS
Dichlorovos (DDVP, Dichlorvos)	KS
Dimethoate	KS
Disulfoton	KS
Famphur	KS
Fluoranthene	KS
Fluorene	KS
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	KS
Malathion	KS
Merphos	KS
Methyl parathion (Parathion, methyl)	KS
Naled	KS
Naphthalene	KS
Parathion, ethyl	KS
Phenanthrene	KS
Phorate	KS
Pyrene	KS
Ronnel	KS
Simazine	KS
Terbufos	KS
Tetrachlorvinphos (Stirophos, Gardona) Mixed isomers	KS
<b>Method EPA 9012A</b>	
Amenable cyanide	KS
Cyanide	KS
<b>Method EPA 9045C</b>	
pH	KS
<b>Method EPA 9066</b>	
Total phenolics	KS
<b>Method EPA 9095B</b>	
Paint Filter Test	KS

End of Scope of Accreditation



Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
 Kansas Health Environmental Laboratories  
 6810 SE Dwight Street, Topeka, KS 66620

