

A scenic photograph of a stream flowing through a lush, green forest. The water is calm, reflecting the surrounding trees and sky. The scene is framed by tree branches in the foreground.

Trends in Concentrations of Selected Nutrients, Metals, and Ions in Indiana Streams 2011-2020

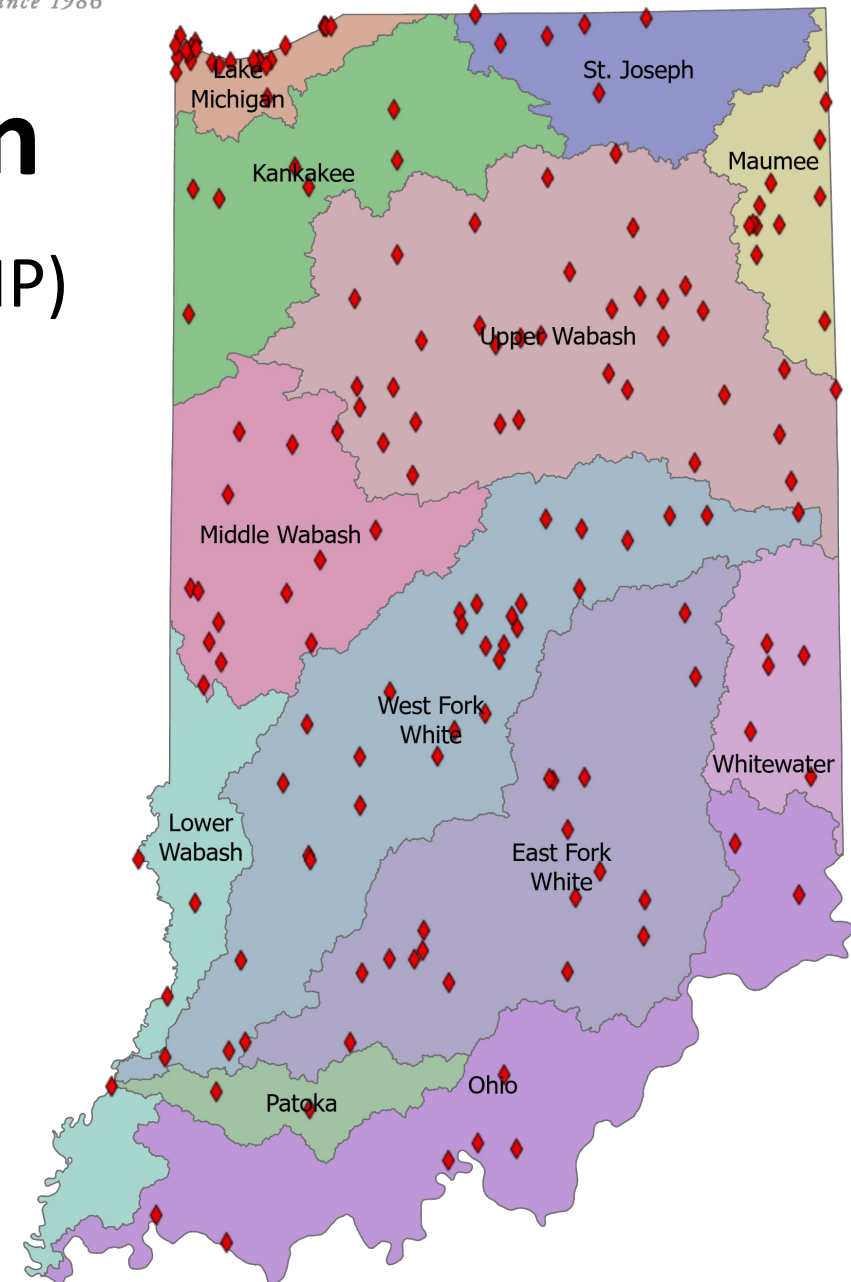
Introduction

Fixed Station Monitoring Program (FSMP)

- Began in 1957
- Water samples collected monthly
- 165 sites



Bridge sampling device



Introduction – FSMP data use

Waste load allocation models

Designated use assessments

- Define water quality goals for waterbodies

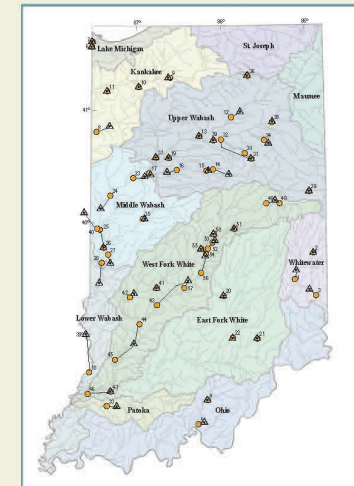
Water quality trends

- USGS study 2000-2010



Prepared in cooperation with the Indiana Department of Environmental Management

Water Quality in Indiana: Trends in Concentrations of Selected Nutrients, Metals, and Ions in Streams, 2000–10



Scientific Investigations Report 2014–5205

U.S. Department of the Interior
U.S. Geological Survey

Methods

R-QWTREND package (Vecchia & Nustad, 2020):

- Variability in streamflow impacts measured concentration
- Co-located with a USGS streamgage

Limitations:

- Time period (10 years)
- Completeness of samples
- Sensitivity of lab analyses (non-detects)



USGS Streamgage

Methods

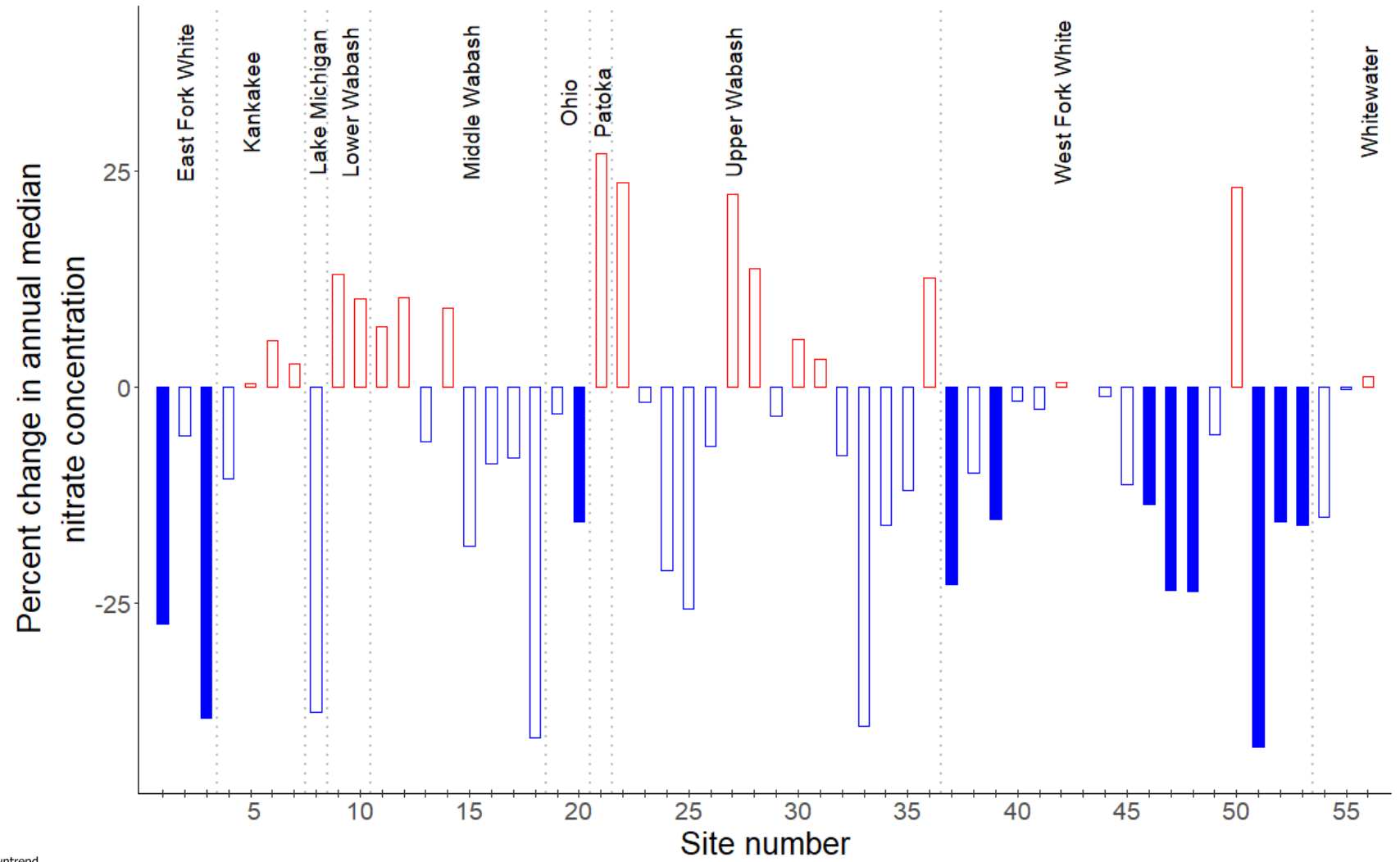
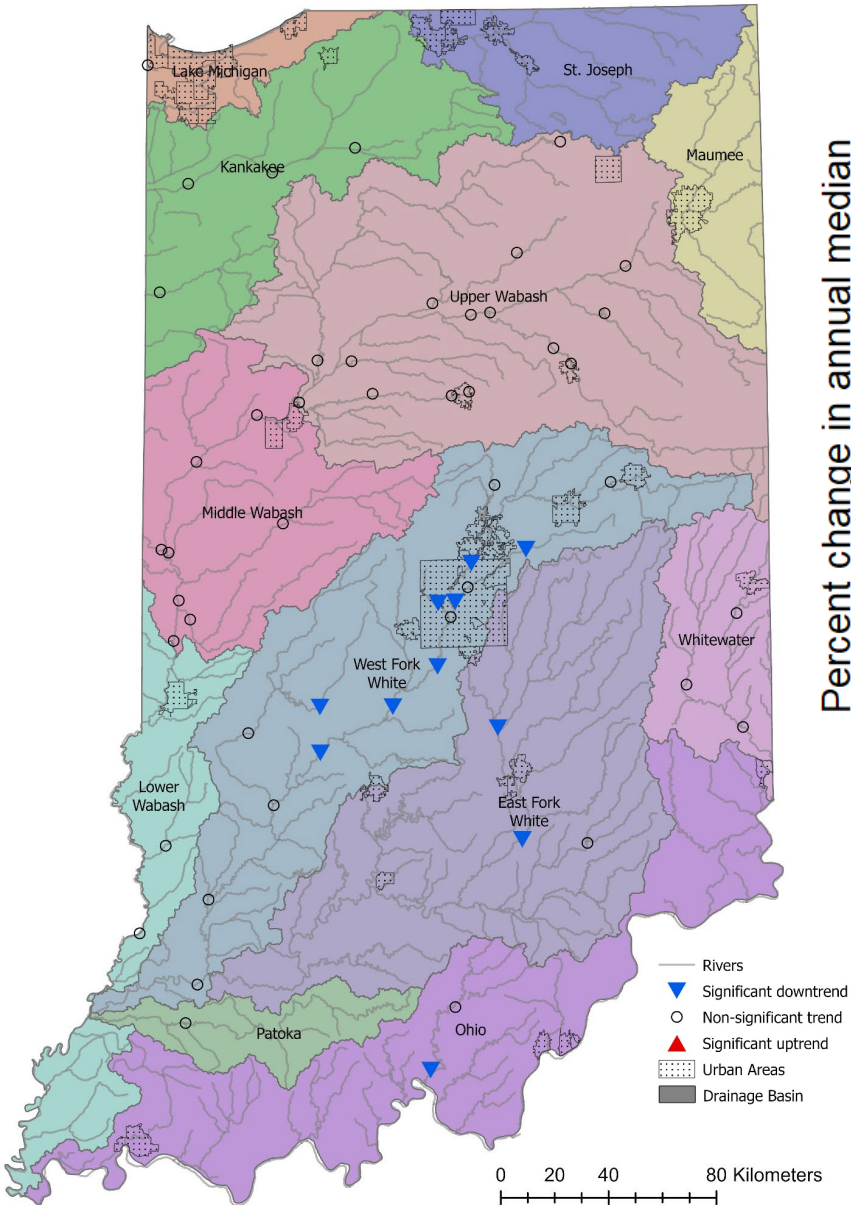
- 56 sites
- 12 contaminants
 - **Nutrients:** Nitrate, organic nitrogen, phosphorus, and total suspended solids
 - **Ions:** Chloride, sulfate, hardness, and total dissolved solids
 - **Metals:** Lead, iron, copper, and zinc
- 8,530 stream samples
- 672 trend analyses



IDEM staff Joel Armstrong manages water samples at a fixed station site.

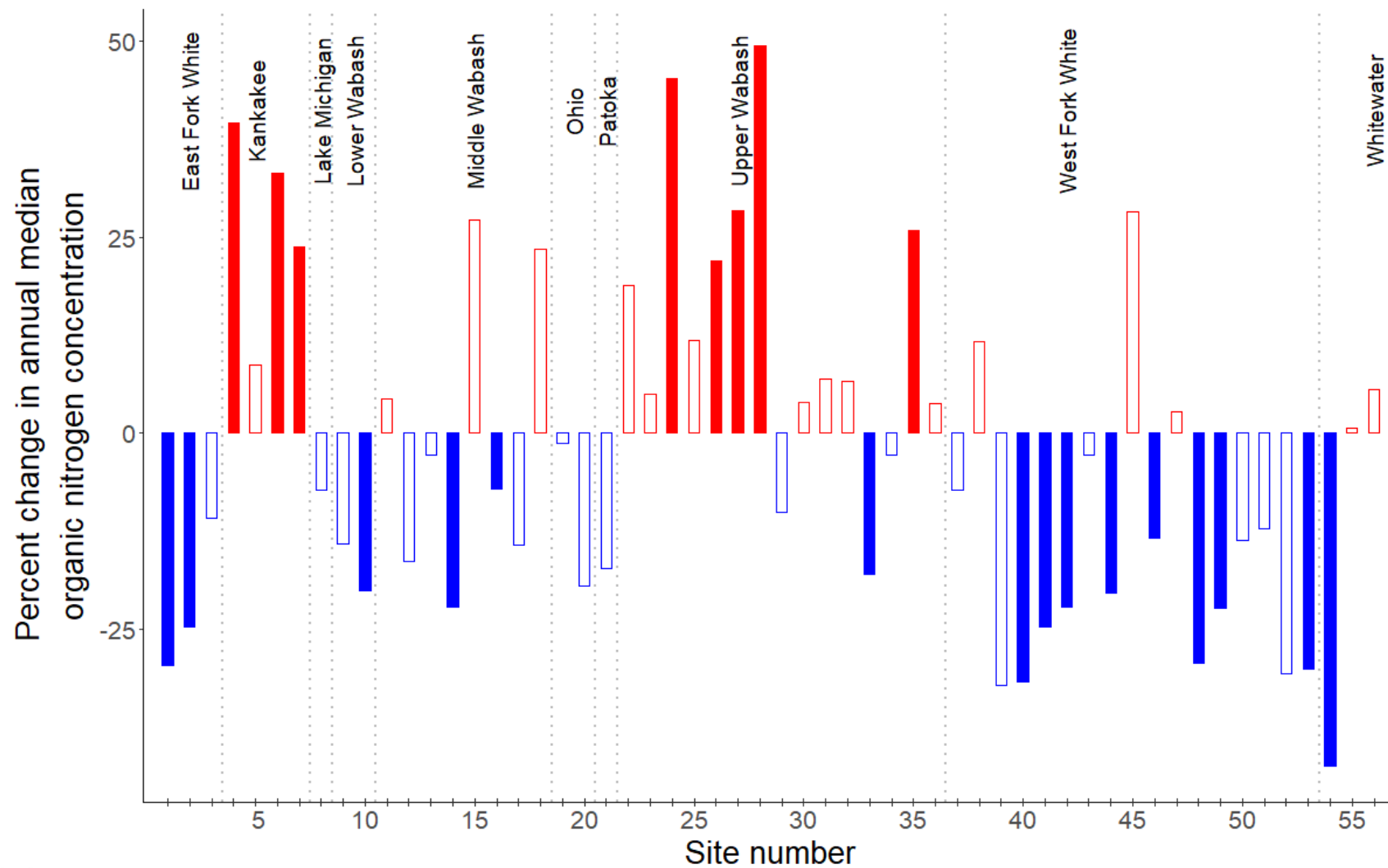
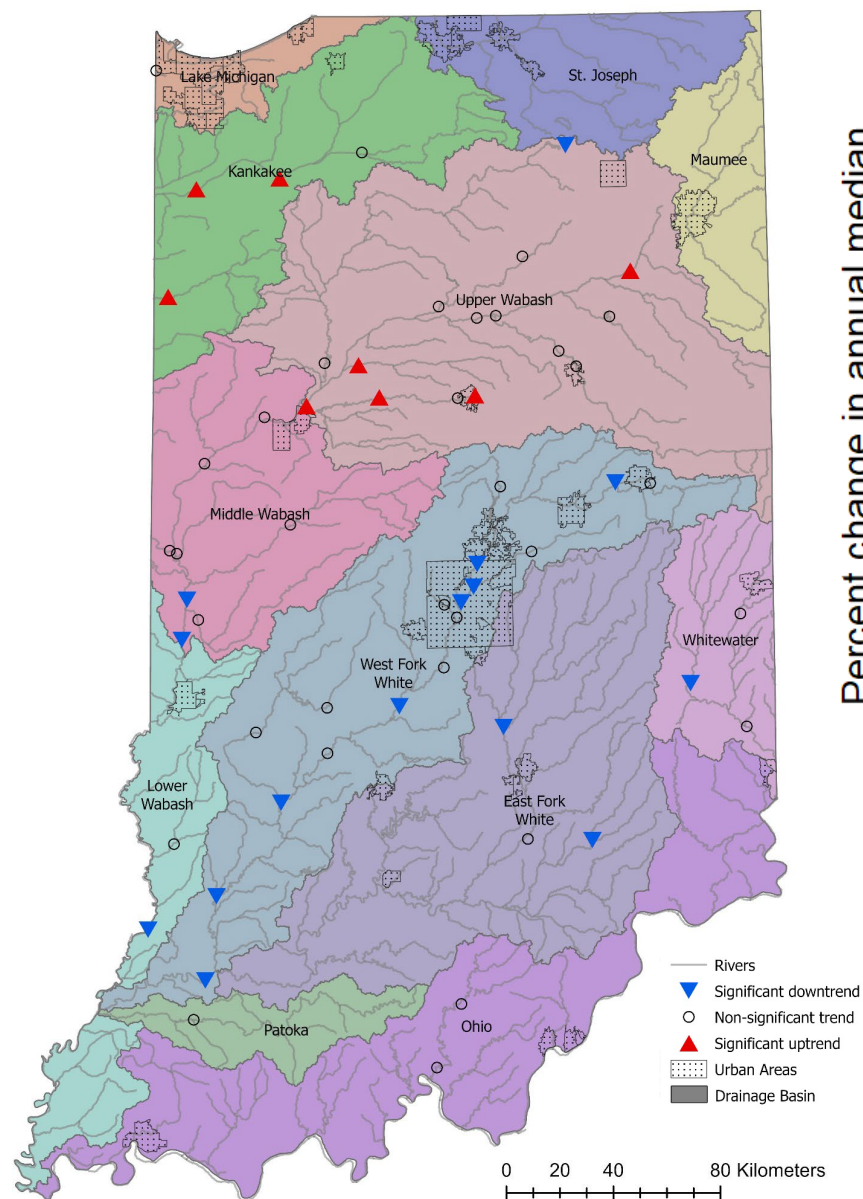


Nitrate



- Nitrate (nitrate + nitrite) has significantly declined; many sites in the West Fork White River Basin

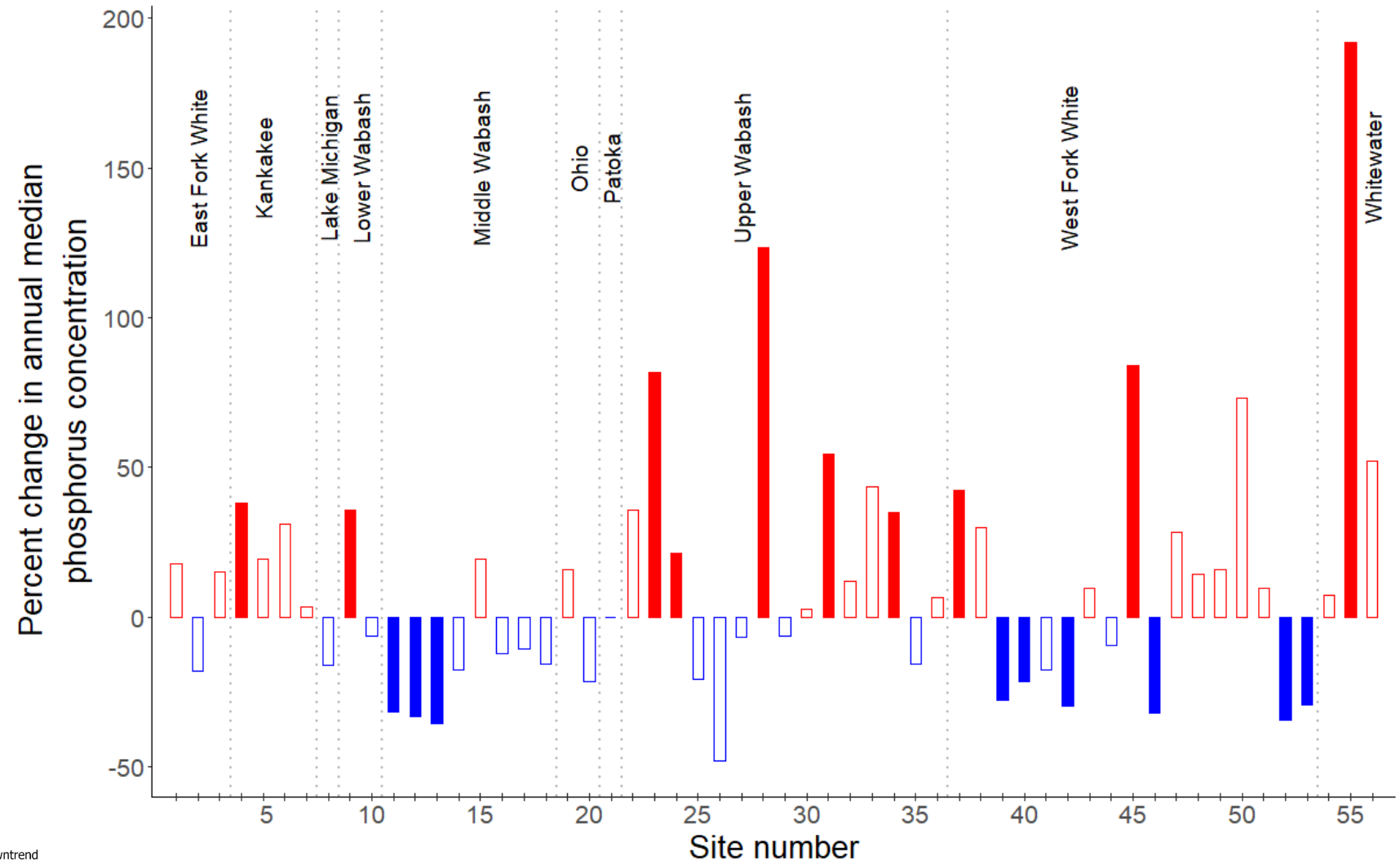
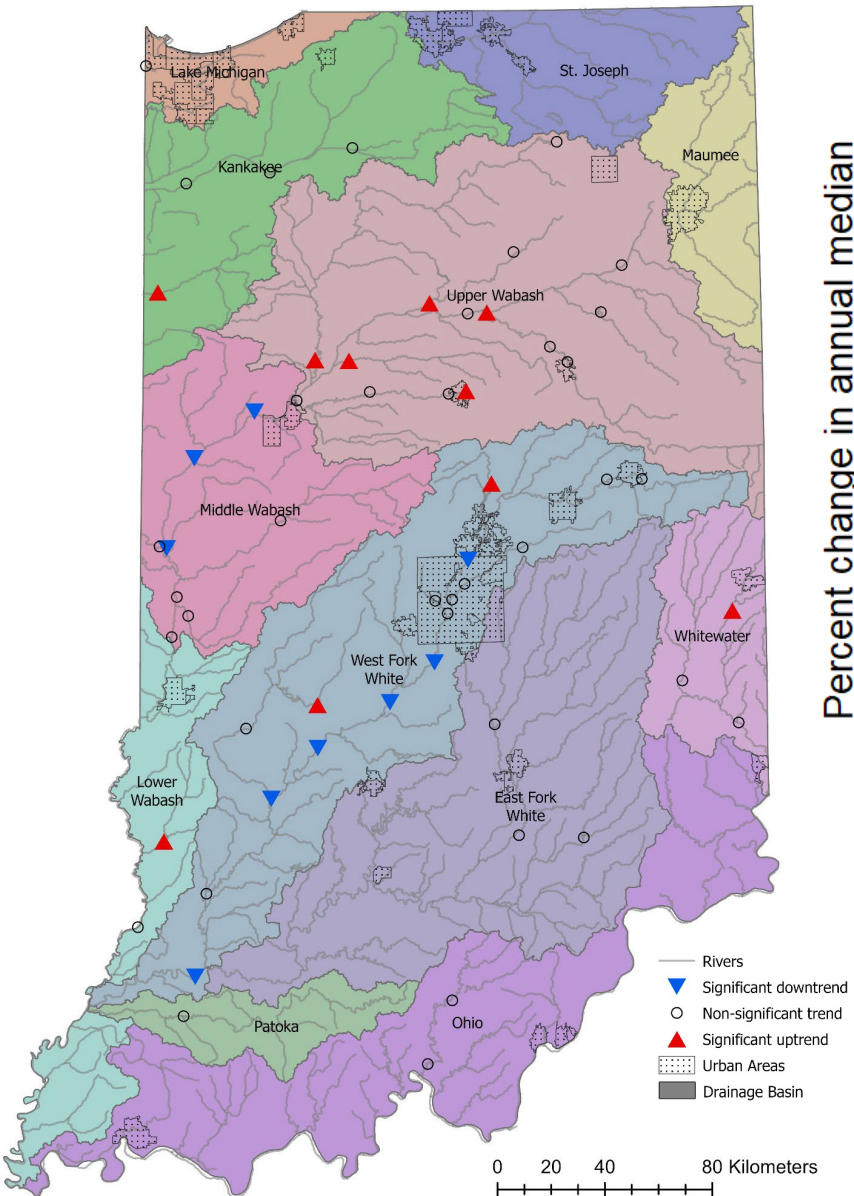
Organic nitrogen



- Organic nitrogen declined at 15 sites – Southern
- Increases at 8 sites – Northern

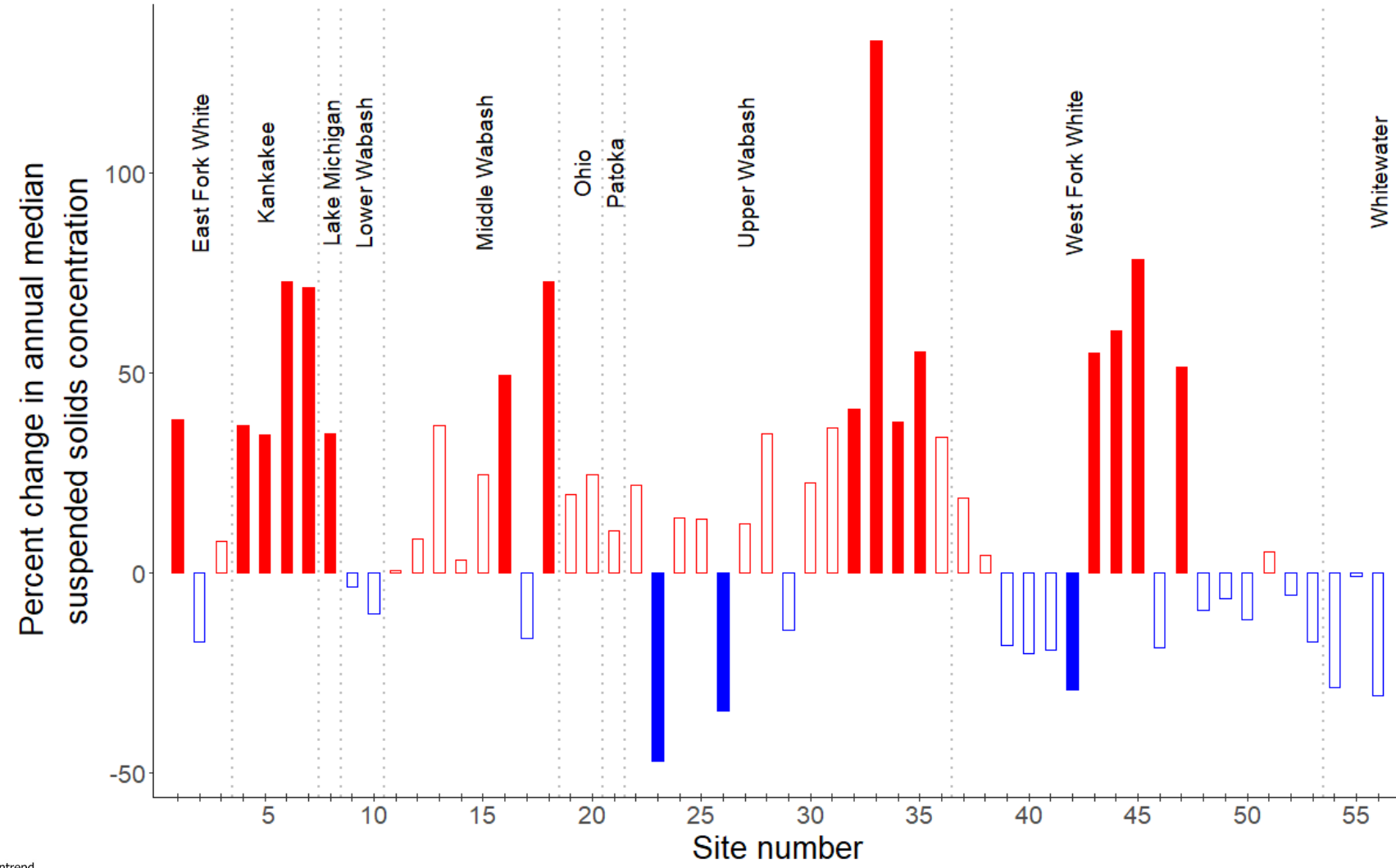
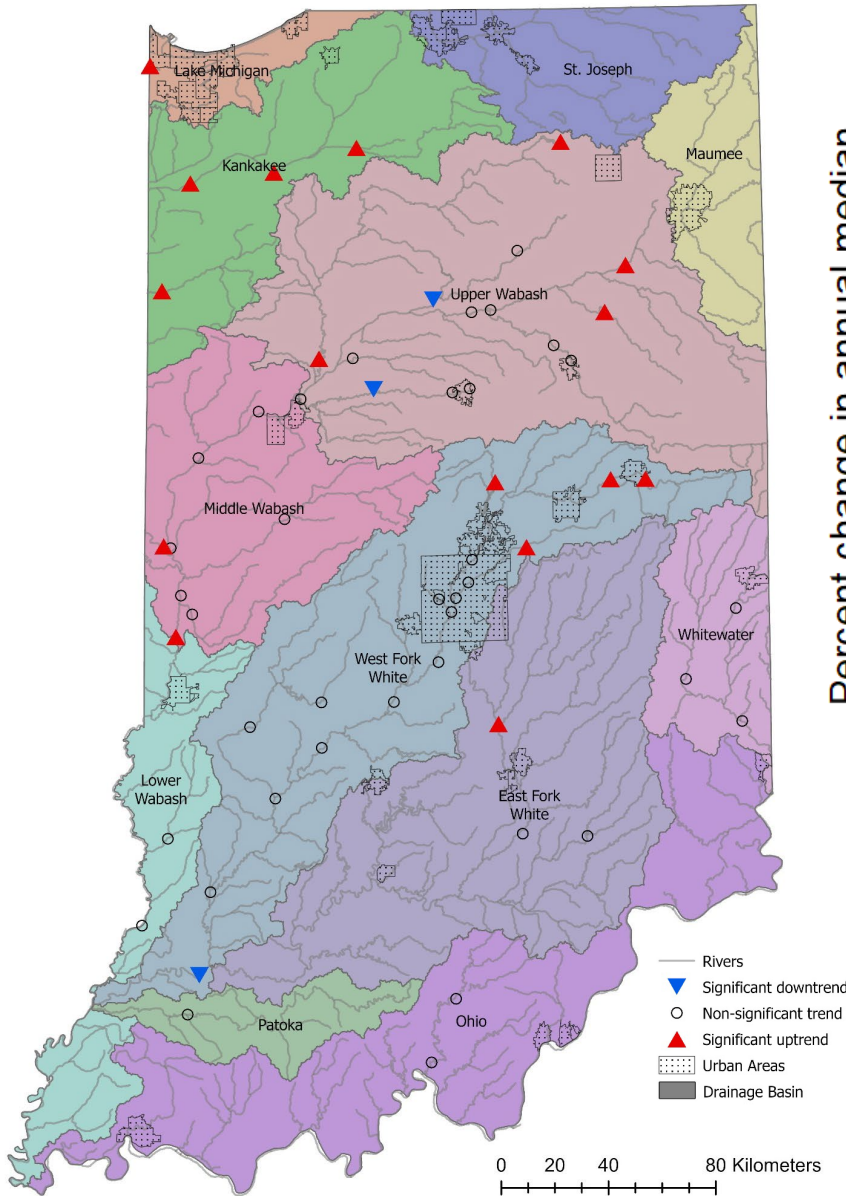


Phosphorus



- Phosphorus declined at 9 sites across the state
- Increases seen at 10 sites

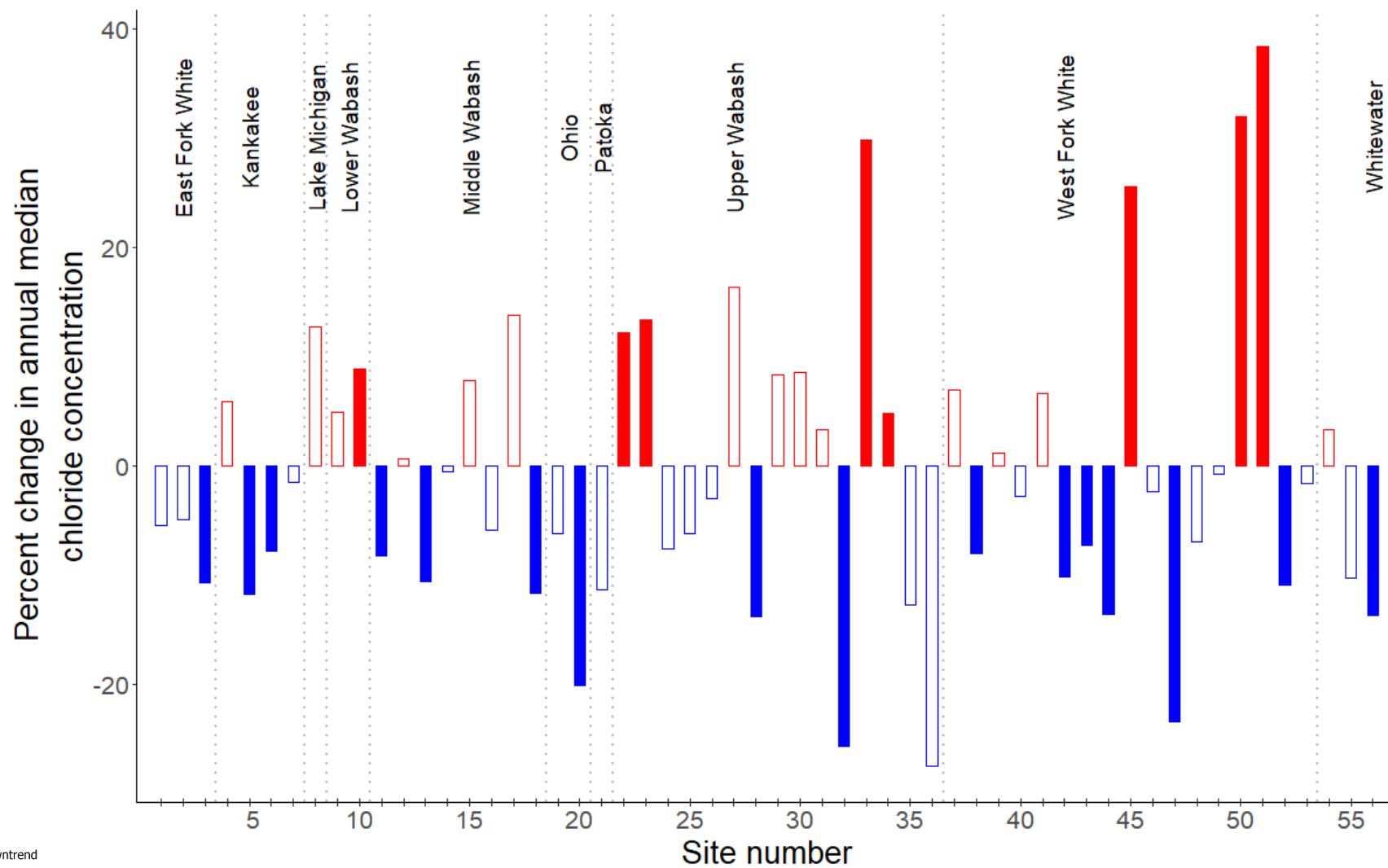
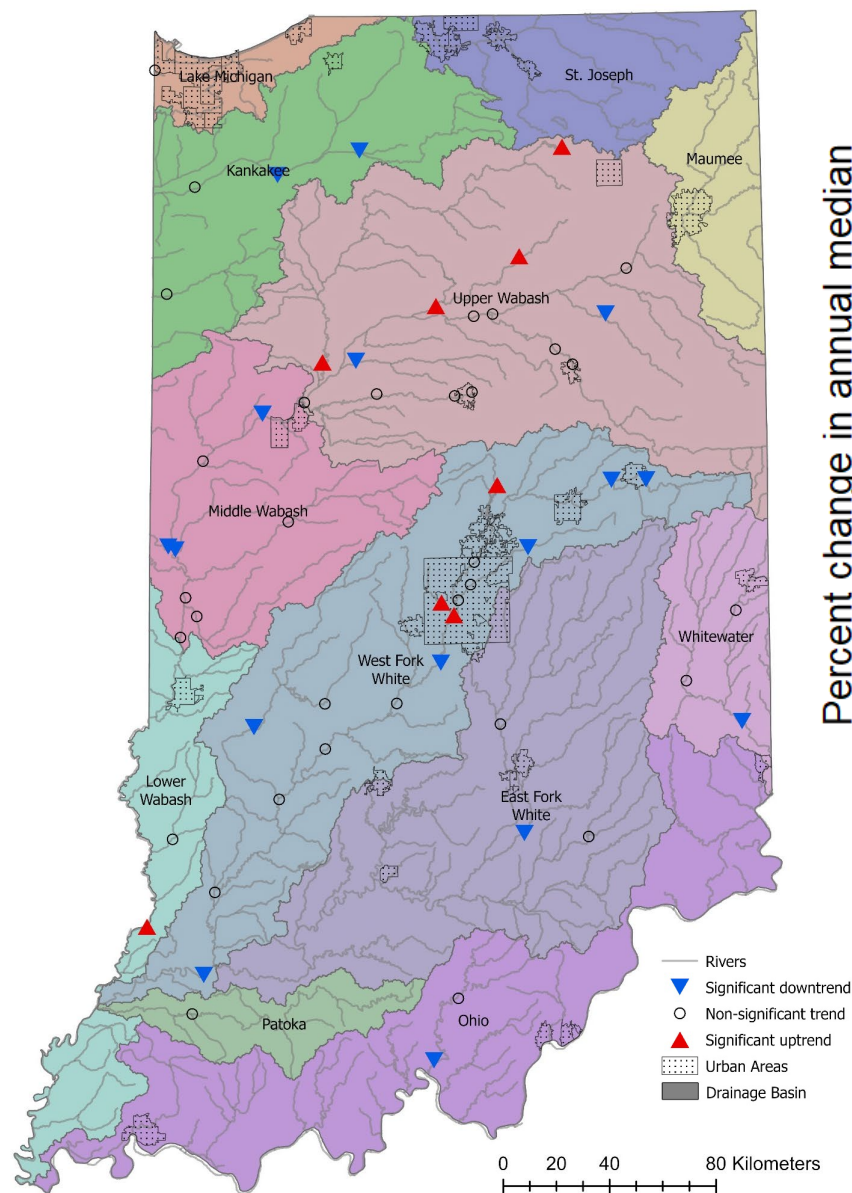
Suspended solids



- Suspended solids declined in 3 sites
- Significant increases seen at 16 sites



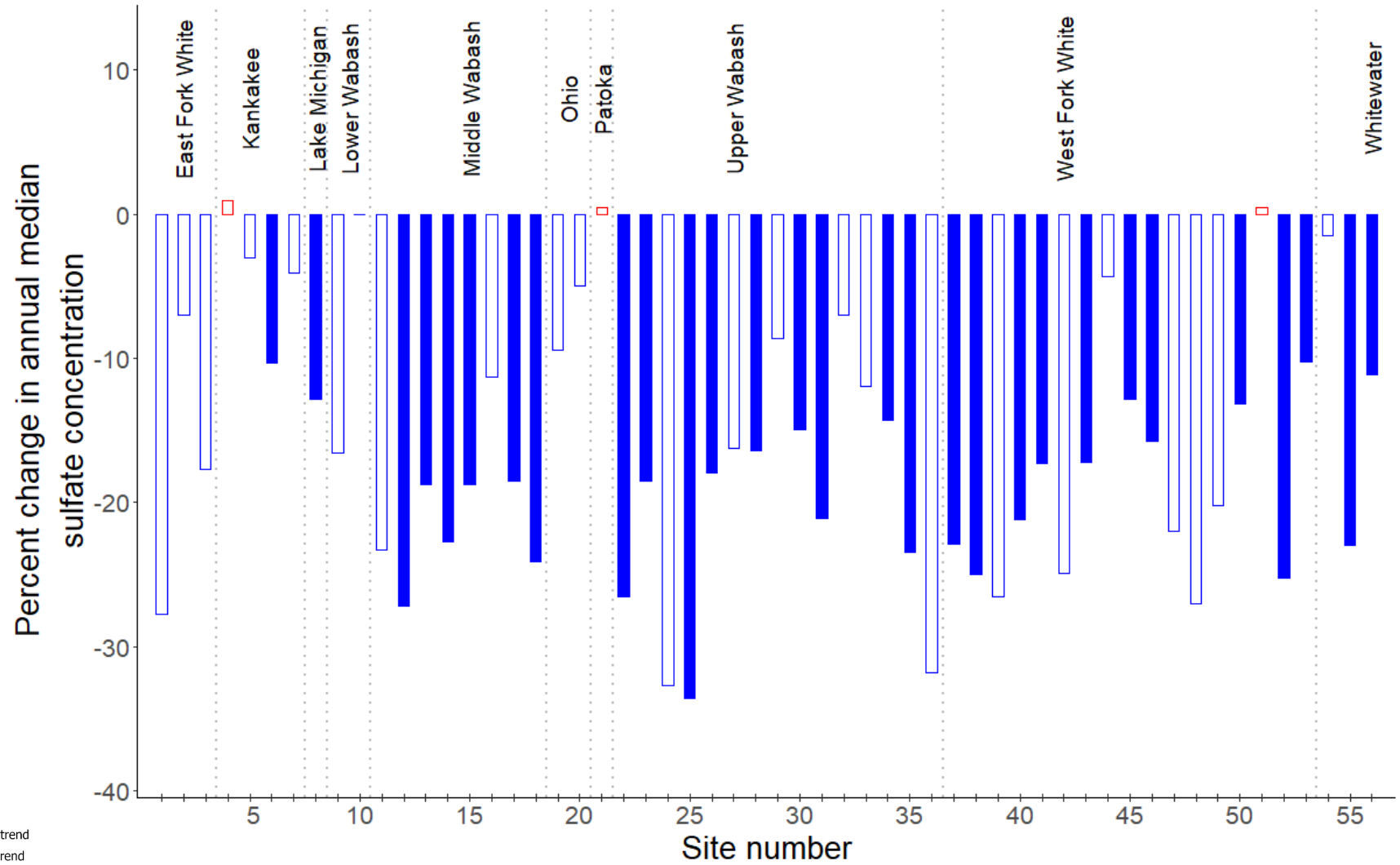
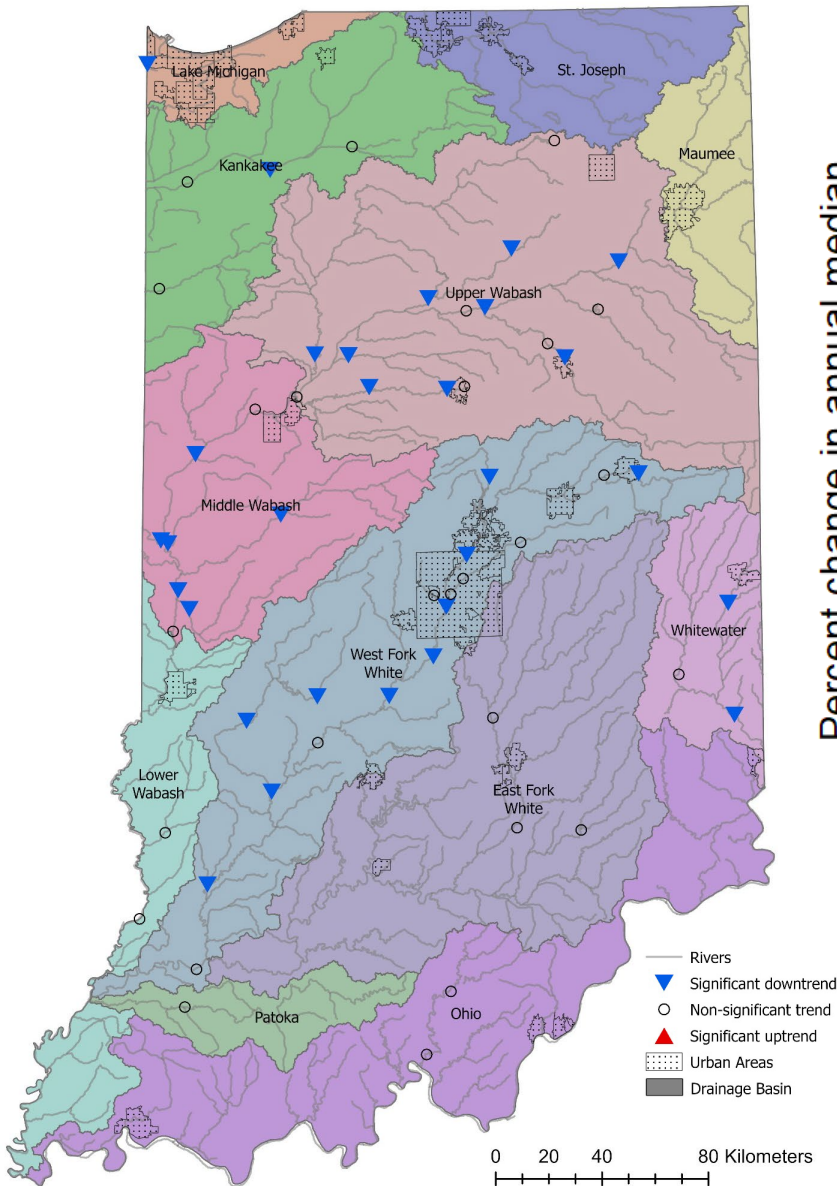
Chloride



- 8 sites with significant increase in chloride; 4 in the Upper Wabash
- 16 sites with significant declines in chloride across the state



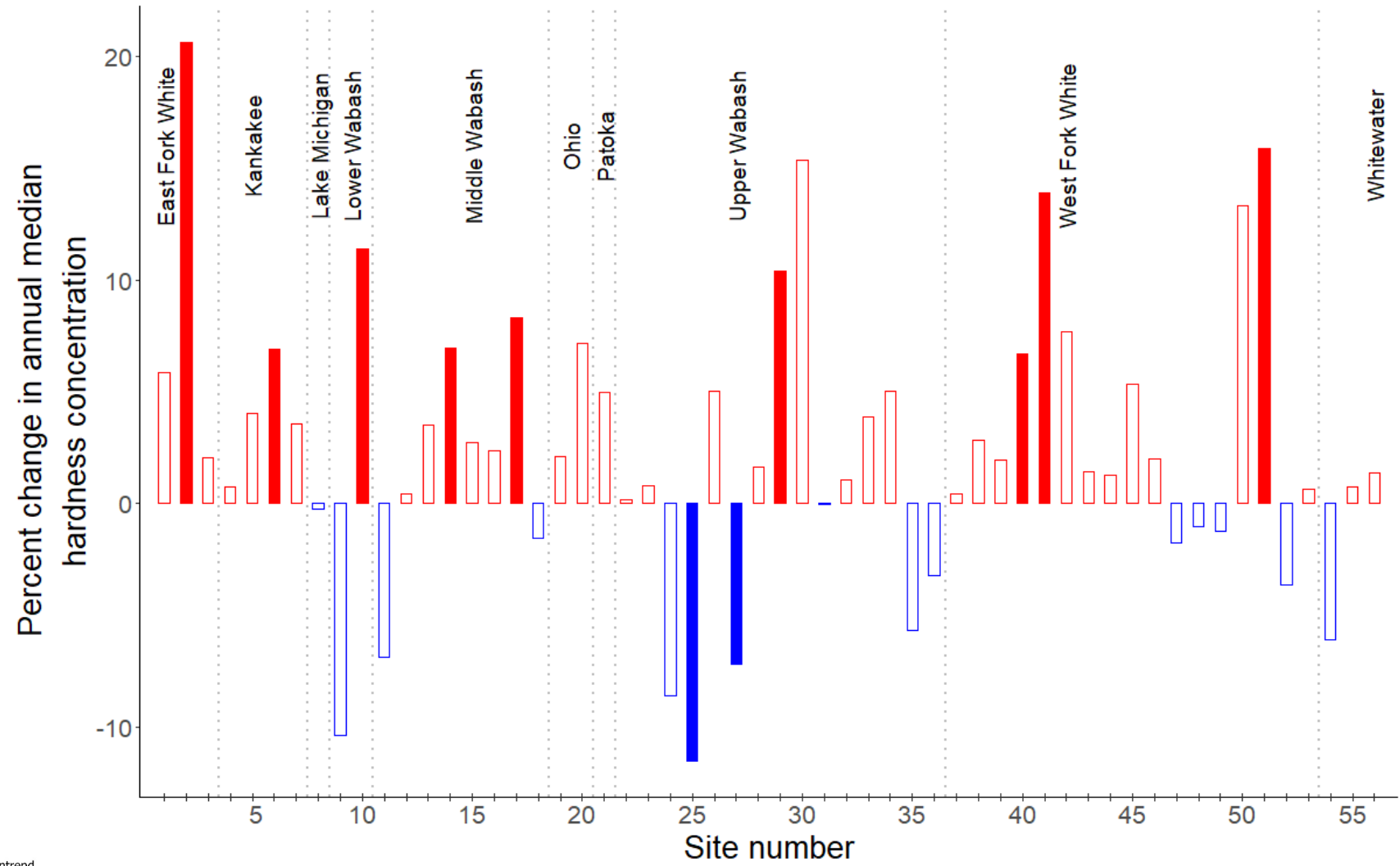
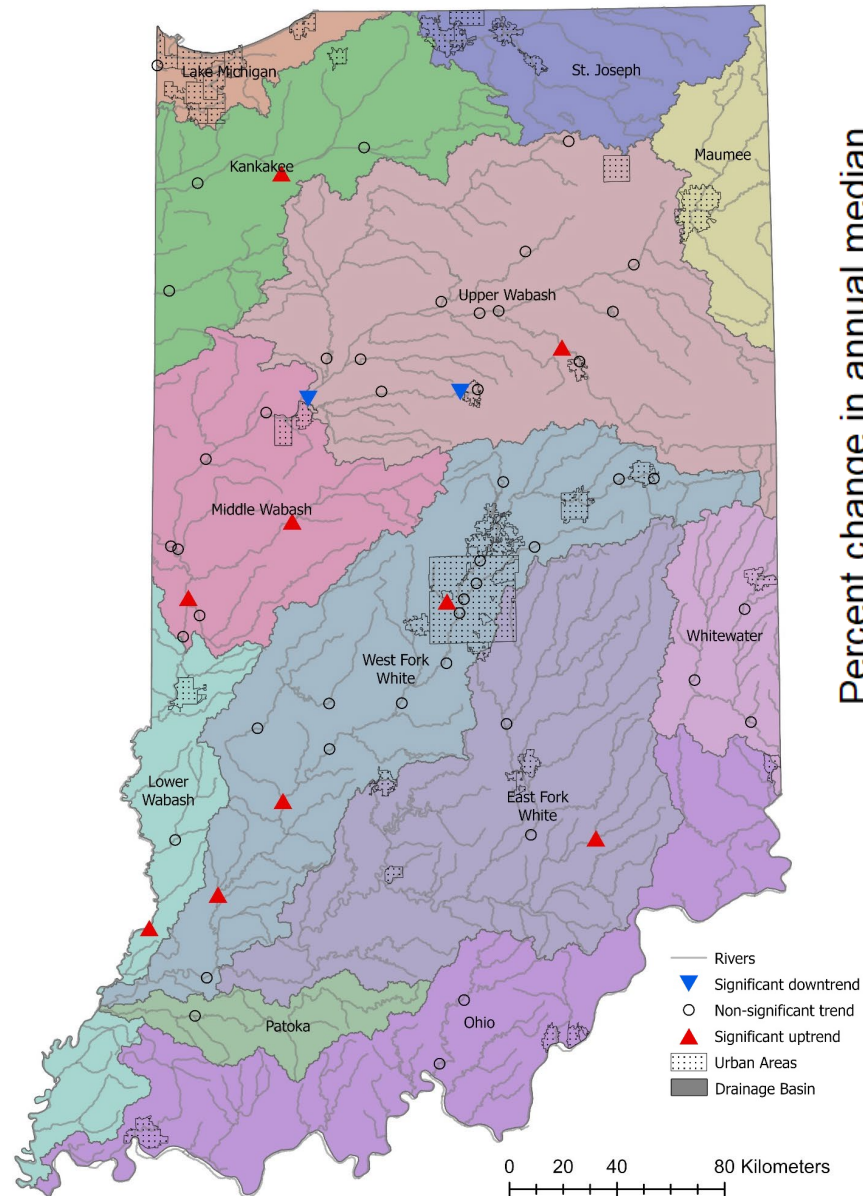
Sulfate



- Sites across the state with significant declines in sulfate concentration

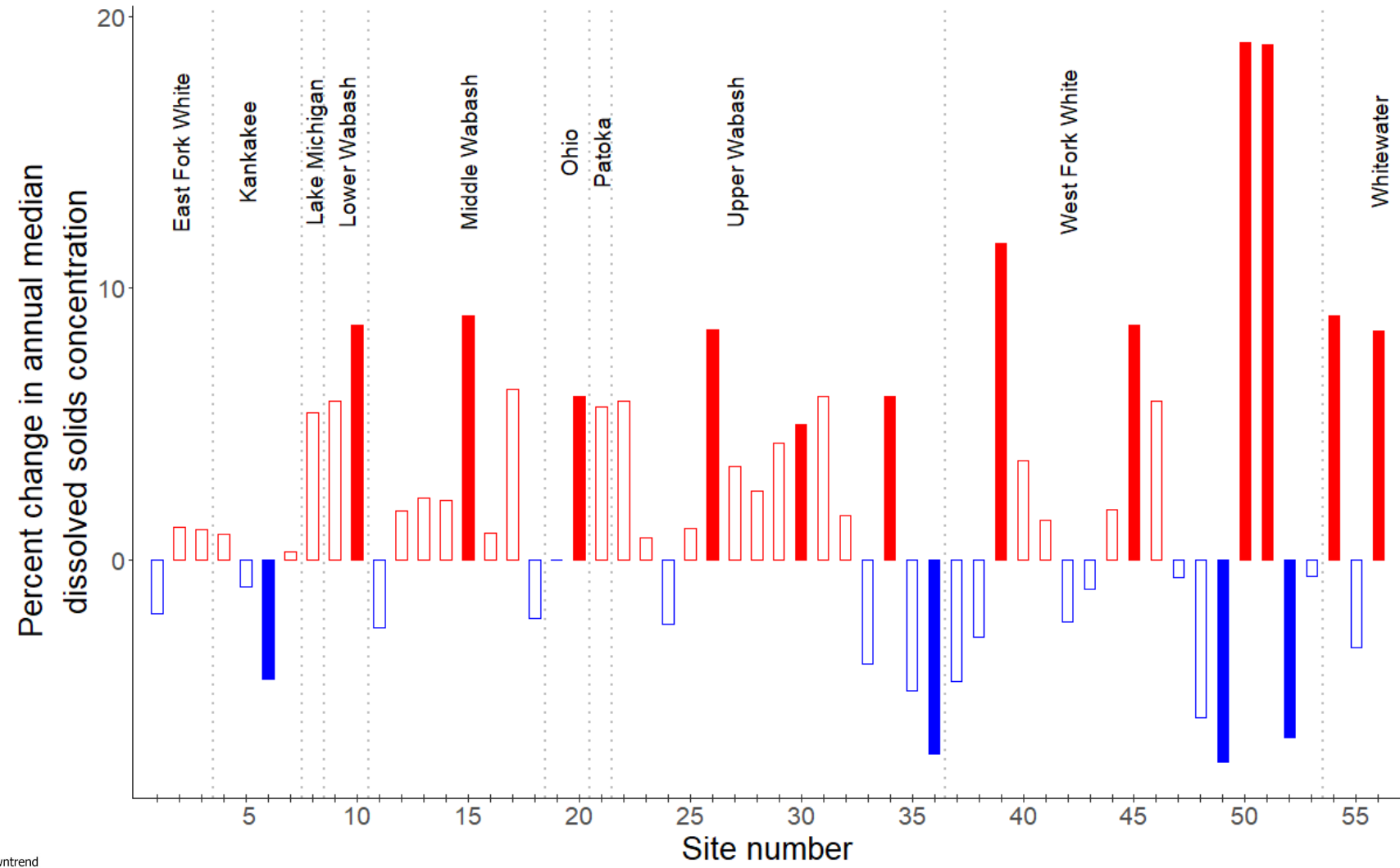
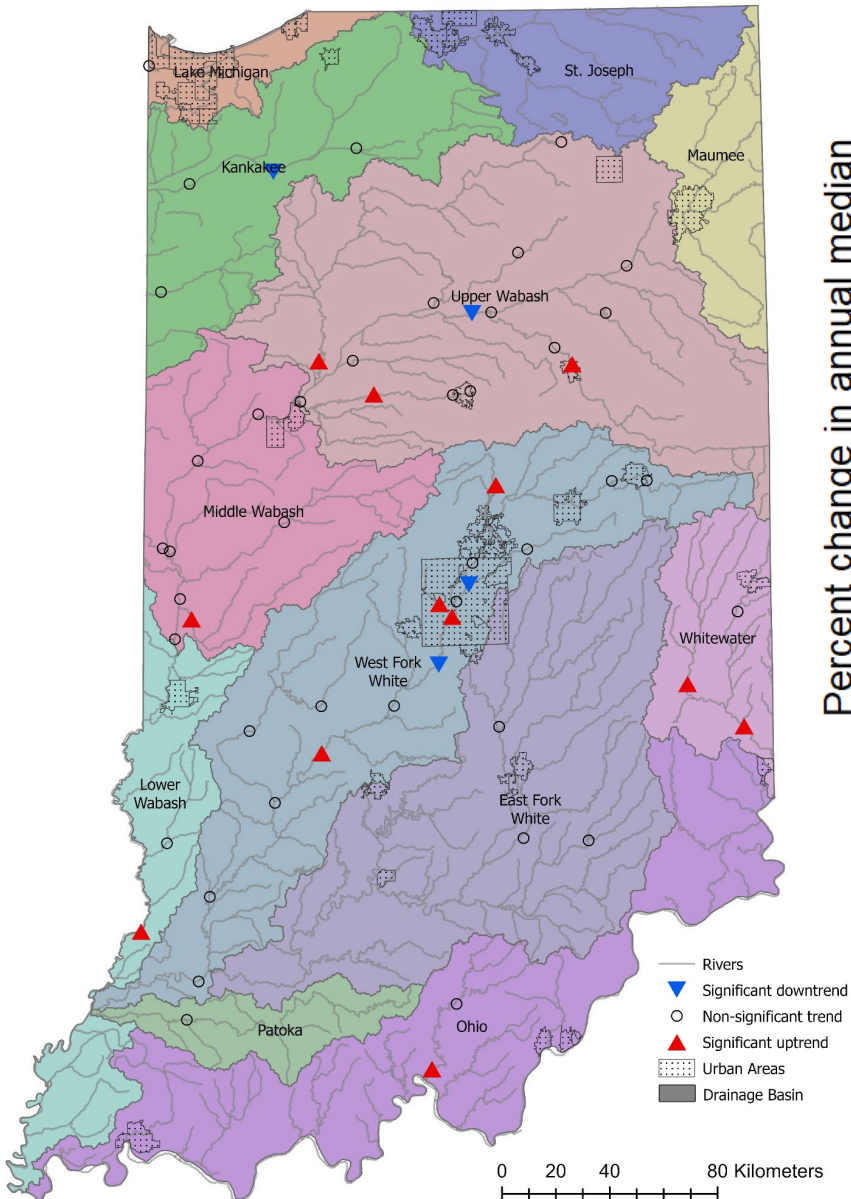


Hardness



- 9 sites with significant increase in hardness across the state
- 2 sites with significant declines in the Upper Wabash

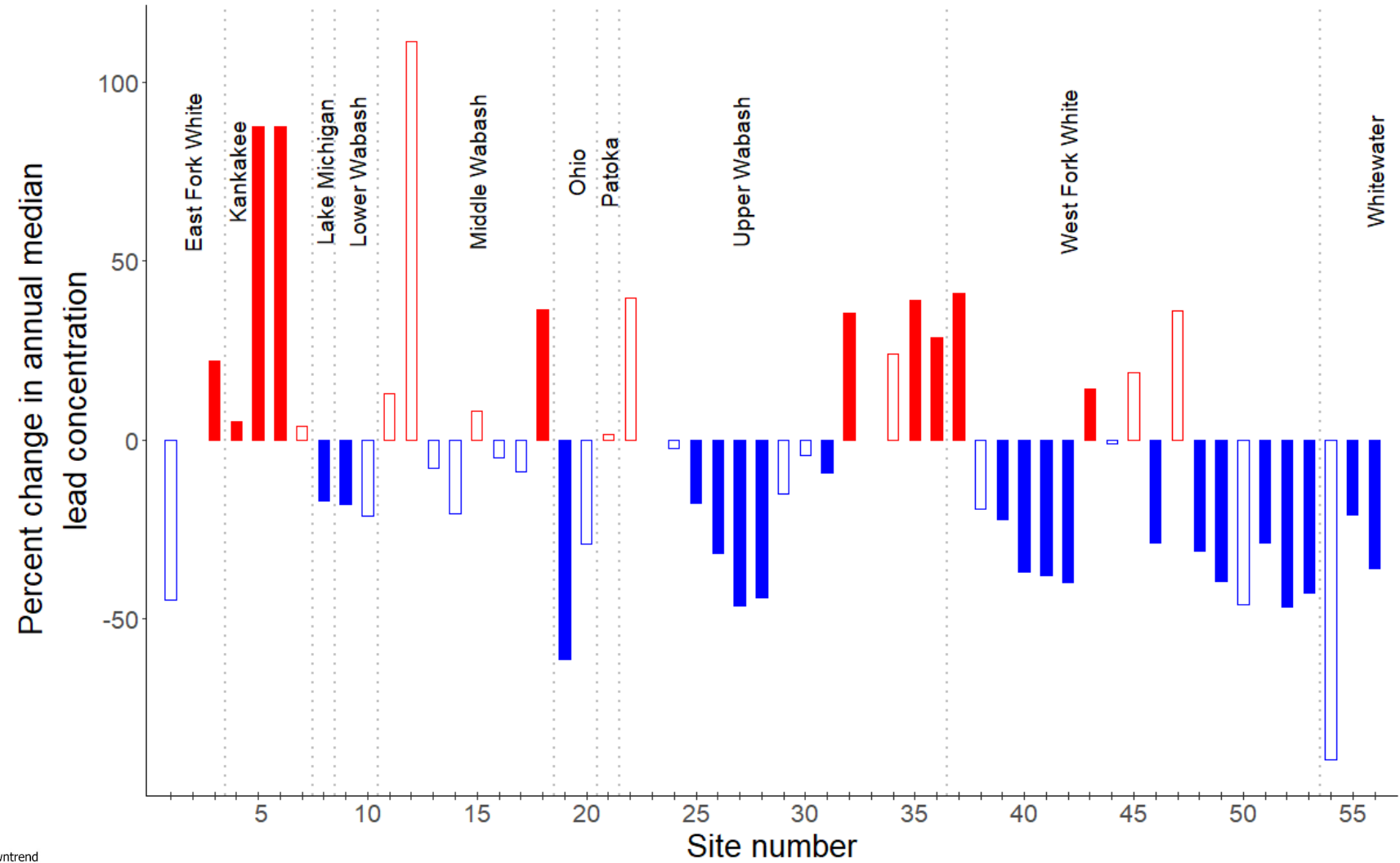
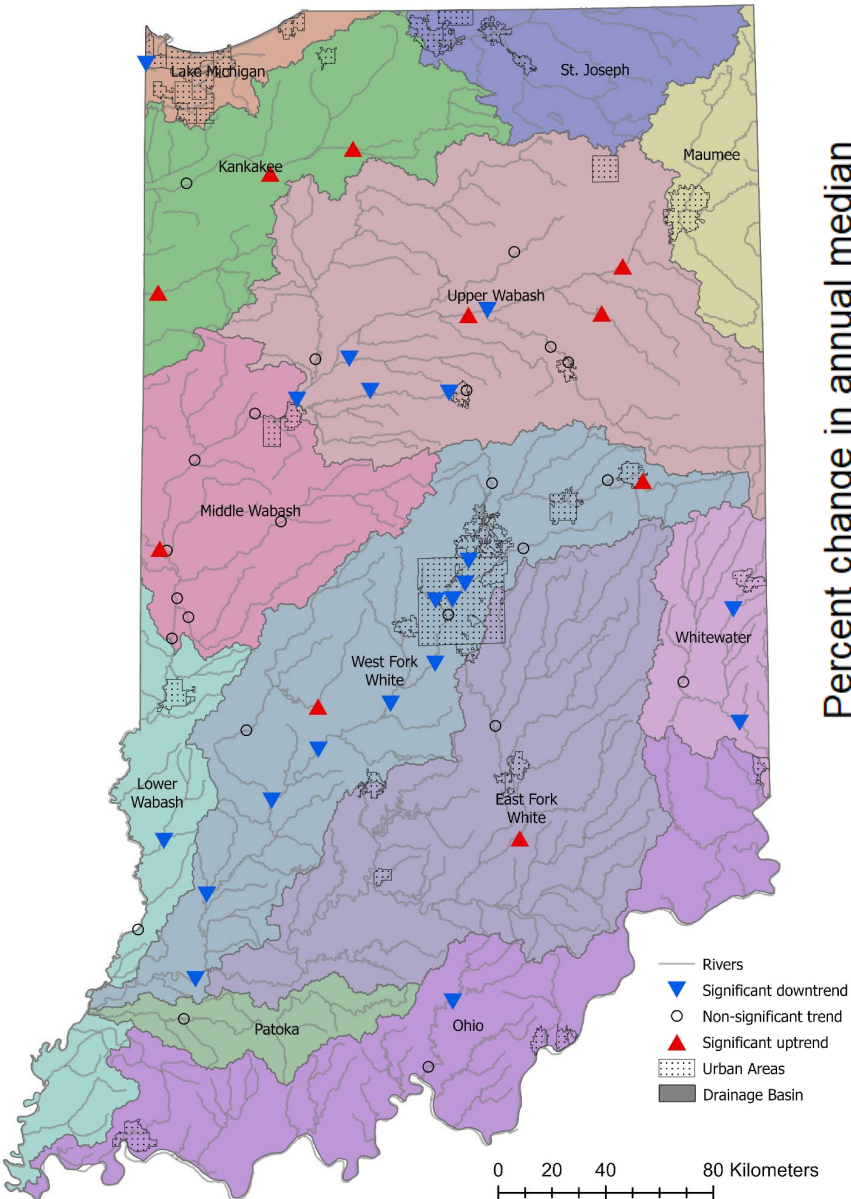
Dissolved solids



- Dissolved solids increased significantly in 12 sites across the state.
- Significant declines observed in 4 sites across the state

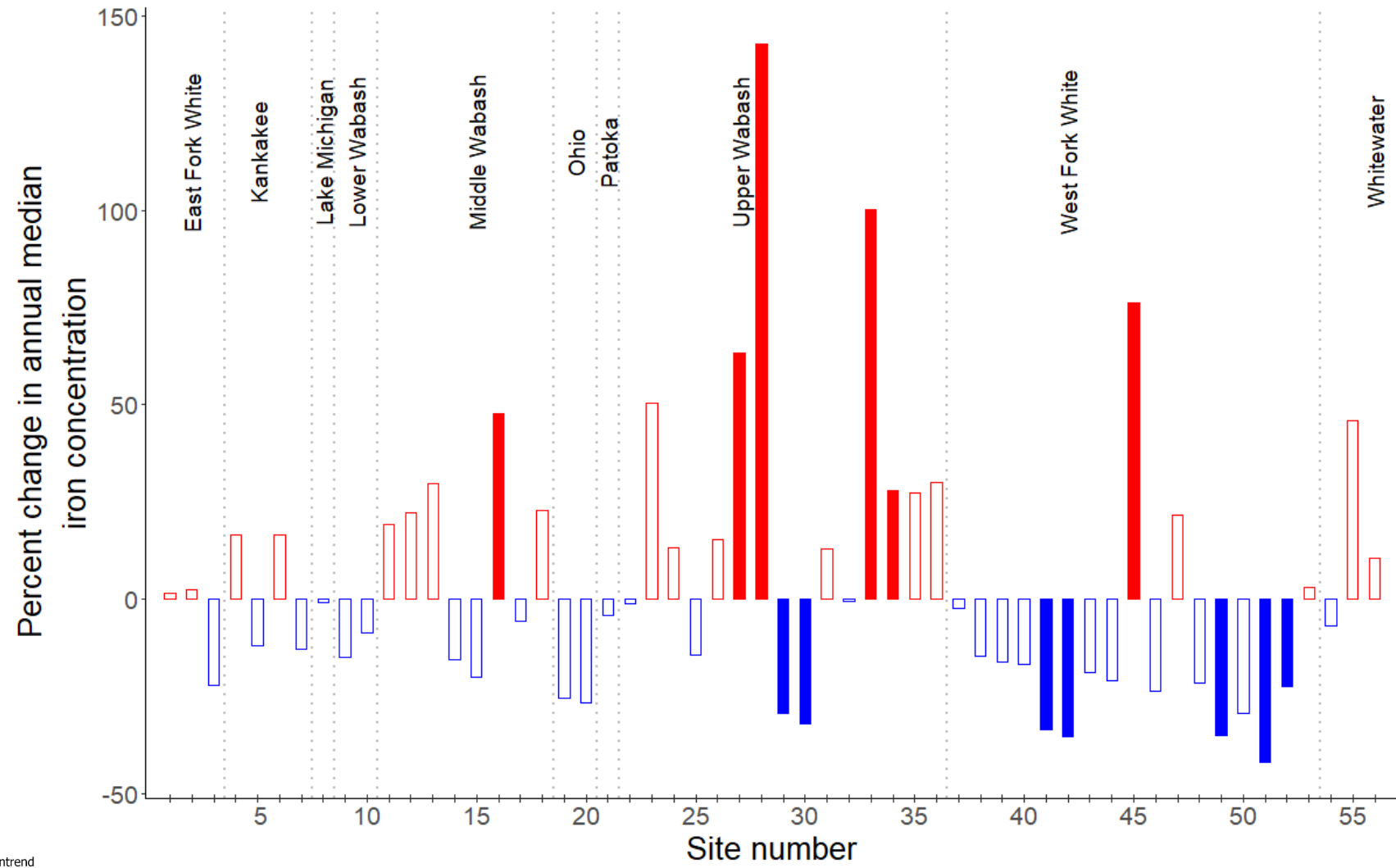
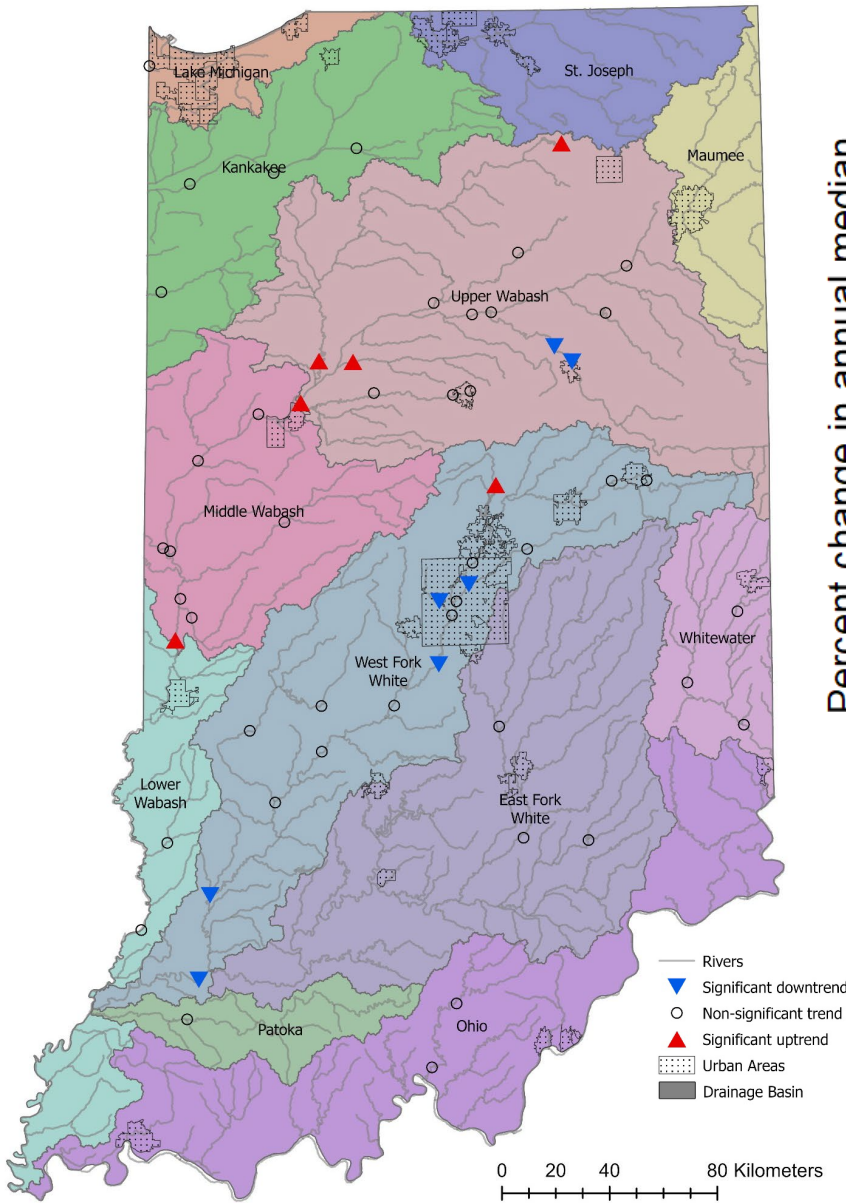


Lead



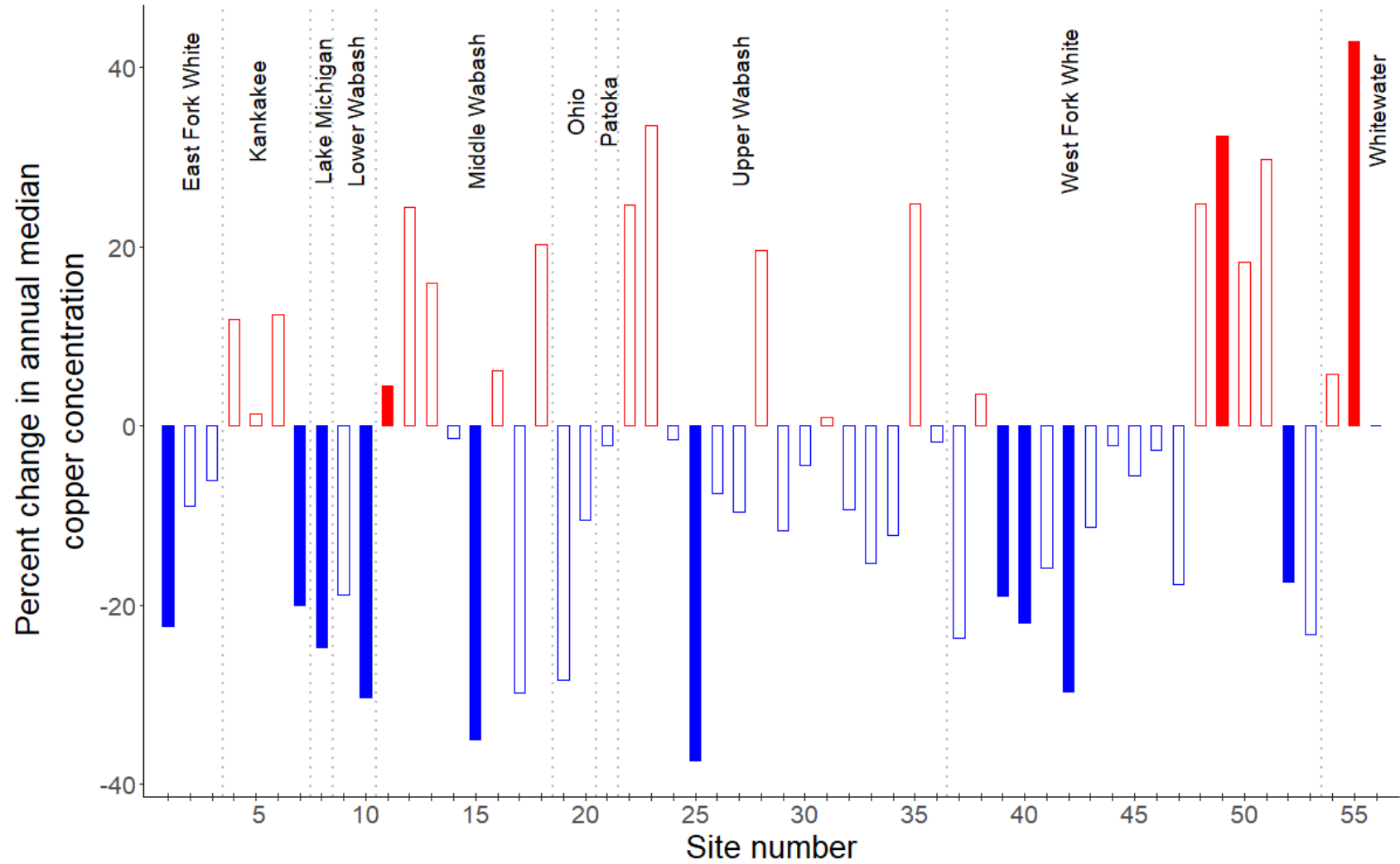
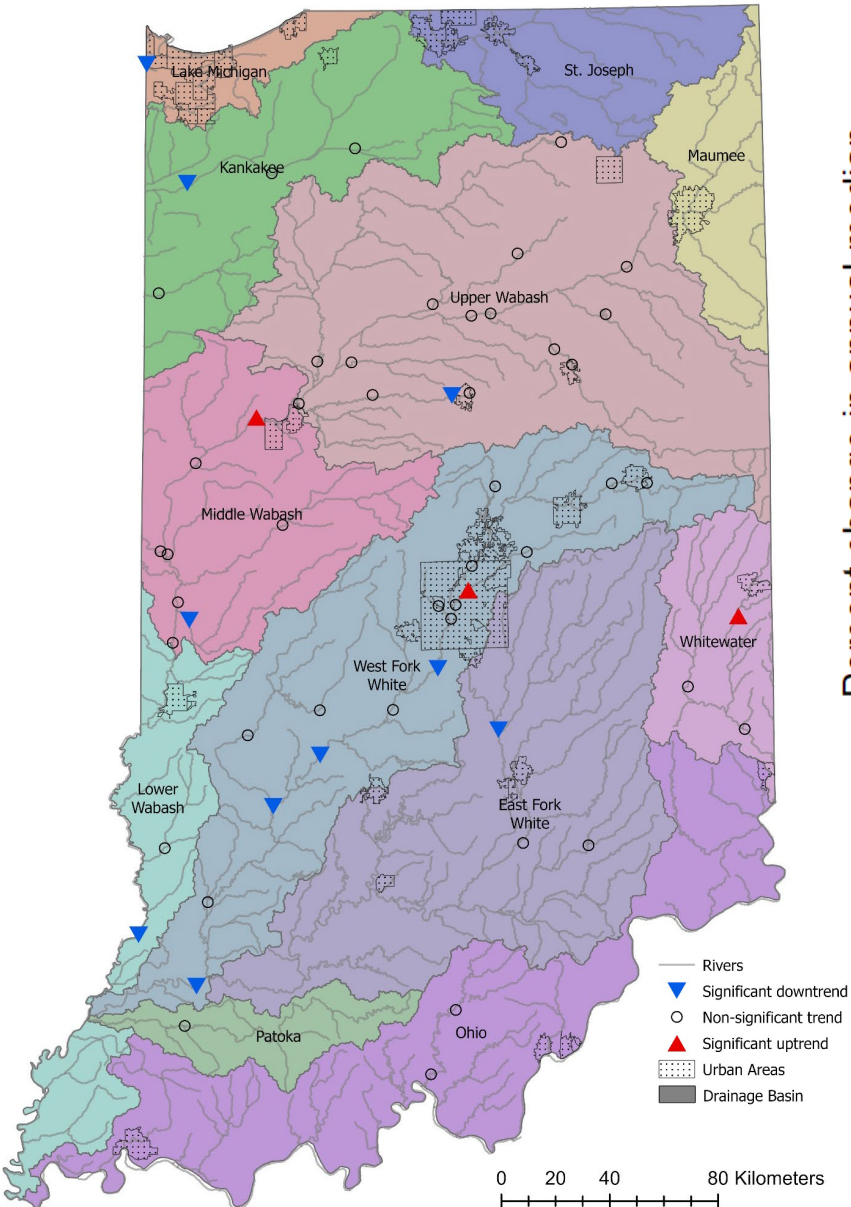
- 20 sites with significant declines in total lead
- 10 sites with significant increase in total lead across the state; all sites in the Kankakee River Basin

Iron



- 6 sites with significant increase in iron concentration (Northern)
- 7 sites with significant decline in iron concentration; 5 sites in the West Fork White River Basin

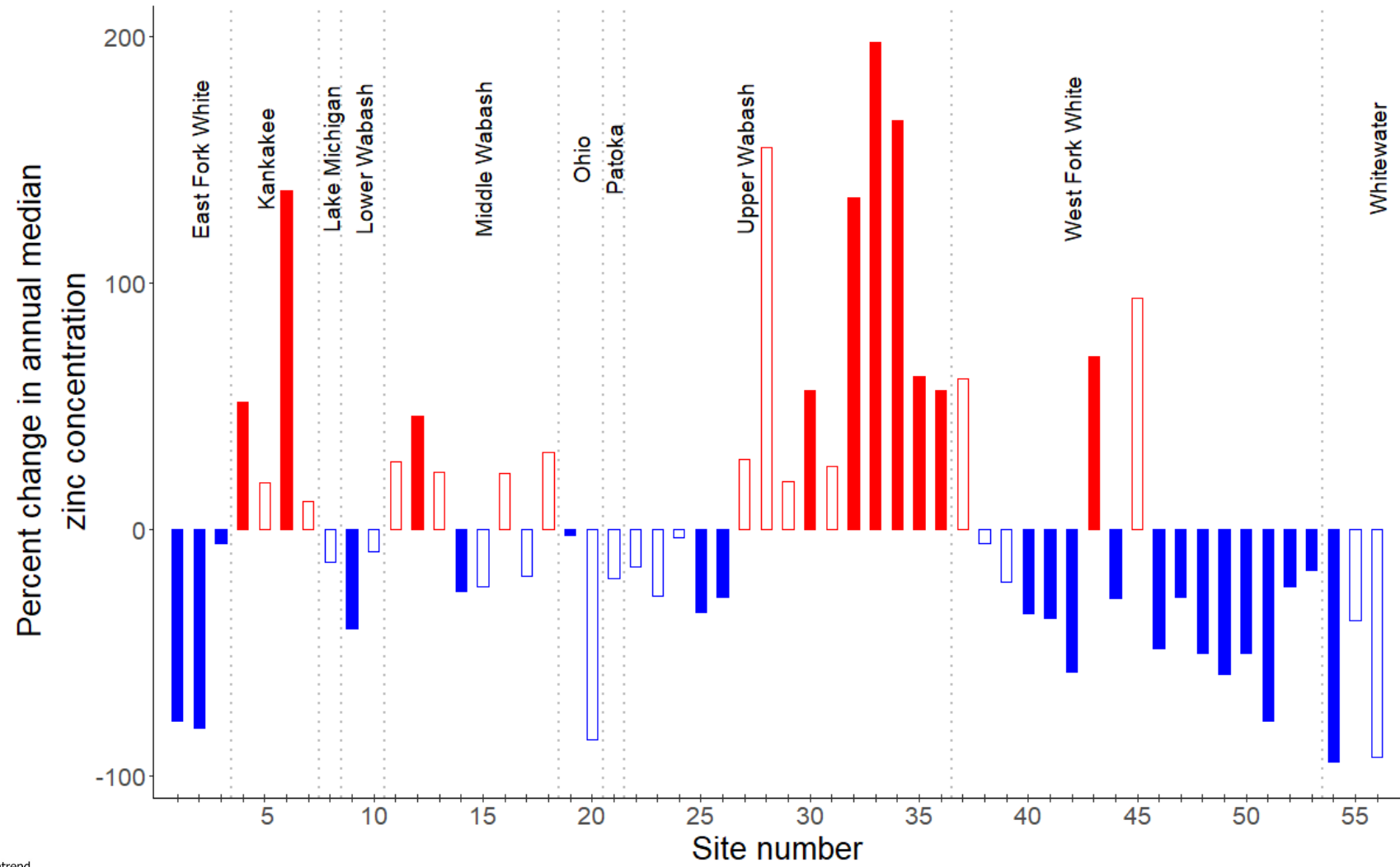
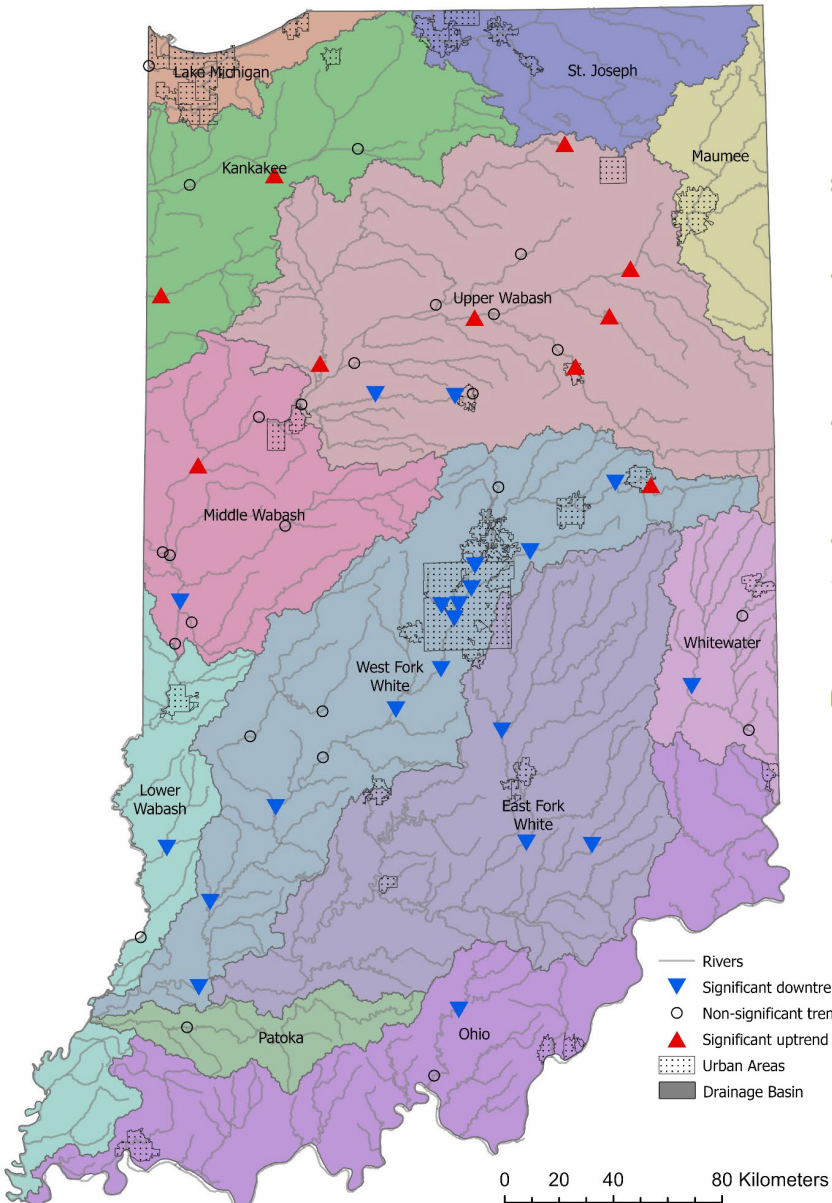
Copper



- 3 sites downstream of urban areas with significant increase in copper concentration
- 10 sites with significant declines across the state



Zinc

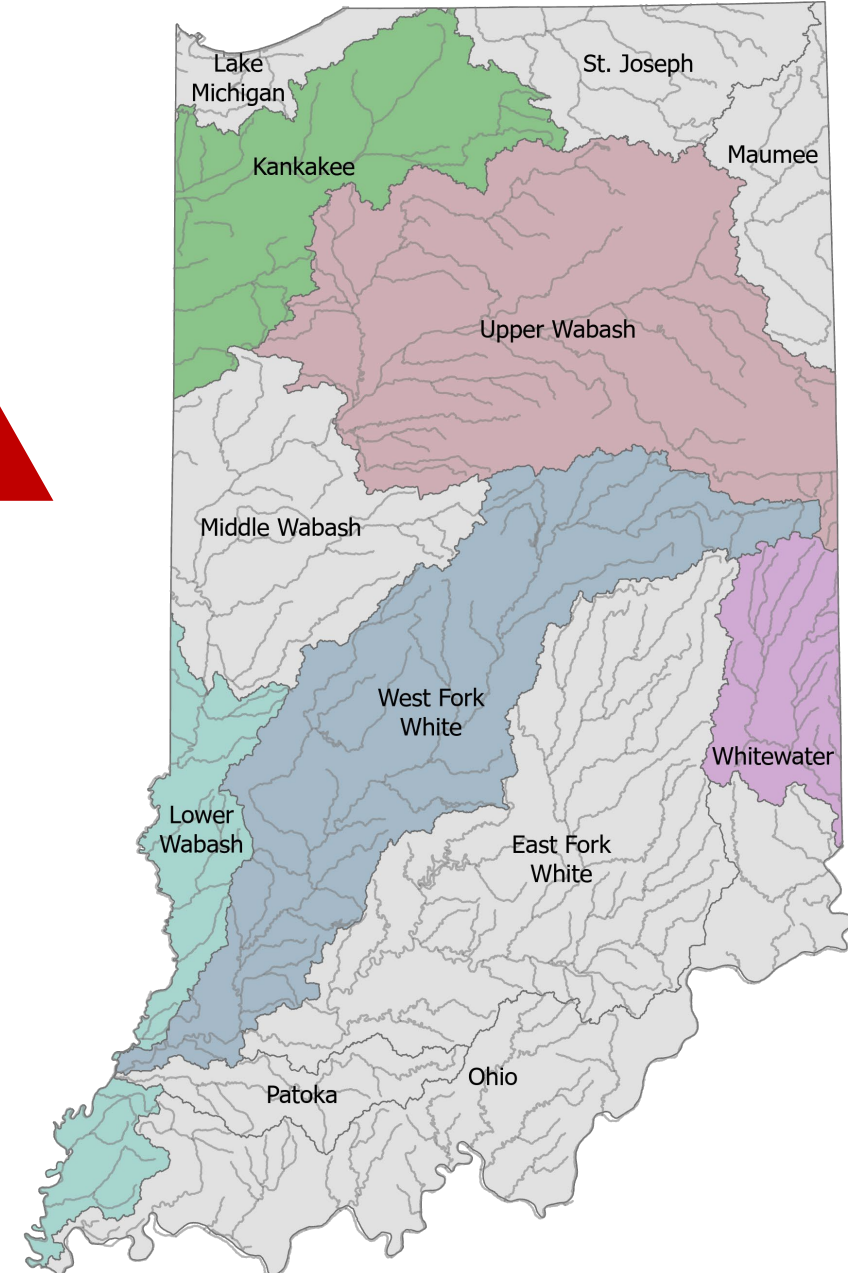


- 21 sites with significant declines in zinc concentration - Southern
- 10 sites with significant increase in zinc concentration - Northern



Summary – Regional results

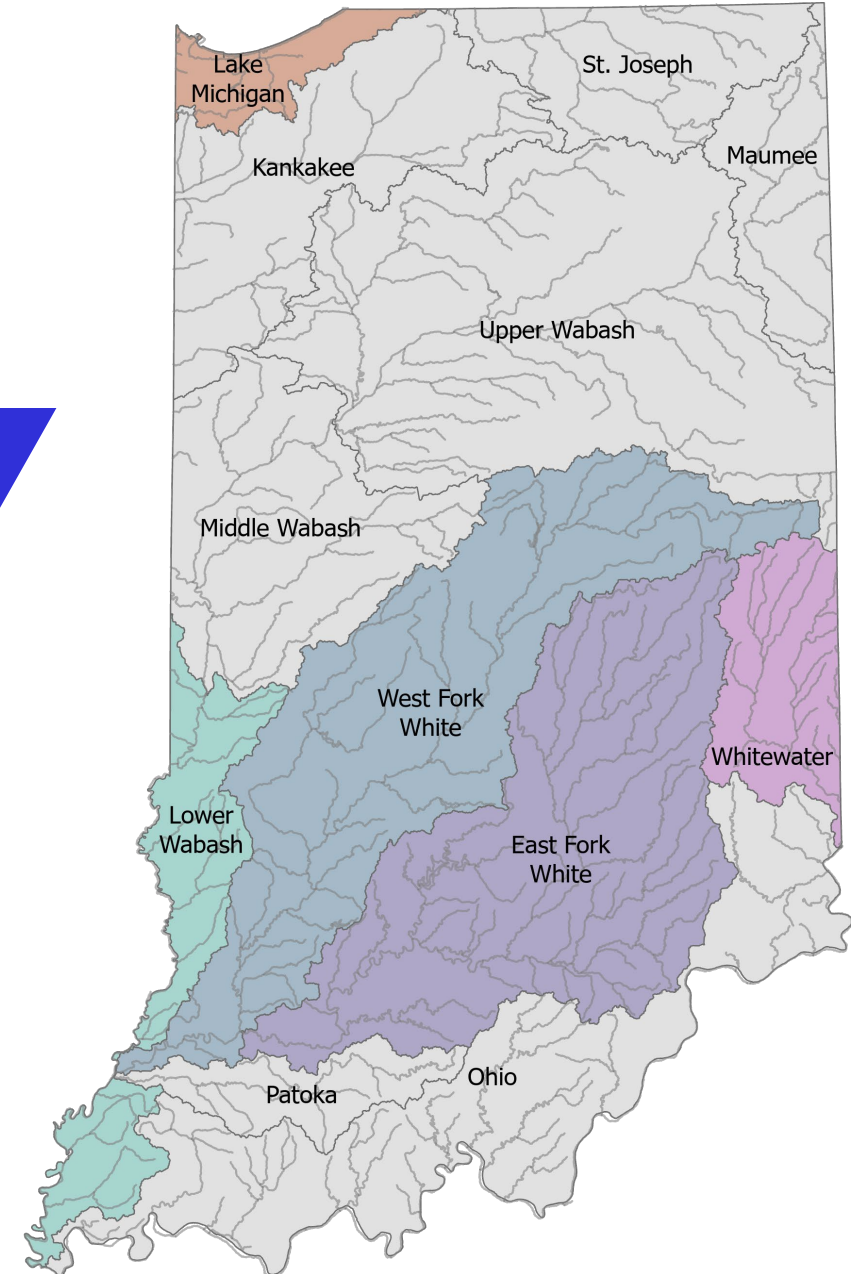
River Basin	Uptrends
Kankakee	29%
Upper Wabash	20%
Lower Wabash	17%
Whitewater	11%
West Fork White	10%





Summary – Regional results

River Basin	Downtrends
West Fork White	35%
East Fork White	26%
Lake Michigan	25%
Whitewater	19%
Lower Wabash	17%





Summary – Surface Water Criteria

Substance	Criteria	% samples exceeding
Nitrate*	10 mg/L	0.4%
Chloride	516 - 881 mg/L	0%
Sulfate*	500- 2,689 mg/L	0%
Lead	37 – 280 µg/L	0%
Copper	10 - 63 µg/L	0.05%
Zinc	76 – 379 µg/L	0%

* Criteria for the protection of human health



Summary – Great Lakes Water Criteria

One site on the Little Calumet River in Lake Michigan Drainage Basin

Substance	Criteria	% samples exceeding
Nitrate*	10 mg/L	1.74%
Chloride	250 mg/L	6%
Sulfate	250 mg/L	0%
Dissolved Solids	750 µg/L	23%

* Criteria for the protection of human health



Questions?

Take a closer look on our [ArcGIS Story Map](#)
and [Interactive Maps](#)

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